Weather
Severe cold weather today. The maximum temperature yesterday was 32.8 and the minimum 21.0, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 40.1 and 26.4.

The China Press
大陸報

A Live Newspaper Devoted to Progress in China

No. 2553 VOL IX. Registered at the Chinese P. O. for transmission "with special marks privileges in China" 日九初月一十年未已 SHANGHAI, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1919 大正四年 第三種郵便物認可 10 CENTS

CABINET IN PARIS TAKES UP PROBLEM OF FINANCES

Committee Of Chamber Discusses Credits For Coming Year

NEEDS OUTLINED

Huge Sum Is Asked By Finance Minister For First Quarter

LOAN IS PLANNED

Government Considering Methods To Issue Its Securities

(*Reuter's Service*)

Paris, December 27.—The Budget Committee of the Chamber yesterday discussed the additional credits for the 1919 financial year and the first quarterly vote on account of the 1920 Budget asked for by the Minister of Finance. The Committee decided that the 12,500,000,000 francs should be reduced by 778 millions.

MINISTER STATES NEEDS

Paris, December 21.—M. Klotz, Minister of Finance, has informed the Budget Committee of the Chamber of Deputies that he will require credits amounting to nearly 4,000,000,000 francs for the first quarter of 1920, of which the sum of 1,000,000,000 francs is to cover arrears of 1919. The Civil service budget has enormously increased, chiefly owing to the call for funds for the restoration of the devastated regions.

PLANS TAKEN UP

Paris, December 24.—The French Government is working out various financial schemes for meeting the huge budget of 52,000,000,000 francs. The strictest national economy will be necessary both to cover the huge consolidation loan which is about to be floated and to pay the new taxes. The loan will take up 170,000,000,000 francs of floating debt and the Government is at present considering ways and means and date of issue.

M. Clemenceau is said to contemplate a complete remodelling of the French system of taxation.

LOAN IS CONSIDERED

(*French Wireless Service*)

Paris, December 27.—The question of the forthcoming French loan will probably be settled at Monday's Cabinet Council, enabling M. Klotz, the Minister of Finance, to lay the bill on the table of the Chamber the same evening.

EGYPT QUIETER, LONDON IS TOLD

Press Organisations Warned Against Publication Of Inflamatory Matter

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, December 24.—Telegrams from Cairo report that the situation is improving and the demonstrations are ceasing. The Press Bureau has warned newspapers against the publication of matter prejudicial to public security.

(*French Wireless Service*)

London, December 26.—According to advices from Cairo the editors of all native Egyptian papers have been summoned to the Ministry of the Interior where they were informed that the censorship would be re-established to prevent the publication of inflammatory and seditious articles.

Canadian Rail Wreck Claims Lives Of 23

(*Reuter's Service*)

Montreal, December 20.—A collision has occurred between a train conveying steerage passengers from the liner Empress of France from St. Johns, N.B. and a freight train. 23 persons were killed and 50 injured.

The passengers from the Empress of France included returned Canadian soldiers and three hundred immigrants, mainly English and Scottish.

The collision appears to have been due to a misunderstanding of orders, the engine driver of the freight train apparently not realising that the passenger train was running in three sections.

Feng Kuo-chang, Once President Dies At Tientsin

General Feng Kuo-chang

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Peking, Dec. 27.—General Feng Kuo-chang, one time president of China, died tonight at Tientsin from pneumonia.

Baron Feng Kuo-chang, former president of China and one of the most widely known public men in the country, died at his home at Tientsin from pneumonia last night, according to word received in Shanghai.

General Feng, who was succeeded in October, 1918, as president by Mr. Hsu Shih-chang, was born in the province of Chihli more than 50 years ago. He was a student at the Tientsin military college and attained high honors in the Chinese army before reaching the presidential chair.

One of the principal military achievements of General Feng was in connection with the training of the new Chinese army along modern lines at the direction of President Yuan Shih-k'ai at Shaio Chan, after the Boxer uprising. He was considered one of the ablest aides of President Yuan.

RAPID ADVANCEMENT

In January, 1906, General Feng was appointed director of the Noble's College with the rank of deputy lieutenant-general. Six months later he was promoted to be director of the military council in the board of war. This was at the time of the complete dictation of Chinese affairs by Yuan Shih-kai.

In the first revolution General Feng won glory by his able command of the first Imperial Army. In several engagements he was victorious over the independent forces. For the recapture of Hangyang in 1911 he was created a baron of the second class by the Manchus and subsequently was called to Peking as commandant of the Imperial Guard in place of Prince Tsai Tao.

The general was promoted once more in December, 1911, when he was sent to Chahar as lieutenant-governor of the Special Administrative Area.

When the republic was established General Feng was recalled to Peking and made chief of the president's military council.

In 1912 the general was made military governor of the province of Chili, retaining his rank as commandant of the Imperial Guard.

SUPPRESSED REVOLUTION

In July, 1913, the general was given the appointment of commissioner of pacification in Central China and in that role participated in suppressing the second revolution.

Next in the order of his honors came the appointment of the general as military governor of Kiangsu province with headquarters at Nanking.

In 1914 General Feng was appointed a field marshal and later was chief of staff.

It was in December, 1915, that General Feng was created a duke of the first order by the late Presi-

(Continued on Page 8)

CHINESE BURNS JAPANESE GOODS IN CALIFORNIA

(*Reuter's Service*)

San Francisco, December 24.—Japanese silks, ebony furniture, and other goods valued at several thousand dollars were burned in one of the main streets of the Chinese quarter here by Quon Chung, a Chinese merchant, as a public protest against the Japanese occupation of Shantung and also as a first step towards extending the Chinese boycott of Japanese goods to the United States. Several thousand Chinese witnessed the bonfire and two students made speeches.

JAPAN OPPOSING FORM OF MANDATE GIVEN TO BRITAIN

Withholds Assent Concerning Methods Of Government Of Pacific Isles

WANTS FREE IMMIGRATION

Arguments Advanced By Tokio Delegate At Session Of Supreme Council

Paris, December 24.—The Supreme Council, presided over by Jules Cambon, today considered the suggestions prepared by the Commission which recently sat in London regarding the mandates for ex-German colonies.

The first two, concerning the East African territories to be ceded partly to Great Britain and partly to Belgium, were approved. These will be administered according to the type mandate B (Article 22 of the League of Nations Covenant).

The other projects, concerning the territories in the Pacific and Africa, to be administered according to the type mandate C with an administration similar to that of the mandatory nation, were approved by three delegations only, the Japanese reserving approbation.

With reference to the British mandate for the Pacific Islands, Mr. Matsui objected that if the Australian regime were applied to the islands, Japanese immigration would be barred as it was in Australia.

Japan's position would thus be worse than before the war, when by agreements with Germany she had full freedom of immigration into the various German possessions. Mr. Matsui added that such a state of things would be paradoxical after Japan's naval effort which especially at the outset of the war had assured the policing of the Pacific.

First Women To Act As Magistrates In Britain Designated

Seven Are Chosen To Have Voice In Making Future Appointments

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, December 23.—In view of the coming into force of the Sex Disqualification Removal Act, whereby women are eligible to act as magistrates, the Lord Chancellor has selected seven women having a wide acquaintance with the careers of their countrywomen to assist him in making appointments.

These seven, viz., the Marchionesses of Crewe and Londonderry, Mrs. Lloyd George, Mrs. Humphrey Ward, Mrs. Sidney Webb, Miss Elizabeth Haldane and Miss Gertrude Tucker will themselves become the first women magistrates.

As the magisterial bench is at present full, only a few others will be appointed in the near future chiefly for children's courts, but afterwards the claims of women will be considered equally with those of men.

Japanese Winning German Sea Trade

Business With Far East Said Gradually To Be Falling Into Hands Of Nipponese

(*Reuter's Service*)

Berlin, December 22.—The Far Eastern business of German shipping companies is gradually falling into the hands of the Japanese, according to the Morgenpost's Hamburg correspondent.

The steamers of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha have recently repeatedly arrived at Hamburg with cargoes from the Dutch Indies, and also other Japanese steamers with cargoes from United States and Manchurian ports, particularly with big cargoes of soya beans. A regular monthly service is to be established by the Japanese companies.

RIDDLE CHINA MUST SOLVE TAKING FORM IN SIBERIA

Future Relations With Russia Now Present Grave Problem

KOLCHAK FAILING

How Soviet Government Might See Fit To Act Is Question

JAPAN IS FACTOR

Complex Situation Dealt With By Well-known Peking Writer

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Peking, December 28.—Mr. Putnam Weale writing in the Peking Leader on the relations of revolutionary Russia to China, says:

It seems clear that Admiral Kolchak has not only failed but within a few weeks either the Soviet Government or a mixture of it and the milder social-revolutionary party will rule to Lake Baikal.

From the Chinese point of view the situation is complex. China has to quarrel with Russians, no matter what party they represent, for China is in a different category from the other Powers. Bolshevism as a theory cannot declare war on a non-capitalistic country. Nevertheless China has international commitments and in practice must take sides. Naturally, siding with the Allies today, she stands committed to their policy of watchful waiting. But her agreements with the Tsarist Government have not been definitely cancelled, and Japan is leaving no stone unturned to inherit those agreements and arrangements as residuary legatee. Owing to these matters, China is infinitely more embarrassed than the rest of the Allies.

By virtue of extraterritoriality, China has a difficult Russian question within her borders which will be harder to handle if the Soviets win through. The Russian diplomatic and consular establishment which has survived two years of Leninism and which nominally controls Russians in China is merely based on a polite fiction.

SITUATION CHANGING

It was possible to tolerate this fiction so long as Allied policy in Europe squared with it. When that policy is reversed the different situation must be met. For since the diplomatic and consular establishment as well as the establishment in Japan has been supported by Chinese funds paid by the Russo-Asiatic Bank out of the Boxer Indemnity account, it is quite likely that the Russian revolutionary Government as it penetrates farther eastward will consider this something more than a neutral service and perhaps a *casus belli* and a reason to strike at the regions of Turkestan. For the reason why the Bolshevists are preparing to invade India and the Near East is because of the part British money, munitions and propaganda have played in the Russian civil war and because failing a relaxation of the Baltic blockade British policy remains an enemy to be met by bitter war.

The major problem, however, is how China shall regulate her relations with Russian interests in Manchuria, where an active and insidious Japanese intrigue is progressing, as also throughout the provinces generally, at a time when the Republican Government is committed to the enterprise of regaining judicial and fiscal autonomy and is about to write several new treaties without the extraterritorial clause.

The article contends that from the time the Kerensky Government disappeared "a practice should have been settled for the maintenance of Russo-Chinese relations through the doyen of the diplomatic corps which would have enabled semi-official dealing without an unwarranted assumption such as was implied by the Russian protest regarding the cancellation of the autonomy of Outer Mongolia."

JAPAN PLAYING GAME

Mr. Putnam Weale continues: "If there were not today the spectacle of Japan playing the last desperate trick in the peculiar game of beggar-my-neighbor she has evolved as her contribution to the world war, it would not be hard to reach a fundamental solution in Manchuria and China generally. But admitting this complication, and remembering that Japan still accepts as doyen of the diplomatic

(Continued on Page 8)

First Photograph Of The German Fortifications On Heligoland

Fortress of Helgoland being dismantled

This photograph is one of the first ever published showing the German fortfications on the Island of Heligoland. The picture shows some of the barrack buildings and the compact mass of barbed wire stretched through the streets to prevent an Allied landing. In accordance with the terms of the armistice the fortifictions are being dismantled. This photo was made when the destruction of the forts began, for previous to that time Germany prohibited any but official photographs to be made on the island.

BOGUS SLEUTHS CAPTURE OPIUM WORTH $20,000

Raiders Seize Hoard From Cache Under Floor Of Suspected House

FOREIGNER LEADS BAND

Six Chinese In Crew Posing As Detectives Searching For Forbidden Drug

Posing as detectives, a band of Chinese, led by a foreigner, raided a house at 259 Tientsin Road Sunday night and, after tearing up the floor, uncovered a cache containing opium valued at $20,000, confiscated it and made their escape. The police went on the trail of the imposters yesterday but at a late hour no arrest had been made.

There were seven men in the gang, it is understood, six Shanghai Chinese and one foreigner.

Previous knowledge of the possession of the opium is believed to have been held by the band. The men went to the house and demanded entrance. Upon their statement that they represented the police the proprietors of the establishment threw open the doors to the callers and a search followed.

The opium was hidden under the floor but its exact location was apparently unknown to the raiders. They disrupted the household and were ruthless in their search. Failure to find the forbidden drug elsewhere finally led them to tear up the floor boards and the cache was revealed. When they left the robbers had thoroughly wrecked the house.

Discovering that the raiders were not connected with the police the owners of the establishment made a complaint to the authorities.

Detectives were assigned to the case and an investigation is now under way. It is rumored that the identity of the malefactors is known to the authorities but their whereabouts still remains a mystery.

Australian Election Returns Published

(*Reuter's Service*)

Melbourne, December 21.—The returns to hand of the elections to the Commonwealth Parliament are as follows:

House of Representatives: Ministerialists 34; Labor 30; Farmers 11.

Senate: Ministerialists 28; Labor 7.

Voting with regard to the referenda on the question of giving the Commonwealth increased Legislative powers and on the nationalisation of monopolies, resulted in the negative in both cases.

Woman And Two Boys Lose Lives When Eight Blazes Start In Shanghai Houses

Fire Department Prevents Spread Of Dangerous Flames When They Break Out In Thickly Settled Parts Of Settlement

Three lives were lost and property damage amounting to many thousands of dollars were the results yesterday of eight fires that broke out in thickly populated sections of Shanghai.

A Chinese woman and two boys died in a fire at V 164, off North Kiangse Road, early in the day, when the building was ignited by the upset of a kerosene lamp by a servant. The amah dropped the lighted lamp on a bed and the flaming oil set fire to the only staircase leading into the establishment. A man in the house was saved from a fate similar to that of the woman and children by the prompt action of the fire department, members of which rescued him when his death seemed inevitable.

Another of the serious conflagrations occured late at night on Yangtszepoo Road, opposite the San-sing Cotton Mills. Five residences, in the heart of a group of more than 100 dwellings, were burned and the lives of scores of persons were imperiled. The Hongkew and a section of the Central fire brigades responded to the call and by hard work prevented the flames from spreading throughout the neighborhood.

COLD WEATHER BLAMED

The many fires in the day were believed to have been a result of the unusually cold weather. Many stoves that had not been in use for months were lighted and imperfect connections, faulty flues and similar conditions resulted in fires.

The dwelling house at V163 was well alight when the Hongkew Division of the fire department arrived and the flames had already got a strong hold on the first floors and the roofs of the two adjoining houses. The only staircases to both 163 and 164 were burned and the front windows were inaccessable owing to the courtyard being covered with glass. A ladder was raised at the back of 164 and a man was brought down.

The bodies of the three dead were found in the front room of 164, the door of which had to be broken open. The only means of egress from this floor was through the adjoining premises.

GODOWNS ARE IMPERILED

While sections of the fire brigade were fighting fires at the Kung Yih Cotton Mill and had just succeeded in subduing the flames at the Kiangsu Chemical Works on Ferry Road, another call came in from 8 Hankow Road. Situated in the center of a thickly settled district, a two-story godown occupied by the China Straw Braid Export Company, a concern controlled by Japanese and owned by the Japan Cotton Trading Company, was in flames. Other buildings in the vicinity were threatened and it was only because of the prompt response and efficient work of the Central District fire department that spread of the blaze to other business houses was prevented.

Windows at a godown adjoining were broken by the heat but the firemen's excellent work resulted in checking what might have been a much more serious conflagration.

In addition to these big conflagrations, the brigade answered other six calls yesterday. A spark from a stove at the Grace China Company set some wood panelling around the fireplace smouldering. This was loosened and the outbreak was extinguished with a handpump.

The residence of Mr. O'Brien at 9 Ward Road caught fire when an ember from the fireplace set a blaze on the floor. The police had ripped up several boards and extinguished the fire when the brigade arrived.

FIRE AT CHEMICAL PLANT

Little damage was done to the Kiangsu Chemical Works, 23 Ferry Road, by fire which originated by a spark from a charcoal stove to the matting round two acid pumps. The outbreak had been practically extinguished by the staff of the works before the brigade arrived at the scene. Lines of hoses were laid however as a precautionary measure.

Incendiary was supposed to be the cause of a small fire at a Chinese waste cotton godown at EA 420, off Wuchow Road, yesterday. The Hongkew Division responded but the outbreak was successfully put out by neighbors. A hand pump quickly put all danger to an end.

A large quantity of cotton in two bins in the mixing rooms of the Kung Yik Cotton Mill, 1 Jessfield Road, was damaged yesterday when fire broke out at the bin. The mill's staff under the direction of Manager W. Smith played several jets on the fire and the Sinza Division laid another line from a hydrant on Jessfield Road. The burning cotton was removed after great deal of difficulty and the main building was kept away from danger.

America And France Both Offer Protests

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Peking, December 28.—The American Legation has protested to the Waichiaopu against the recent Vickers Aeroplane contract on the ground that it provides for a monopoly of supplying similar aeroplanes for ten years which is contrary to the principle of equal opportunity.

Peking, December 28.—The North China Standard understands that the French Legation has protested against the American loan on the ground that it infringes the rights of the Banque Industrielle de Chine secured on the Wine and Tobacco revenues under the 50,000,000 francs loan contracted under the Yuan Shih-k'ai regime.

British Survivors Of Steamer Manxman Arrive In New York

(*Reuter's Service*)

New York, December 21.—Nineteen survivors of the crew of 59 of the British steamer Manxman, which foundered in mid-Atlantic, have arrived on board the steamer British Isles.

A great storm was raging when the British Isles sighted the Manxman, and she had to lay to for 24 hours, being unable to launch a boat in the heavy seas. Finally a raft life-boat reached the ship and took 19 men on board. The boat was returning for the captain and others when the Manxman turned turtle and disappeared.

ALLIES WILL DECIDE HOW TREATY IS TO BE ENFORCED

Conference With Teuton Delegates To Open Soon In Paris

MAY ALTER PLAN

Report Meeting Will Be Held In London Has Not Been Confirmed

NOTE TO BERLIN

Germans Told Protocol Must Be Signed In Present Form

(*French Wireless Service*)

Paris, December 27.—The conferences between the Allied and German delegates on the preparatory administrative measures to be taken for the enforcement of the Peace Treaty will open at the beginning of the coming week. General Lerond will be the head of the Allied Delegation, and Herr ven Simson of the German Delegation.

As the British and Italian representatives are due in Paris on Monday, it is possible that the first meeting may be held either the same evening or on Tuesday morning.

MAY BE SECOND MEETING

Paris, December 27.—The Petit Parisien states that a "Second Peace Conference" will in all likelihood meet in Paris early in January, in order to clear up the questions left in suspense by the first Conference.

These include: (1) the Peace with Hungary, which is to all intents and purposes ready and only needs the signatures of the parties; (2) the Peace with Turkey, which is still only in the preliminary stage, and (3) the Adriatic question.

The journal says that first of all the Prime Ministers of the Allied countries will attend, their place being taken later by the respective Ministers for Foreign Affairs. M. Venizelos has already arrived and Signor Nitti is expected during the first fortnight of January, while Mr. Lloyd George has announced his intention of returning M. Clemenceau's visit to London at about the same time.

ITALIANS TO ATTEND

Rome, December 27.—It is understood that Signor Nitti's departure to attend the Peace Conference is now fixed for January 3 or 4. Signor Scialoja will leave a few days earlier.

MAY MEET IN LONDON

Paris, December 28.—The Information learns that Mr. Lloyd George, finding himself detained in London by the Irish crisis, has requested that the forthcoming Peace Conference shall be held in London instead of Paris, and that it has been decided to conform with the British Prime Minister's wish.

The Temps however this evening states that in French official circles nothing is known of any such development.

Lloyd George To Head British Representatives

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, December 24.—It is understood that the British representatives who are going to the Peace Conference in Paris in January are Mr. Lloyd George, Mr. Balfour, Lord Curzon, Mr. Philip Kerr and Mr. J. T. Davies, the last two to act as secretaries to Mr. Lloyd George.

London, Dec. 26.—The National News states that it has been decided that the German warships scuttled at Scapa Flow shall be blown up early next year in the presence of the Allied Naval Commission.

NOTE TO GERMANY

Paris, Dec. 26.—The Allies have replied to the German note. They insist upon signature of the Protocol in its present form, while reaffirming their readiness to reduce the amount of floating material to form the Scapa Flow indemnity, if it be shown that Germany's vital economic interests justify such a reduction.

Nevertheless the reply points out the Allies have learned that floating docks, cranes and tugs have been recently sold and it gives notice that in view of the economic position of Germany as stated by the German Delegates, the Allies do not recognise such sales.

The note rejects the German proposal to substitute for the five small cruisers mentioned in the Protocol, five others under con-

struction. Finally it states that directly the Protocol is signed all the German officers and men interned as a result of the Scapa Flow affair, will be liberated, except those charged with war crimes.

The conferences between the Allied and German delegates with a view to the adoption of preparatory administrative measures for enforcing the treaty of Versailles will commence at the beginning of next week. General Lerond will preside over the Allied delegation, and Herr von Simson over the German Delegation. The British and Italian delegates are expected to arrive in Paris on Monday.

COUNCIL IN SESSION

(*Reuter's Wireless Service*)

Paris, December 27.—The Supreme Council met today, M. Clemenceau presiding. The Council had before it the results of the first interview between the Allied and German military experts regarding the transport of Allied troops to Germany for the enforcement of the Treaty of Versailles. The German offers of rolling stock for this purpose were considered inadequate.

The Council also discussed the reply to be given to Switzerland's request for admission to the League of Nations.

Silver Mining Boom Opens In Bolivia

Properties Closed Through War Again Being Worked, Consul Reports

(*Reuter's Service*)

San Francisco, Cal., November 26 (by mail).—A great revival in the silver mining industry is in progress in Bolivia, according to Senor Alberto Palacioa, the Bolivian Consul here.

During the war silver mining was replaced by tin and tungsten, thousands of tons of which were sold by Bolivians to the Allies. The low price of silver during this period caused many of the silver mines to be abandoned, but with the return of a demand for silver bullion and consequent high prices, the silver industry is taking on something of its ancient aspect as the leading industrial activity of the South American republic.

Figures show the export of the precious metal from Bolivia is now about 30,000,000 pounds a year valued at $2,200,000. The famous Potssi mine, which has been in continuous operation for almost 400 years and has given up silver valued at billions of dollars, now is being worked at fullest capacity.

Peanuts From China Going To America

(*Reuter's Service*)

Marshall, Tex., November 30 (by mail).—Peanuts are being imported from China by a Marshall oil mill owing to the inadequacy of the Texas crop to supply the demand for peanut oils. Several consignments already have been received from Shanghai, the nuts having been grown in Shantung.

The foreign peanut is no better than the native produce, according to local oil men, but they come already shelled and therefore are more easy and less expensive to handle. The Chinese nuts are about the size of the ordinary Spanish variety.

Big Cotton Orders Placed In Britain

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, December 24.—The Manchester exchange reported record orders for cotton yesterday to the value of £20,000,000, from India and the Far East.

Breadstuffs Exports From U.S. Increase

(*American Press Wireless*)

Washington, December 24.—The Department of Commerce in its November report showed large increases in the exports of breadstuffs over November of last year. The report shows that export of dairy products for November were valued at $71,725,927 compared with $56,271,644 in November of last year.

Silk Prices Soar On Market In U.S.

Advances Made In New York In Recent Weeks Nothing Short Of Spectacular

(*Reuter's Service*)

New York, Nov. 21, (by mail).—Each week seems to bring some surprise in raw silk prices, the advance of the past few days being nothing short of spectacular. Some grades of Shanghai silk went up more than $1.75 a pound in consequence of buying reported for Japanese and United States factors.

Bids made for Italian silks brought forward a report that it was useless for American buyers to hope for much from that market in the near future. The advances at Yokohama were quickly reflected here and additional buying on higher levels was reported.

A recent report stated that warehouses in this country are carrying $75,000,000 worth of raw silk, yet that is not considered large because of the extremely high values prevailing.

U.S. Shipping Board Acquires New Boats

Thirty-Three Are Delivered In Course Of First 24 Days In December

(*American Press Wireless*)

Washington, December 24.—Thirty-three vessels totaling 216,750 deadweight tons were delivered to the Shipping Board during the first twenty-four days of December. The launchings during that period numbered 24 with an aggregate of 156,158 deadweight tons.

San Francisco, Cal., December 24.—John M. Rosseter, who recently resigned his position as Director of Operations of the United States Shipping Board, returned here today to assume his duties as Vice-President of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company. He expressed the hope that the Shipping Board will adopt his recommendation that two of the nineteen thousand-ton passenger vessels under construction on the Atlantic Coast be assigned to Pacific Coast ports for Far East trade.

Wheat Production Registers Decrease

(*American Press Wireless*)

Washington, December 24.—Figures on fifteen countries furnished by the International Institute of Agriculture at Rome indicate the wheat production of 1919 at 92.8 percent of 1918 crop and 96.5 percent of the average for the past five years.

Agriculture Board In Britain Report

Urged Minimum Grain Prices Should Be Guaranteed By Government

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, December 20.—The Interim Reports of the Royal Commission on Agriculture have been published. The Majority Report is signed by twelve members, and the Minority Report by eleven.

The Majority Report recommends that minimum prices of wheat, barley and oats grown in Great Britain should be guaranteed by the State, the producer having an unrestricted market, but the State retaining control of prices in the event of national emergency.

The Minority Report disagrees with a continuance of the policy of guaranteed prices of cereals.

Civilions Fleeing From Odessa Reds

(*Reuter's Service*)

Constantinople, December 27.—Owing to the rapid advance of the Bolsheviks the civilian population are beginning to evacuate Odessa.

Arrangements Made For Allied Missions

(*French Wireless Service*)

Bale, December 27.—A Flensburg telegram reports that three Allied officers, two British and one French, have arrived to arrange for quarters for the Allied Missions in Slesvig-Holstein.

NEW YORK REPORTS STEEL PRICES FIRM

Demand Is Heavy But Mills Are Reluctant To Accept Commitments

(*Reuter's Service*)

New York, Nov. 22, (by mail).—Demand for steel is heavy and there is considerable inquiry for the first half of 1920, but mills are reluctant to commit themselves, though the labor situation continues to improve. Prices have not changed but the market is firmer, in keeping with higher costs of basic materials. Export business is in abeyance pending credit adjustments.

Iron production is not increasing in proportion to consumption and prices have advanced $1 and $2 for nearly all standard grades. Furnaces try to satisfy customers by parcelling out limited supplies. Eastern Pennsylvania is so far sold that Northern consumers are taking Southern iron and paying freight premiums. Coke is easier at the moment but the coal situation looks serious.

Copper is dull and easy. Producers have been offering freely and the price has declined from 20½ cents during the week. No business has been done in a large way.

The output of lead is increasing, but there is no accumulation and the market is strong.

Zinc is easy for first quarter, East St. Louis delivery. Demand is quiet, but consumers are expected to enter the market soon. Low rates of foreign exchange have brought export trade to a standstill.

Tin has not advanced with London and the Straits because of heavy deliveries following the conclusion of the harbor strike. Nearly all this tin has been sold to consumers.

Antimony is strong and in good demand.

MUTINY REPORTED ON U.S. TRANSPORT

(*Reuter's Service*)

New York, December 22.—General Shanks, commander at the port of embarkation, denies the reports of a mutiny on board the transport America on her recent voyage from Brest to New York. He states that no shots were fired and none was wounded. He admits that trouble had occurred at Brest.

New York, December 21.—Eleven members of the civilian crew of the transport America from Brest were arrested and charged with mutiny on the high seas, and six men were put in hospital with gun-shot wounds.

It is stated that gambling, stealing and fighting were rampant throughout the trip. The members of the American Peace Delegation returned on board the America.

Tokio Intimates More Troops May Go Into Siberia

(*Reuter's Service*)

Washington, December 24.—The Japanese Ambassador conferred with Mr. Lansing, the Secretary of State, yesterday regarding the increasing seriousness of the Bolshevik attack against the Japanese in Siberia, which, he declared, would necessitate a reinforcement of the Japanese troops or their withdrawal. The discussions were most friendly.

Chinese Minister Is Back In London

(*Reuter's Service*)

Nice, December 25.—The Chinese Minister to the Court of St. James has returned to London.

LAURIE'S
SCHOOL
of
DANCING
FOR CHILDREN

STUDIO
CARLTON CAFE
12 a.m. to 7 p.m.

America To Continue Deportation Of Reds

Formal Statement Is Sent To Foreign Capitals By U.S. State Department

(*Reuter's Service*)

New York, December 22.—A further deportation of Reds to Soviet Russia will probably be made shortly. Officials say they have 60,000 names listed, but the steamer Burford (which left New York on December 21 with 249 extremists), carries the brains of the movement.

One hundred and fifty Radicals demonstrated outside Ellis Island ferry today, demanding to see the agitators confined on the Island. They dispersed when the police arrived, singing the International.

Washington, December 27.—The transport Burford which sailed from New York on December 21 with 249 Radical deportees on board for an unnamed Russian port has wirelessed the Navy Department that all is well on board and that the Reds are contented with their berths and meals. The deportees on board include the well-known anarchists Alexander Berkman and Emma Goldman. The newspapers in America have dubbed the Burford the Soviet Ark.

Statement Is Issued By U.S. State Department

(*American Press Wireless*)

Washington, December 24.—The State Department has sent the following message to various foreign capitals:

"There is being deported from the United States to Russia about two hundred and fifty citizens of Soviet Russia who are undesirables here.

These persons, while enjoying the hospitality of this country, conducted themselves in the most obnoxious manner and while enjoying the benefits and living under this government have plotted its overthrow. They oppose law and order. They hold theories which are antagonistic to the orderly processes of civilisation. They have indulged in practices which aim to destroy the rights which the constitution of the United States gives to its citizens. They are in opposition to justice. They plan to apply their destructive theories by violence in derogation of law. They are anarchists. They are being sent whence they came.

"The deportation is in accordance with law. Precautions are being taken to request for their safe conduct and humane treatment at the hands of the authorities under whose jurisdiction they will pass to Russia."

U. S. MAIL IN

Twenty-five thousand letters for the American Post Office arrived on the Katori Maru Sunday night. Outgoing American mail was kept open until six o'clock last evening, owing to delay of the steamer Empress of Russia in sailing.

BRITISH OFFICERS KILLED IN EGYPT

Two Majors And 22 Men Lost In Engagement With Natives In Sudan

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, December 27.—The Cairo correspondent of the Times telegraphs, in view of the restlessness displayed by various tribes in the Sudan which had attacked the British posts near Tombe killing 12 men, Major White commanding the Equatorial battalion reconnoitered from Tombe.

He was attacked on November 15 by a large force of tribesmen which he repelled after severe hand-to-hand fighting. The enemy's losses were heavy. Our losses were seven killed and 9 wounded.

Major White was joined by Major Stigand, Governor of Mongalla province, with half a company and proceeded to clear up the country. The details are not known, but on December 13 a mutilated telegram was received reporting that a thousand of the enemy on December 8 attacked the advance guard of the column.

Fierce hand-to-hand fighting ensued and Majors White and Stigand, 22 rank and file and four carriers were killed. The enemy was driven off and the column returned to Tombe with wounded and baggage.

Coolie And $5,000 Disappear At Once

Half Of Money Is Found And Culprit Is Freed After Jail Term

Five thousand dollars disappeared from the Wai Tah bank a few months ago.

Waung San-ling, a coolie, disappeared simultaneously.

This all happened eight months ago. At which time Waung was arrested by the Chinese authorities and was held at the Arsenal. He had $2,560 with him.

British Assessor Grant Jones and Magistrate Kwan decided that the coolie had paid for his slip from the path of rectitude and, in the Mixed Court yesterday, applied the holiday spirit to the case by turning Waung loose.

Bootleg Drinkers Go Blind And Die

(*Reuter's Service*)

New York, December 27.—The latest figures show that at least 187 persons have died and 149 have become blind and are in danger of dying as the result of drinking wood alcohol since the introduction of prohibition in the United States.

French Concession Municipal Election Comes Next Month

The Municipal election in the French Concession will take place on Thursday, January 15, according to a French Consular announcement published this morning.

Five councillors will be elected as Messrs. L. Lion and E. Binder have resigned and the terms of three other members, Messrs. X. Dard, J. W. Gallagher and L. Camera, expire next month.

The polls will be open form ten o'clock in the morning until four in the afternoon.

Railways To Go Back To Owners

(*Reuter's Service*)

Washington, December 26.—President Wilson has announced that the railroads will be returned to private ownership on January 8.

Denied That Holland Will Shield Ex-Kaiser

(*Reuter's Service*)

The Hague, December 23.—It is semi-officially denied that the Netherlands Government has announced that it will not consent to surrender the ex-Kaiser.

1920 Meeting Of Sunday Schools To Be Held In Tokio

(*Reuter's Service*)

New York, November 17 (by mail).—Protests from Korea [illegible] China against holding next year convention of the World's Sunday School Association in Tokio will be ignored, the executive committee announced today. The committee said there would be no change in plans, because the invitation did not come from the Japanese government but from the "Christian people of Japan, all of whom deplore the terrible conditions existing in Korea and Shantung."

Be a home-owner—give to your family the chance of better citizenship that home-owning gives.

Buy a lot and build a home. Why continue to pay money to your landlord year after year? HE benefits, not YOU!

Build a home and make your wife happy. A woman's chief pride is in her home—her OWN home.

Call and consult us

CHINA REALTY CO., LTD.
ARCHITECTS, REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE
Corner of Nanking and Kiangse Roads

PAY BY CHECK

Paying by check is a simple, easy method of keeping track of every expenditure made from day to day.

The cancelled checks as returned to you each month by this bank are RECEIPTS, the stubs in your checkbook an accurate ACCOUNT of every dollar spent.

Even months from now you can go back to your checkbook and know at a glance to whom and for what you've paid out money.

If you pay cash there's always a chance of losing the money—in which case it's a dead loss. If you lose a check it's worthless to the finder—or to make doubly sure you can easily order payment on it stopped.

Adopt the pay-by-check system in meeting personal and household bills. Saves time, trouble, worry and money for you.

The American-Oriental Banking Corporation
15, NANKING ROAD, SHANGHAI

OVER 3,200 ACCOUNTS

WE HELP YOU

to welcome the New Year in the right holiday spirit. Look at what we have gathered from many parts of the world to help you meet 1920 right merrily

CHAMPAGNES
Moet and Chandon 1906 Vintage
Heidsieck Monopole
Duc de Monaco
Strauss Freres
French Sparkling Burgundy

WINES
French White and Red Table Wines
French Liqueurs
Italian and French Vermouth
Spanish and Portuguese Ports and Sherries

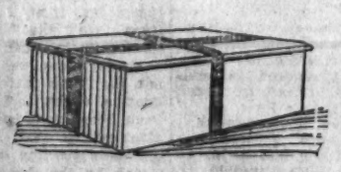
CIGARS
Havana: Most of the well known brands in stock
Dutch: Joris, Dominadora

5% discount on Cigars purchased before January 1st

SWEET CALIFORNIA WINES: Big choice at extremely low prices. Come in and taste these wines!

HAVE YOU TRIED our Russian Cherry Brandy? A mild, deliciously flavored after-dinner cordial. Taste it before you buy!

I. SHAININ & CO.
100 Szechuen Road—Corner Jinkee Road—Telephone: Central 1483.
Spanish Nougat just in



Held in High Esteem
Made by skilled American Candy Makers
SULLIVAN'S CHOCOLATES
11 Nanking Road SULLIVAN'S 11 Nanking Road

GAY CELEBRATION HERE ON NEW YEAR

Eve Of Calendar Change To Be Marked Here With Many Festivities

Tomorrow in Shanghai promises to be the gayest New Year's eve festival celebrated here since the world put on mourning in 1914. At the French Club, the Carlton, the Astor House, the Cafe Parisien and the numerous other public places gay throngs will assemble to unite in welcoming the New Year and throughout the community homes of the residents of the Settlement will be scenes of gaiety.

"See the Old One out and Jazz the New One in," is the spirit with which all Shanghai will approach the change of calendar.

The annual fancy dress ball in two colors will be the feature at the French Club. No masks will be allowed. Colors selected for the occasion are cherry and turquoise blue. Gentlemen and ladies in ordinary evening dress with nothing more than decorations of the chosen colors will not be admitted. The number of guests has been limited to 400.

A "dinner de luxe," from 7:30 o'clock until 10 o'clock and then a carnival and supper are the features announced by the Astor House. A special consignment of noise-makers, serpentines, fancy hats and similar favors has been received by the management. It has also been announced that fancy dress will be permitted.

British Expedition Making Plans For Antarctic Venture

Intention To Fly Over Great Ice Barrier; Will Erect Wireless Stations

(Reuter's Service)

London, December 22.—The Lord Mayor presided at a meeting at the Mansion House today when an executive committee was appointed to obtain funds for the proposed Antarctic Expedition.

It is intended to fly over the great ice barrier, the peaks of which are twelve thousand feet high, to the South pole.

It is anticipated that the expedition will maintain communication with civilisation by powerful wireless. The object is to develop the Antarctic regions commercially. The expedition will proceed from Wellington, New Zealand, reaching Macquarie Island in November, 1920, where a geological survey will be made.

The Terra Nova will then go to Scott Island and establish there a wireless and meteorological station, and thence to Ross Sea probably making headquarters at New Harbor. The vessel will then go to Cape Crozier where a party will be landed, and another party will set out on the barrier going as far south as possible, to establish a winter observation camp, returning to Cape Crozier the following summer.

The Terra Nova will return to Wellington where she will coal and provision for a four years' commission on a circumnavigatory trip of the Antarctic continent.

Three Survive Wreck Of U.S. Tank Boat

(Reuter's Service)

Marshfield, Oregon, December 30.—The Captain and two of the crew of the American tank steamer J. A. Chanslor have arrived here. It is believed that they are the only survivors of the crew of forty. The vessel broke in two on a reef off Cape Blanco. The only boat which could be launched capsized in the surf.

Fighting Continues On Indian Border

London Receives Reports Of Recent Engagements With Mahsuds

(Reuter's Service)

London, December 25.—Reuter's Agency learns concerning the action against the Mahsuds on the 18th instant near Mandanna Kach (Punjab), that the British column attacked on the 21st and occupied an important hill unopposed.

The Mahsuds later attacked in strength, overwhelmed the picket and recaptured the position which was reoccupied the following day unopposed by the British.

Fifty Mahsud corpses were found. Moreover the Mahsuds were observed burying corpses and removing their dead all day. Our casualties on December 21 were 58 killed and missing, and 222 wounded. There were no British casualties on December 22.

London, December 26.—It is now confirmed that the Mahsuds and Waziris' losses in the fighting near Mandanna Kach on December 21 were 200 Mahsuds and 30 Waziris killed. Some sections of the Tochi Waziris failed to comply with the terms imposed by the date fixed.

According to unconfirmed reports the Wana Waziris are returing home owing to shortage of rations. Gangs of Kharadis 300 strong looted Beradand on December 21. Some of the raiders were killed.

Iron Moulders Strike In Britain Continues

Negotiations For Settlement Again Fail; Wage Loss Now £8,000,000

(Reuter's Service)

London, December 23.—The negotiations for a settlement of the iron-moulders strike which last week had taken a very promising turn have again proved abortive. The strike has now lasted fourteen weeks involving a total wage loss of £8,000,000.

(Note. A telegram of November 19 stated that 45,000 iron-moulders were still on strike and that it was estimated that 75,000 persons were thrown out of work as a result).

French Flier, Poulet, To Receive Cash Fund

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, December 21.—The Caudron Aviation Company has subscribed 25,000 francs towards the fund for Poulet. The Gnome and Rhone Motor Company besides subscribing 1,000 francs to the fund has expressed the intention of presenting Poulet with 25,000 francs if he reaches Australia.

(Note. A later telegram announced that Poulet had abandoned the flight to Australia.)

FIRE IN TOKIO

A big fire damaged the Imperial Hotel at Tokio, according to a telegram received here yesterday.

HIGHER PAY ASKED FOR U.S. NAVY MEN

(Reuter's Service)

Washington, December 23.—Mr. Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, in a letter to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, Mr. Gillett, says that unless Congress gives relief in the form of increased pay to officers and men of the Navy, the personnel of the service will be reduced to a point which will be disastrous.

Body Of Howell, Lost Flier, Founa

(Reuter's Service)

London, December 27.—It was reported on December 14 that a wrecked aeroplane had been found off Corfu, without any occupant.

From the log book which was washed ashore it was established that the machine was the Martinsyde piloted by Captain Howell, who left Hounslow to fly to Australia on December 4. Captain Howell's body has since been recovered and buried at Corfu. His mechanic's body has not yet been found.

Smith Not To Fly Across Australdi

(Reuter's Service)

Sydney, December 26.—Captain Ross Smith has abandoned his trans-Australian flight at Charleville, Queensland, owing to his crank arm breaking.

Conference Called Of U.S. Army Chiefs

(Reuter's Service)

Washington, December 27.—Secretary of War Baker has called a conference of departmental and army chiefs to meet on January 12 to discuss army problems from the standpoint of a peace status, including training and distribution of personnel.

Britain Faces Cut Of Sugar Ration

(Reuter's Service)

London, December 27.—The Food controller issues a warning that a temporary reduction of the sugar ration will be necessary at an early date in order to defeat what appears to be concerted action on the part of producers to take advantage of the general position by raising prices for early deliveries to no less than six or seven times the pre-war level.

Feng Kuo-chang Dies At Tientsin

Continued from Page 1)

dent Yuan when he sought to make himself emperor.

After the death of President Yuan, General Feng was elected vice-president upon the assumption of the presidency of General Li Yuan-hung, the then vice-president. While in the vice-presidency he retained the concurrent post of military governor of this province.

When General Li resigned the presidency General Feng, according to the constitution, became the nation's chief executive and held the post until the election of President Hsu.

Floods Subsiding In Eastern France

Much Damage Is Still Being Done, However, In Upper Rhine Departments

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, December 21.—It is reported from Nancy that the floods of the Meurthe and Moselle are subsiding. The damage done is estimated at some ten million francs. Nancy was in darkness for some hours, the electric light and gas works being flooded.

News from Colmar, on the other hand, states that the floods in the Upper Rhine department continue to cause considerable damage.

Situation In Alsace Is Growing Alarming

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, December 27.—The floods in Alsace are assuming alarming dimensions. The lowlying country near Strasburg is nothing but an enormous lake. Extensive damage is reported, many villages being completely inundated. Iron bridges have been swept away and railway traffic is interrupted in almost the whole of the Vosges valley. Several people have been drowned.

Socialists Plan Meeting At Berne

(French Wireless Service)

Berne, December 27.—The Central Committee of the Socialist Party meets in the first week of January to discuss the question of summoning a general meeting of Socialists of all countries with a view to reconstituting the internationale.

MONSTER DRY DOCK OPENED AT BOSTON

(Reuter's Service)

Boston, Mass. December 23.—The Commonwealth dry-dock, the largest of its type on the Atlantic Coast, was opened yesterday. The dock is 1,175 feet long and 140 feet 9 inches wide; and is capable of accommodating the largest vessel afloat. It cost the State of Massachusetts three million dollars to build.

The U. S. battleship Virginia was the first vessel to test the dock.

Jugo-Slavs In Pact With Italian Agents

(French Wireless Service)

Rome, December 27.—A Trieste telegram to the Epoca states that an agreement has been reached between the Italian and Jugo-Slav delegates at Laibach for a settlement of questions connected with posts and telegraphs, customs, etc.

Ellis Island Full Of New Immigrants

(Reuter's Service)

New York, December 27.—Ellis Island is full to overflowing. During the past 48 hours' 8,000 immigrants arrived and 1,168 have been detained at Ellis Island for further examination. In view of this, immigration officials express doubt whether another concentration of anarchists at Ellis Island for deportation will be possible in the near future.

China Is Facing Problem In Russia

Continued from Page 1)

corps in Tokio a Tsarist Ambassador, supported by Chinese funds, there is no reason why certain facts should not work out to China's interest.

"Some time in the course of the coming weeks the scaffolding supporting the Russian fiction in the Far East will fall in. The wise policy today would be to provide for this contingence and whilst showing friendship and sympathy for a nation in great moral and physical distress, to hold on with determination to the principles thus vindicated. For instance the original statutes of the Chinese Eastern Railway should be carried out; a proper Russo-Chinese Council should be established at Peking. It would also be expedient to begin negotiations in the New Year for taking over the Russian consular staffs as assessors and registrars for new courts to control new special districts.

"That Japan will attempt to come to a new arrangement with the Soviets is certain, as soon as Communist cavalry are seen on the shores of Lake Baikal. For the latest news from Harbin and Irkutsk points to certain negotiations with a view to the creation of a buffer territory which the Soviets would be pledged not to invade in return for recognition of their *de facto* Government."

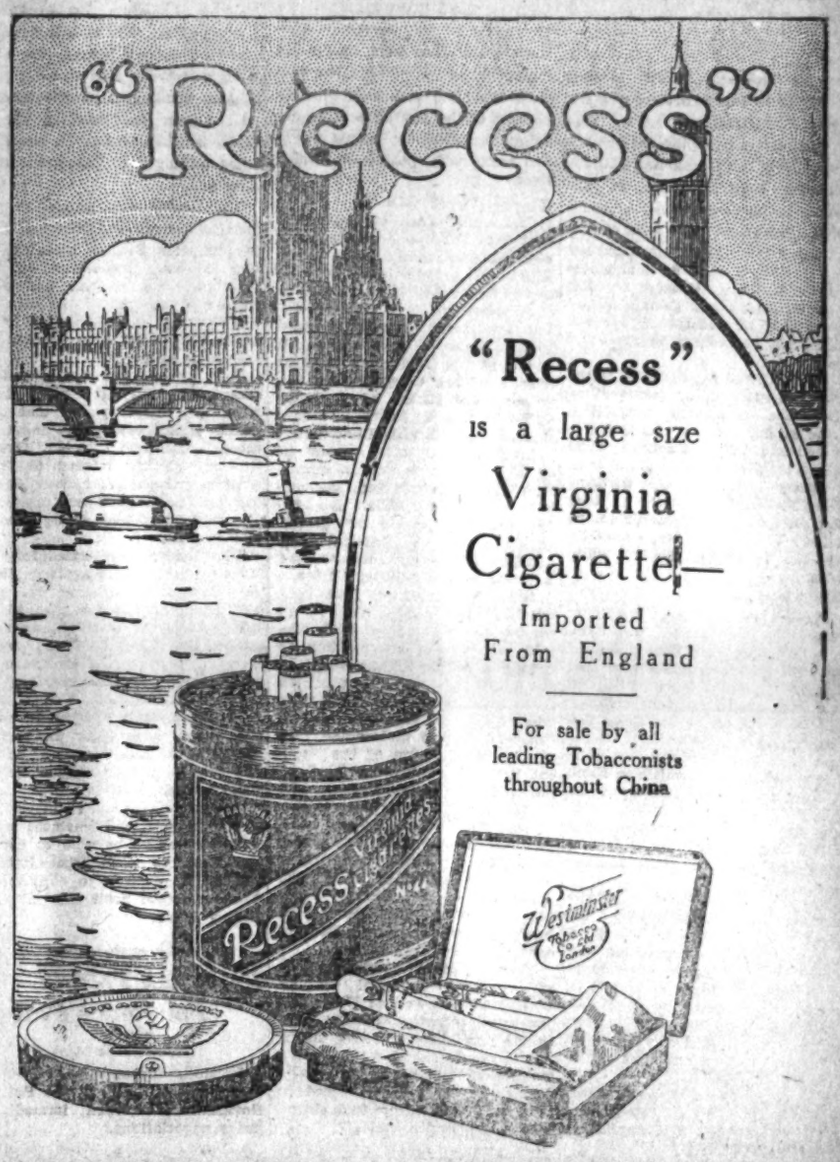
"Recess"

is a large size

Virginia Cigarette—

Imported From England

For sale by all leading Tobacconists throughout China



Tel., Central 2036

Dr. FRED M. GENSBURGER

Eye-Sight Specialist

Consulting Hours
10 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m.
and by appointment

38, Nanking Road
1st Floor

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS
PAINTS AND VARNISHES
COVER THE EARTH

HALL & HOLTZ, LTD.
14 NANKING ROAD

We Aim To Be First

with the new things—to lead in advanced, authentic styles. That's why we take so much pleasure in presenting the new and perfect-fitting ROYAL WORCESTER CORSETS.

They are typically Parisian in conception and contour and so characteristically ROYAL WORCESTER in comfort and wear.

NEW STYLES JUST RECEIVED

The O-I-C clasp which does not pinch, break, twist, squeak and always stays flat is an exclusive feature in

ROYAL WORCESTER CORSETS

HALL & HOLTZ, LTD.
14 NANKING ROAD

WALK-OVER
The Style Shop

A new model Walk-Over shoe for semi-dress wear.

A stylish and comfortable Patent, lace shoe—just what you have been looking for.

We invite your inspection—ask for style No. 4.

THE STORE AHEAD
WALK-OVER SHOE STORE
24 Nanking Road

Pond's Vanishing Cream

is based on one of the most valuable skin-softening substances ever discovered, a substance whose affinity for the skin is so great that the moment it is applied it "Vanishes" and never reappears, as do many other toilet preparations.

It is fragrant and refreshing, it imparts to the skin a delightful sensation of coolness and velvety smoothness.

A light touch of POND'S VANISHING CREAM before applying powder gives the complexion an exquisite texture and a soft velvety bloom which cannot be obtained with powder alone. It is the ideal finishing touch.

As a safeguard against the ill effects of sun, wind and weather, POND'S VANISHING CREAM is simply wonderful. It preserves the necessary skin pliancy, and in the case of sunburn, does much to prevent unsightly peeling.

We want you to know, not from what we say, but from actual experience, how good POND'S VANISHING CREAM is for your skin. You have read about it, heard about it; now we want you to use it.

POND'S EXTRACT COMPANY'S
VANISHING CREAM
Sold Everywhere

Wholesale from the Sole Agents:
DODGE & SEYMOUR (China), LTD.
89-91 Rue Montauban Telephone, Central 322

American Cotton Market Unsettled Due To Exchange

Fair Level Has Been Maintained Through Period Of Rapidly Shifting Conditions

(*Reuter's Service*)

New York, November 21, (by mail).—The cotton situation has been very much unsettled this week by financial conditions, more particularly the demoralisation in foreign exchange, with sterling under $4.00, representing a new low level. Fluctuations have been violent at times, as the market has endeavored to adjust itself to the changed conditions, but on the whole it has maintained a better level than might have been expected under the circumstances, indicating that the present basis of prices on the Exchange is more a reflection of supply and demand conditions than of widespread speculation such as occurrd in the Sully year.

Reports from the South as to the effect on spots of the money situation have been very conflicting, some saying holders were not disturbed and were not selling, while others insisted the South had been a heavy seller on the declines. Memphis advices declared there had been no break whatever among holders of actual cotton, especially on the higher grades of white cotton.

MIXING GRADES

Factors have made no efforts to dispose of these grades, but there is a noticeably less active demand for such and it is understood that many Southern shippers who had sold high grades to manufacturers and been unable to get them had made adjustments with their clients on a cash basis. On the face of it this would leave the mill man short of high grades, but to overcome this, many of them are planning to mix the lower grades with the white cotton they may have on hand and make out until another crop.

That white cotton is very difficult to buy is illustrated by the experience of an exporter who tried to buy 500 bales of middling and 500 strict middling in warehouses at Southern points. He applied to a merchant from whom he had purchased heavy amounts in the past, and was offered only 100 bales of middling white, and that at 325 points on January.

Two other items have attracted attention this week. One, the coal situation, has been emphasised by the possibility of restricting railroad activities and curtailing mill work in the South. Denying the latter possibility, the President of the American Cotton Association says mills are much better supplied with coal than reported, and that over 75 percent of the Southern mills are being operated by water power and many will operate on double time.

QUESTION OF LOANS

The other item is the report that the Federal Reserve Bank was about to curtail loans in an effort to prevent hoarding of cotton in the South, as well as to check speculation in Wall Street. Instantly the report brought forth a wave of protest from all parts of the South, as well as from Southern Congressmen. Representative Heflin, of Alabama declared that the Federal Reserve Bank had not declined and would not decline to loan money on cotton, and that such a course would be unwarranted, inexcusable and indefensible. He said the President would not permit such a gross discrimination against the cotton farmers and merchants of the United States.

Nevertheless there has been much criticism in Wall Street circles over the action of a prominent Southern organisation in urging a concerted movement in the South to withhold two million bales from the market at a time when the world is crying for cotton, and it was understood that the reported action of the Federal Reserve Bank was aimed at hoarding of this character as well as to restrain stock speculation. It was the opinion among commission Houses that the effect would be a general reduction in speculative accounts in cotton, especially as the Peace Treaty has been side-tracked, leaving the business world again in a state of confusion and uncertainty.

Trade in cotton goods has been slowed up by financial matters also this week and at New Bedford much attention is being given to the possibility of being forced to utilise off-colored cotton in the making of fine goods, and mills declare buyers will be forced to take goods made from such cotton before the season ends.

Passengers Unable To Reach Empress, Liner Is Delayed

Outbound Travelers To Make Fifth Attempt Today To Board Steamer

Over 150 people will make a fifth attempt to reach the Empress of Russia at Woosung this morning. The big Canadian Pacific Ocean Services liner, due to sail Sunday, has been delayed because the high wind and heavy seas prohibit passengers landing from the tender. And unless the weather abates there is little chance of the Empress sailing for Vancouver this afternoon.

The tender with passengers for Japan ports and Vancouver, left for the Empress Sunday morning at nine o'clock. Two-thirds of the passengers were seasick and then when the tug reached the ship, it was over an hour before it could go alongside the big liner because of the rough seas.

The tender was finally made secure and the gang plank laid when the hawser parted and the tender jerked loose from the Empress. Canadian Pacific Ocean Services officials refused to take chances with another hawser breaking while passengers were crossing. The passengers were brought back to Shanghai.

The tender was scheduled to leave for the steamer again on Sunday afternoon. It did not go. Twice yesterday it was planned to take passengers to Woosung and finally the C.P.O.S. offices were forced to postpone the departure of passengers until this morning at nine o'clock.

Many through passengers and the purser have been unable to return to the Russia and the delay has caused further congestion in local hotels.

'Tis an ill wind that blows no good, 'tis said, and business men were pleased to be able to catch the Empress mail with letters written in answer to correspondence received yesterday on the Katori Maru.

Reds Ask Poland For Peace Parley

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, December 24.—The Bolsheviks have asked the Polish Government to open immediate peace negotiations.

PEKING TEACHERS STILL ON STRIKE

Program Of Demands Drawn Up At Meeting Of Instructors Of Government Schools

(*From Our Own Correspondent*)

Peking, December 26.—The Peking teachers' strike is still going on, as the Government has not yet been able to come to terms with the professors, and there is little hope here that the outstanding differences can be settled before the end of the Christmas holidays. The professors and teachers of all the Government schools held a meeting yesterday afternoon to frame a definite policy towards the Government and, after a long and stormy session, passed the following five resolutions:

(1) That the Government be requested to dismiss Acting Minister of Education Fu Yueh-feng, in whom the teachers have no confidence.

(2) That the wishes of the professors and teachers shall receive the consideration of the Government whenever it has in view the appointment a Minister or Vice-Minister of Education and of Chiefs of the Provincial Educational Bureaux.

(3) That a presidental mandate should be promulgated ordering the authorities of the entire country to raise reserve funds for the promotion of education and that these funds be used for education only.

(4) That previous to the collection of such funds the Government should appropriate funds from specified and regular state revenues for the maintenance and development of education throughout the country; and that, once the amount of these funds has been specified, they shall never be cut down.

(5) That from December of this year the salaries of all teachers employed at governmental educational institutions shall be paid in full in silver, and that henceforth such salaries shall be paid regularly at the beginning of each month.

In moderate quarters the last three demands are looked upon as reasonable, and it is thought that the teachers have a chance of realising them provided that they are willing to yield or compromise on points one and two. These latter, it is felt, go beyond the sphere of the teachers and constitute a policy of interference with the Government's acts which that body cannot properly accept.

News Brevities

Captain and Mrs. Robert Dollar and Mr. and Mrs. J. Harold Dollar will leave on the steamer Grace Dollar this morning for Hongkong, Manila and Singapore.

* * *

The rate for ordinary telegrams to Europe will be reduced from $0.90 to $0.75 per word and the rate to America via Europe will be reduced by $0.40 per words, according to the anouncements of the Eastern Extension Australasia and China Telegraph Co., Ltd. and the Great Northern Telegraph Company, Ltd.

* * *

The tenth annual general meeting of the Ayer Tawah Rubber Plantation Company, Ltd., will be held at 4.30 o'clock this afternoon.

* * *

Girls of the Eliza Yates School will appear in "The Merchant of Venice" and an operatta this afternoon at 5 o'clock and this evening at 8 o'clock.

* * *

There will be tea dance at the Country Club on New Year's Day at 5 o'clock.

* * *

The annual meeting of the District Grand Lodge, Massachusetts Constitution, will take place on Tuesday, January 6.

* * *

Messrs. T. A. Carson and W. I. Carson arrived in Shanghai from Seattle on Sunday.

* * *

Messrs. Carl Davidson and R. M. Shively of the Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company of Akron, Ohio, leave for Manila this morning on the Katori Maru.

* * *

Captain Pitcairn of the Customs left Shanghai for Ichang by the I.C. steamer Luenho last night.

* * *

News has been received of the death in England of Mr. William Cope, a former partner of Messrs. Lane, Crawford and Company. Mr. Cope left Shanghai 12 years ago.

* * *

After spending 30 years in China, the Rev. W. Remfry-Hunt and his family will leave for the United States on the Empress of Russia this morning. When he left Nanking, the Rev. Remfry-Hunt was presented with a gold medal and an autographed letter embroidered on silk by General Li Shun, Tuchun of Kiangsu.

* * *

Evidence for the prosecution was heard yesterday in the British Police Court in the assault case against Inda Singh and Varyam Singh brought by a watchman of Watson's Mineral Water Company. The complainant alleged that Inda struck him with a stick. He fell on the floor where he was assaulted by both, he said. Mr. J. G. Priestwood appeared for the prosecution while the defendents were represented by Mr. Paul M. Linebarger. The case was adjourned.

NEW U. S. CONSUL HERE

American Consul Ray C. Mackay, until recently attached to the Consulate at Hankow, arrived in Shanghai yesterday to take the position left vacant by Mr. W. R. Dorsey, who left recently for Florence, Italy. Mr. Mackay will serve as an assistant to the Consul-General, Mr. Edwin S. Cunningham, in much the same capacity that he did in Hankow when Mr. Cunningham was Consul-General there.

BABY'S WEIGHT

One of the surest signs that a baby is making good progress is steady increase in weight. There is generally a slight decrease during the first week after birth, but from then on there should be regular and rapid growth if the baby is being properly nourished.

The most common cause of failure to gain weight is malnutrition, the food is either deficient in quality or quantity, or the digestive organs are not doing their work properly.

When the stomach or bowels are at fault all that is necessary, usually to set matters right is the administration of Baby's Own Tablets, the pleasant tasting Canadian remedy for little ones of all ages. No fear need be entertained as to the wisdom of giving these Tablets, because they are guaranteed, under a Government Analyst's certificate, to contain not a single particle of opiate, narcotic, or other injurious drug, and to be equally helpful and harmless to the youngest infant as to the child of 8 years old or more.

Baby's Own Tablets are just the right remedy for infantile constipation, colic, indigestion, diarrhoea, simple fever, teething troubles and worms. They bring natural, restful, health promoting sleep, restore appetite and make the baby thrive. Of chemists, or post free, 60 cents the vial, from the Dr. Willams' Medicine Co., 96 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.

WHY

TAKE CHANCES

riding in an open car these cold winter days, when we can fit a

WINTER TOP

to your car immediately?

We specialize in making the California Style Winter Top—glass enclosed, sliding windows, tonneau wind-shield, weather-proof, no rattles or squeaks. Fit and workmanship guaranteed. Estimates cheerfully furnished.

H. S. HONIGSBERG & CO., INC.

40, Bubbling Well Road

Tel. West 1234

SERVICE STATION

23 Medhurst Road: Tel. West 1211

M.J.B. Coffee

ON SALE BY ALL GROCERS

VACUUM PACKED—ALWAYS FRESH

The most popular Coffee in the Market

AMERICAN MACHINERY & EXPORT Co.,

No. 5 Siking Road. Sole Agents for China.

See the "Olo One" out

at the

CAFÉ PARISIEN

and hear its Famous Band

JAZZ the "New One" in!

SPECIAL DINNER AND DANCE

NEW YEAR'S EVE

Reserve Your Tables Early

25, Avenue Edouard VII

F. DAVIES, Managing Director

United States Court For China

The Barkley Company, Inc., Plaintiff,
vs.
William E. Maloney, Defendant.
Cause No. 814
ORDER
Filed December 29, 1919.

SYLLABUS

1. Court Commissioners were made a part of American judicial machinery in China before the establishment of this court which inherited the jurisdiction to appoint them.

2. Powers and Duties. Legislation regarding the powers and duties of such Commissioners has been supplied by certain special Acts of Congress.

3. Such officials have the powers of United States Commissioners but are distinct from the latter and are not subject to their limitations.

4. Functions. A Commissioner does not constitute a court; his function is merely to assist the court appointing him and to whose orders and directions he is subject.

5. Reference to a Commissioner of a whole civil cause involving more than $500.00 is unusual where the Judge is in the district.

Paul Myron Linebarger, Esq., for plaintiff.

Richard T. Evans, Esq., for defendant.

LOBINGIER, J.:

This is an action for an accounting in which plaintiff's counsel presents a motion for a trial before the Commissioner at Shanghai reciting *inter alia*,

"That certain essential and necessary witnesses of the said plaintiff are about to leave the jurisdiction of this Commissioner's Court . . .

"That the jurisdiction of the above cause is vested and inures only in the Court wherein the plaintiff's complaint was filed, and that hence the above cause is only triable in the Commissioner's jurisdiction as above shown at Shanghai."

This implies a misconception of the nature and duties of the Commissioner at Shanghai reciting *inter alia*,

"That certain essential and necessary witnesses of the said plaintiff are about to leave the jurisdiction of this Commissioner's Court . . .

"That the jurisdiction of the above cause is vested and inures only in the Court wherein the plaintiff's complaint was filed, and that hence the above cause is only triable in the Commissioner's jurisdiction as above shown at Shanghai."

This implies a misconception of the nature and duties of the Commissioner's office. Legislation regarding the powers and duties of such Commissioners has been supplied by certain special Acts of Congress.

Such officials have the powers of United States Commissioners but are distinct from the latter and are not subject to their limitations.

Functions. A Commissioner does not constitute a court; his function is merely to assist the court appointing him and to whose orders and directions he is subject.

Reference to a Commissioner of a whole civil cause involving more than $500.00 is unusual where the Judge is in the district.

Paul Myron Linebarger, Esq., for plaintiff.

Richard T. Evans, Esq., for defendant.

LOBINGIER, J.:

This is an action for an accounting in which plaintiff's counsel presents a motion for a trial before

BEAUTIFUL SUICIDE A HAPSBURG KIN

Tragedy Considered One Of Europe's Royal Mysteries —American Girl In It

London, November 16.—Did the "curse of the Hapsburgs" cause the suicide of Alma Vetsera Steane, the beautiful favorite of London, New York and South American society?

In West End circles it was positively stated today that her mother was Baroness Mary Vetsera, morganatic wife of Prince Rudolf, of Austria, son and heir of the late Emperor Francis Joseph. The prince, it will be recalled mysteriously disappeared in 1889, and the body of the baroness was found in his shooting box, where he had been last seen alive.

It was further revealed that directly after the baroness, Mrs. Steane's mother, had either committed suicide or been shot dead by her royal lover, Mrs. Steane and her baby boy were sent by the late emperor's orders to Trieste in the care of the boy's maternal grandmother, who on the child's behalf, received $250,000 from the emperor, giving in return an undertaking in writing that she would never make any claim for the boy as a member of the Hapsburg dynasty and heir to the throne.

FELT CALL OF DEAD MOTHER

Mrs. Steane's husband, Capt. Cedric Steane, whom she had married here August 30 last, testified at the inquest yesterday that his wife had told him:

"Both my parents committed suicide, and I feel my mother is calling me at the hunting lodge."

Prince Rudolf owned a hunting lodge at Meyerling, a few miles from Baden. Early one morning a woodcutter found, according to his own testimony, the prince dead, and also the body of his beautiful morganatic wife, both shot through the head. The Austrian people, however, generally believe the prince is still alive and lives somewhere in obscurity.

Alma Vetsera Steane unquestionably looked like the Baroness Mary Vetsera, who was well known in the aristocratic world.

PRINCE'S DISAPPEARANCE

The Meyerling tragedy always has been considered one of the great mysteries of European royalty. Owing to the care with which such things are usually concealed by interested parties the most painstaking search has failed to unearth the true story of the prince's disappearance.

One pet story in connection with the drama is that important papers relating to it are locked in a trunk which is not to be opened until 1940 by order of the late Emperor Francis Joseph.

According to Countess Larisch, daughter of Prince Ludwig of Bavaria, who was a great friend of Baroness Vetsera, Prince Rudolf's married life with Princess Stephanie of Belgium was not a happy one. The prince met Mary Vetsera, an unusually handsome woman, through Countess Larisch.

But, since there is no record of a daughter born from the morganatic union, Alma Vetsera Steane's story does not, for the present, at least, "hold water" officially, though there is plenty of unofficial circumstantial evidence to bear out her dramatic tale.

PLACED IN CONVENT

It is known Mrs. Steane was taken to America when she was six by a Polish priest, to whom, it is said, she was intrusted by "people of prominence," who pledged him to have her well educated. She was placed, it is said, in a convent in America, but after some years returned either to Poland, her native country, or to Austria.

When she was 14, she went back to America. She was always well supplied with money. No trace has been found of the priest. The girl lived with friends in New York, and when she arrived to young womanhood she met Haynes, a wealthy Canadian. They lived together happily, but were finally divorced in New Jersey. Mrs. Steane's son, whom she loved passionately, is now 13 and is going to school in England.

After her divorce from Haynes, Mrs. Steane plunged into the gay life of London's West End, where she soon made a host of friends. She was fond of gambling, but even more fond of dress. In her flat in Duke Street where she ended her life, after an unsuccessful suicide attempt some years ago, she was a lavish entertainer, giving some artistically perfect dinners and dances at which army and navy officers were particularly well represented.

MARRIED IN NEW YORK

She was a beautiful, vivacious woman of 29, with curly hair and remarkably pretty eyes of indistinct color and dreamy depth.

At a gay party in New York during the war she met an American named Andrews with whom she fell in love at first sight. They were married but the romance was short lived, ending in divorce.

Returning to London she became the central figure of many of the gayest fashionable gatherings, being noted for her gorgeous dress and lavish spending.

For a while the eyes of Scotland Yard and of the American secret service were fixed upon her doings, but nothing incriminating was ever found against her.

A year or so ago she met a prominent London society man, whose name is still undivulged. Her engagement with him was broken off, and she is said to have attempted suicide at the time.

Today it was learned that not long ago she tried to return to the United States, but was officially prevented from so doing. However, she went to Buenos Aires and from there attempted vainly to proceed to New York.

Much mystery still surrounds the life story of the beautiful suicide. British officials apparently know more than they are willing to tell about her connections with personages closely watched by the foreign office and Scotland Yard.

Mysterious Death Of Noted Beauty Shocks English Society

Mrs Alma Steane

Mrs. Alma Vetsera Hayne Andrews Steane, whose tragic death after the Victory Ball in London, on her return from a honeymoon, shocked English society. She was twice married and divorced in America. Her son, bearing the name of his grandfather, Prince Rudolph of Austria, was born in Morristown, N. J. The post-mortem is said to have disclosed a case of poisoning strikingly similar to that of "Billy" Carlton, who was found dead after the first Victory Ball in London a year ago. Mrs. Steane claimed descent from the Austrian Imperial family.

Wu Paintings Seen By Woman's Club

Saturday afternoon another of the expeditions to treasure houses of Chinese art took place. A small group of the Literary Department of the American Woman's Club visited the home of Madame Wu Ang-feng at 136 Rue du Peres, where a large number of paintings by Madame Wu herself, as well as a number by her son and some fine old paintings in their possession, were shown to the party.

Madame Wu is noted as an artist for her versatility of style. The Chinese artist usually devotes himself to one or a few lines of work, as paintings of scenery, or of birds and flowers and so forth. Madame Wu paints in many styles. Some forty-odd large paintings from her hand were exhibited and a half dozen large portfolios of smaller pictures.

"Paintings from the Eighteen Provinces" were specially commented upon. Paintings of the Buddhas, after the style of some of the old artists of previous periods were also very interesting. In a few sketches Madame Wu's interest is shown in the Western style of painting and her interest in Western subjects.

The family of Madame Wu is one of artists. Her father was noted among painters. Her son also paints. Their collection of old works of art is specially interesting in this connection.

Mr. Chen Kuo-chuan acted as interpreter for Mr. Wu, who gave many interesting opinions and comments on Chinese art, its technique, perspective. He is interested in the movement towards combining Chinese and Western points of view and thinks that the two may be blended by those who intelligently appreciate both styles and that art in general will be enriched by such blending.

Tea was served to the party, Madame Wu acting the part of a very gracious hostess, although she spoke no English and the visitors spoke no Chinese.

Obituary

M. CYPRIEN BUY

Funeral services for M. Cyprien Buy of Messrs. Probst, Hanbury and Company, Ltd., who passed away at the St. Mary's Hospital, Sunday, will take place this morning at 8 o'clock at the St. Joseph's Church. Interment will take place at the Lokawei Cemetery.

The deceased, who was 42 years old, was one of the best known French residents in Shanghai for many years. He first came to Shanghai in 1907 as a representative of Messrs. Cambefort and company of Lyons, a French silk firm. In 1915, he entered into partnership with M. L. Wegelin with offices at Messrs. Probst, Hanbury and Company, Ltd.

M. Buy was honorary secretary of the Cercle Sportif Francais and a member of the Shanghai Club and the Race Club and served on the committee of the French Chamber of Commerce. He had been for a long time a member of the French Fire Brigade.

M. Buy became sick on Thursday morning and was taken to hospital and passed away Sunday.

The quality that identifies Tycos temperature instruments stamps

Taylor COMPASSES

THAT'S your guarantee that every Taylor Compass is the best and most accurate compass you can get for the price.

Made in various styles. Some have luminous points, therefore, as easily read at night as by day. Prices vary according to the grade of the compass, but all are Taylor Quality Instruments.

Always ask for a Taylor Compass

Our line of manufacture includes

Household Thermometers
Industrial Thermometers
Pyrometers
Temperature, Pressure and Time Registers
Hygrometers Hydrometers Barometers
Pocket Compasses Surveying Compasses
Air Meters Hand Levels
Sphygmomanometers
Fever Thermometers, etc. etc.

Write today for literature. Address

Taylor Instrument Companies

Rochester, N. Y., U. S. A.

There's a Taylor Thermometer for Every Purpose.

$ Mex. 143 Net

Model 10 "A"

Direct from Remington Factory

SELL STARTING

Remington Typewriters

MUSTARD & CO.

Sole Representatives for China, including Hongkong and Macao.

Shanghai, Tientsin, Canton, Hongkong, Hankow, Harbin.

At The Mixed Court

Ten previous convictions and orders to stay out of the Settlement issued eight times previously drew a three years prison term for Zung Sing-iah when he appeared before the Mixed Court yesterday to answer a charge of picking pockets. He stole $4.18, the court was told. And three years isolation didn't seem incompatible with the offense when British Assessor Grant Jones and Magistrate Li considered the case.

* * *

Lee Bae-tsong was sent to the Chinese authorities at the Arsenal by the Mixed Court yesterday for trial as an armed robber. Lee is said to have been a member of a band of ten armed robbers the other nine of whom have already been apprehended and sent to the Arsenal, who looted a number of residents of the settlement and shot one man with intent to kill.

* * *

Daung San stole two umbrellas and a pair of silk pants from Tsang Foh-zee from a house in East Yuhang Road. Assessor Grant Jones and Magistrate Kwan thought the proper penalty was six months in jail.

GEN. KNOX EXPECTED HERE

Major-General Alfred Knox, chief of the British Military Mission to Siberia, is expected to arrive here on the Penza from Vladivostock today.

A.D.C. VAUDEVILLE TONIGHT

The Amateur Dramatic Company vaudeville performance is on at the Lyceum Theater tonight. The variety show with eleven numbers is expected to draw big houses, as the participants have been working hard for the past three weeks in order to get into shape the splendid offering that will be presented for the first time tonight and again on Friday and Saturday.

Part of the proceeds are to go to the United Services Association and the advance sale points to three big audiences.

PHONE WEST 189

FORD HIRE SERVICE

$3 per hour $1 20-minutes

77 ROUTE VALLON

Excellent For Growing Children

Childhood craves sweets.
The pleasant sweetness of

Grape-Nuts

comes from grain sugar, pure and wholesome, developed by the long baking of wheat and malted barley.

Never disturbs digestion

Children love Grape-Nuts

THE NATIONAL OPTICAL Co.

69 Nanking Road

(Near Honan Road)

REFRACTING

&

MANUFACTURING

OPTICIANS

US BOYS — Emily Knows How To Treat Him — By McNamara

I BEG PARDON?
WOULD YA LIKE TA LISTEN TO SOME SINGIN' EMILY?
WHY YES!
ALL RIGHT:—
OH?
STOP!
SAY, LEMME WAIT TILL I FINISH BEFORE YA STOP ME, WILL YA!
I DID!
NO EARS FER MUSIC, NO EARS!
TOM McNAMARA

AMERICAN POLICY TO HOLD ISLANDS, MANILA BELIEVES

Great Building Program Given As Indication Of Plan Of United States

MORE TROOPS ARE CALLED

Air Service Construction And Other Improvements Used As Basis Of Idea

Indications that the United States does not intend to release her hold on the Philippine islands, are said to lie in the fact that the Philippine department is engaged in the largest construction program of its history; that more troops are expected to be sent out here in the not distant future, says the Manila Times.

At the present time the Philippine islands army construction program calls for an expenditure of P. 4,728,000.

The air service construction program, now being carried on at Camp Stotsenburg, calls for an expenditure of P. 1,157,400.

The same sort of work, now in progress at Fort Mills, Corregidor, calls for an expenditure of P. 818,600.

And the aviation field that is to be built somewhere near Manila, on a site not yet selected, will involve the expenditure of at least P. 1,592,000.

At the present time there are 15,000 men and 500 officers in the Philippines and China.

Within the near future, these forces are to be augmented to such an extent that there will be three infantry regiments, one cavalry regiment, two complete aero squadrons, one field artillery regiment, one signal corps battalion, one battalion of engineers, one complete field hospital and one complete ambulance corps, on duty here.

The Ninth Cavalry regiment and the two aero squadrons, with about 150 land and seaplanes are already here. The others with two balloon companies of 164 men each, are expected as soon as the war department can get its plan into operation.

In addition to these new forces, another 1,000 men are needed to bring the coast artillery personnel up to its required strength.

French Destroyer Arrives At Vienna

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, December 28.—According to a Vienna message the destroyer C-30, with Admiral Fatou, head of the Inter-Allied Danube Commission on board, has arrived at the Austrian capital from Budapest.

This is the first time for a century that a French vessel has been seen at Vienna.

Clemenceau Cabinet Quits In Three Weeks

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, December 24.—At the conclusion of his speech in the Chamber of Deputies yesterday on the subject of the London conferences, M. Clemenceau said that the Government had only three more weeks life and that as soon as the Senatoral elections were completed, it would definitely resign.

D'Annunzio's Men Are Reported To Be Leaving Fiume

(French Wireless Service)

Rome, December 26.—It is stated that Commander Rizzo has resigned the command of the Quarnero fleet and is about to leave Fiume and that Major Giuratti, d'Annunzio's principal military aide, has already left Fiume and returned to Zara where his battalion is garrisoned.

British Professor Coming To Hongkong

(Reuter's Service)

London, December 22.—Professor D. C. Florance has resigned his Lecturership of Physics at Manchester University on his appointment as Professor of Physics at Hongkong University.

Clemenceau Going South For Holidays

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, December 28.—M. Clemenceau will probably spend the New Year holidays in the Var department, leaving for the south as soon as Parliament goes into recess.

Japanese General Is Going To France

(Reuter's Service)

London, December 23.—The Japanese General Matsukra, who has been visiting munition works in England, is going to France next week on a similar mission.

Deny Borneo Is Going To Britain

(Reuter's Service)

The Hague, December 26.—It is semi-officially stated that the report that Holland is about to cede Dutch Borneo to Great Britain is entirely without foundation.

Aliens Bill Changes Endorsed By Commons

(Reuter's Service)

London, December 20.—The House of Commons has concurred in the House of Lords' amendments to the Aliens Bill.

SAILORS AS HOSTS AT DANCE MONDAY

American Seamen To Give Party At Shanghai Town Hall Next Week

Men of the United States warships in port will give an invitation dance at the Town Hall Monday night at 8 o'clock. The vessels participating are the cruisers South Dakota and New Orleans and the gunboats Wilmington and Villalobos. Nearly 500 invitations will be issued.

The band and the orchestra of the South Dakota will furnish the music and the hall will be decorated. Refreshments will be served. The function is in the charge of Chief Petty Officer Smith, chief electrician of the South Dakota. A committee will be appointed to work up the program today.

Ladies who have consented to act as patronesses for the dance are: British—Mrs. H. H. Fox, Mrs. H. Phillips, Mrs. E. C. Pearce, Mrs. Harry Morriss and Mrs. A. H. Hilton-Johnson.

French—Mme. D. de la Prade, Mme. L. Lion and Mme. Ch. Schmidt.

American—Mrs. E. S. Cunningham, Mrs. W. H. Lunt, Mrs. R. J. Clarke, Mrs. N. E. Lurton, Mrs. T. N. Alexander, Mrs. W. L. Merriman, Mrs. James MacDonell, Mrs. R. W. Squires, Mrs. James Macbeth, Mrs. J. T. Hammond, Miss Ethel Allen, Mrs. J. D. Sullivan, Mrs. C. E. Crane, Mrs. G. M. Jackson, Mrs. I. B. Sawyer.

German Vessels Given To Britons

(Reuter's Service)

Washington, December 26.—By the direction of President Wilson the seven ex-German ships loaned to the United States after the armistice, namely the Graf Waldersee, Zeppelin, Pretoria, Gap Finisterre, Mobile, Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm and Kaiserin Augusta Victoria have been returned to Great Britain.

Marseilles Rail Station Is Burned

(Reuter's Service)

Marseilles, December 26.—The railway station here has been destroyed by fire. The damage is estimated at several million francs.

Association Elects Dr. Ransom As Head

American Organisation Has Annual Meeting At United States Court

Dr. S. A. Ransom was elected president of the American Association of China at the annual meeting held last evening at the United States Court. The other officers chosen were Mr. E. C. Stocker, vice president; Mr. A. S. Goldsmith, secretary, and Mr. W. L. Johnstone, treasurer.

The meeting was attended by over 30 members. Printed copies of the secretary's annual report were circulated. The reports of the secretary and the retiring treasurer, Mr. C. L. Seitz, were adopted.

As a preliminary to the election the retiring Executive Committee presented a list of 15 members available for membership on the Executive Committee. To these was added the name of Mr. R. H. Parker, nominated by Mr. L. Jacob. Members voted by ballot and chose the following 11 to be members of the 1920 Executive Committee: Messrs. C. L. Seitz, A. S. Goldsmith, E. C. Stocker, A. Hashagen, W. L. Johnstone, William Morris, H. D. Lane, R. H. Parker, Dr. S. A. Ransom, Capt. H. E. Morton, Dr. William R. Smith.

Report Published On French Elections

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, December 22.—The result of the polling for 2,754 seats in the French Departmental Council elections was: Conservatives and Liberal Actionists, 347; Progressive Republicans, 1,053; Left Republicans, 1,006; Unified Socialists, 109; second ballots 239.

Preparations Made For Caillaux Trial

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, December 24.—The French Government will submit a bill for amending the Act of 1889, so as to enable Senators returned at the forthcoming elections on January 11, to sit in the High Court of Justice which is to try Caillaux.

Art School In London French Academy Plan

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, December 21.—The Academie des Beaux Arts is considering opening a French school of art in London.

'Up The Road With Sallie'

Unusually excellent photography is a feature of Constance Talmadge's latest Select picture, "Up the Road With Sallie," which will be shown at the Apollo Theater soon.

Frank E. Garbutt, who had charge of the camera work, introduced a new and novel system of lighting and his presentation of the star in silhouette photography is remarkably effective. Mr. Garbutt is the son of Frank A. Garbutt, a prominent picture man in the West, and he is bringing to bear on his section of the motion-picture industry the same qualities of pioneering and thoroughness which have given Garbutt, senior, his success.

"Up the Road With Sallie" was adapted from Frances Sterrett's popular novel of the same name by Julia Crawford Ivers, and directed by William D. Taylor. The story is highly tinged with romance and adventure, relieved by many touches of light sparkling comedy, in the style which Constance Talmadge has made her own so effectively.

PEKING ANSWERS TOKIO'S CHARGES

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, December 28.—It is understood that the Government, replying to Mr. Obata's representations, promises to exercise further control in future regarding anti-Japanese movements, but as regards the alleged ill-treatment of Japanese children the Government affirms that it has not been able to secure substantiation of the charge. It will, however, endeavor to prevent in future incidents such as the Japanese allege to have occurred.

Semenoff Seizing Furs Consigned To American Importers

(Reuter's Service)

London, December 25.—A Washington telegram says that the State Department has been asked by American fur importers to urge the Japanese Government and Ataman Semenoff to permit purchased furs to leave Siberia, instead of confiscating them for alleged military purposes, and re-selling them to the Japanese.

Sent To Jail For Destroying Plant

(Reuter's Service)

Amiens, December 26.—The German steel magnate Herr Roechling has been court martialed here on a charge of destroying great iron works in Eastern France and sentenced to ten years imprisonment and a fine of £400,000.

Germany Plans To Pay Indemnity

(Reuter's Service)

New York, December 26.—The German Finance Minister interviewed by an American journalist in Berlin declared, "Germany can and will pay within a year 20,000,000,000 marks as reparation and indemnity."

VISCOUNT GREY SAILS

(American Press Wireless)

Washington, December 27.—Viscount Grey sails from New York on January 3.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

Save the Babies.

INFANT MORTALITY is something frightful. We can hardly realize that of all the children born in civilized countries, twenty-two per cent, or nearly one-quarter, die before they reach one year; thirty-seven per cent, or more than one-third, before they are five, and one-half before they are fifteen!

We do not hesitate to say that a timely use of Castoria would save a majority of these precious lives. Neither do we hesitate to say that many of these infantile deaths are occasioned by the use of narcotic preparations. Drops, tinctures and soothing syrups sold for children's complaints contain more or less opium, or morphine. They are, in considerable quantities, deadly poisons. In any quantity, they stupefy and retard circulation and lead to congestions, sickness, death. Castoria operates exactly the reverse. It causes the blood to circulate properly, opens the pores of the skin and allays fever.

The signature of Chas. H. Fletcher guarantees genuine Castoria

Physicians Recommend Castoria.

"I have used your Castoria in cases of colic in children and have found it the best medicine of its kind on the market."
J. E. SIMPSON, M. D., Chicago, Ill.

"A medicine so valuable and beneficial for children as your Castoria is deserves the highest praise. I find it in use everywhere."
J. S. ALEXANDER, M. D., Omaha, Neb.

"Have used your Castoria on various occasions in suitable cases and have found it a palatable and effective laxative, especially in the various diseases of childhood."
CHAS. EDWARD GARDINER, M. D., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Castoria is good for children and I frequently prescribe it, and always obtain the desired result."
F. GERALD BLATTNER, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y.

"I have prescribed Castoria to families for several years. It is all right. Mothers like it, for children will take it without any trouble."
C. A. WILSON, M. D., St. Louis, Mo.

"Your Castoria is a splendid remedy for children, known the world over. I use it in my practice and have no hesitancy in recommending it for the complaints of infants and children."
J. A. BOARMAN, M. D., Kansas City, Mo.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

The Ault & Wiborg (Shanghai) Co.

Manufacturers of:
LETTER PRESS INKS
LITHO INKS
OFFSET INKS
LITHO SUPPLIES
BRONZE POWDERS
CARBON PAPERS
TYPEWRITER RIBBONS
ANILINE DYES
DRY COLOURS
CARBON BLACKS

Agents for:
MIEHLE PRESSES
SCOTT OFFSET PRESSES
SCOTT NEWS PRESSES
SCOTT LITHO PRESSES
U.P.M. BRONZING MACHINE
SEYBOLD PAPER CUTTERS
SEYBOLD EMBOSSERS
CHAMPION PAPER CO.

37 Canton Road, Shanghai.

Hongkong Branch, 19 Ice House St.

We will buy your KODAK or sell you one in exchange
Burr 2 Broadway

START THE NEW YEAR
with a box of
GUNTHER'S CHOCOLATES
(WELL PACKED FOR MAILING)
SQUIRES BINGHAM CO.
STORE OF QUALITY
SHANGHAI

RUSSIAN
Confectionery
MANUFACTURED BY
TKATCHENKO BROS.
IS NOW ON SALE
AT
116A BROADWAY
(formery Petrograd Bakery)
The assortment consists of:
Chocolate, Chocolate Caramel, Fruit Caramel,
Marzipan, Marmalade Sweets
Lemon, Strawberry & Vanilla Drops, etc.
The Cheapest Prices in Shanghai

ASPIRIN
BAYER
Indications: Rheumatism, Influenza, Colds and Chills, Headache and Toothache, Neuralgia, Gout, Alcoholic excesses.
Name registered

As you well know, there are on the market innumerable so-called specifics for all kinds of diseases, among them powerful antipyretics, as antifebrina, dangerous narcotics for the relief of pain, as morphine, and the disagreeable salicylates to combat rheumatism.

These strong febrifuges give rise to toxic symptoms; the narcotics produce nervous and mental disturbances and induce a vicious habit, while the salicylates injure the stomach and cause ringing in the ears, etc.

The only remedy which embodies all the curative virtues of these agents, without their disagreeable and injurious features, is genuine aspirin, as contained in Bayer-Tablets of Aspirin.

This is confirmed by the observations of medical men throughout the world, whether the remedy be prescribed for reducing temperature in fevers, as a sedative or analgesic in neuralgias, headaches or toothaches, for colds, catarrhs or influenza, or as a specific in rheumatic affections.

The people of the entire civilized world consider aspirin as a remedy without a rival in the restoration of health and well-being.

OBTAINABLE AT ALL CHEMISTS OR FROM AGENTS OF
THE BAYER CO., INC. NEW YORK

Muller, Phipps & Hodges
38 KIANGSE ROAD, SHANGHAI

WHEN, WHERE, HOW TO WEAR MEDALS

Changes In Regulations Necessitated By Changes In Uniform

The extent to which decorations for service and for gallantry were granted by the United States and the Allies during the war has made necessary a sweeping revision of army regulations covering the wearing of medals. The chief of staff has made the following statement of what the new rules are:

"The new army uniform regulations and specifications are now in course of preparation, but, pending issuance, the following changes in regulations concerning the wearing of medals and decorations are in force:

"When dress and blue uniforms of the army were abolished, it became impossible for any officers or men to wear the medals awarded them, as these were only authorised for wear on full dress uniforms, the ribbons, representing the medals only, being worn on field and service uniforms. It is now the intention of the War Department to provide for the wearing of medals and decorations as follows:

"In the field no medals will be worn. It is optional with the individual whether or not he shall wear his ribbons. On certain formal occasions the commanding officer may require the wearing of medals and decorations. On social occasions their wearing is optional with the individual. On evening clothes, military and civilian, these decorations and service medals are worn only on the left lapel.

"Decorations, service medals and badges, except Aviation badges, will not be worn when equipped for the field, neither will they be prescribed for troops in the field.

WHEN FORBIDDEN

Officers suspended from rank and command and enlisted men serving sentence of confinement are prohibited from wearing any decorations, medals, badges or substitutes therefor.

"Decorations and service medals will be worn when in uniform on the following occasions, unless especially prescribed otherwise: On state occasions at home and abroad; when receiving or calling officially upon or acting as escort or aide to the President of the United States; the sovereign or chief executive of any foreign country, or any member of a reigning royal family; at all official and social functions at the White House; at escort to the colors.

"They may be prescribed by the commanding officer on the following occasions, when in uniform: For evening parades, formal reviews and inspections and funerals; on ceremonial and social occasions of a general and formal nature. They may be worn when in uniform, at the option of the wearer, on social occasions of a private nature, and on holidays when not on duty with troops under arms.

"When decorations and service medals are worn under provisions of the above paragraphs, all those to which the wearer is entitled will be worn by officers and enlisted men in formation; officers and enlisted men not in formation, including reviewing and inspecting officers and their staffs, may omit the wearing of some for purposes of specially emphasising or giving special honor to those which they individually consider particularly appropriate to the occasion.

ON EVENING CLOTHES

"On evening clothes, military or civilian, only one full size decoration or service medal may be worn on the lapel; any number of miniatures may be worn, but full size and miniatures must not be worn together on the lapel. Service ribbons may be worn on the white and service uniforms. When any decorations or service medals are worn, all service ribbons will be removed or hidden from view. They will not be worn on the white mess jacket nor on civilian clothes. Badges, not to exceed three in number, may be worn on white and service uniforms, but not on white mess jackets nor on civilian clothes.

"Badges of societies will not be worn with decorations, service medals or substitutes therefor except at meetings, cermonies or functions of the society in question. Civilian clothes: lapel buttons may be worn. The wearing of decorations, service medals or miniatures should be limited to ceremonial occasions, then only when strictly appropriate to the occasion.

"A foreign decoration or service medal will not be worn alone, at least one American decoration or service medal (or miniature on evening clothes) must always be worn with a foreign award."

PHONE WEST 189
FORD HIRE SERVICE
$8 per hour $1 20-minutes
77 ROUTE VALLON

Sailed from Shanghai

For San Francisco		
Silver Shell	Nov.	22
China	Nov.	25
Korea Maru	Dec.	5
Venezuela	Dec.	6
Elkhorn	Dec.	7
Standard Arrow	Dec.	16
Tenyo Maru	Dec.	21
West Ira	Dec.	25
Nile	Dec.	29
For Tacoma		
Africa Maru	Nov.	27
Justin	Dec.	10
Mexico Maru	Dec.	28
For Seattle		
Tokiwa Maru	Dec.	2
Slavic Prince	Dec.	3
Wytheville	Dec.	6
Wheatland of Montana	Nov.	22
Kashima Maru	Nov.	30
Javary	Dec.	15
Fushimi Maru	Dec.	19
Endicott	Dec.	20
Elkton	Dec.	25
For New York		
Eurylochus	Nov.	22
Lowther Castle	Dec.	27
Arna	Dec.	27
For Vancouver		
Empress of Japan	Nov.	22
Empress of Asia	Nov.	29
Melville Dollar	Dec.	18
For London etc.		
Rhesus	Nov.	22
Tamba Maru	Dec.	1
Cardiganshire	Dec.	2
Carmarthenshire	Dec.	7
Tsushima Maru	Dec.	7
Alps Maru	Dec.	10
Euryades	Dec.	10
Novara	Dec.	15
Mishima Maru	Dec.	15
Glenapp	Dec.	20
Idomenus	Dec.	20
Sado Maru	Dec.	22
Kalomo	Dec.	24
Durban Maru	Dec.	26
Trazos Montes	Dec.	29
For Liverpool		
Teucer	Dec.	13
Memnon	Dec.	14
For Rotterdam		
Hwahchie	Dec.	7
For Genoa		
Ceylon	Dec.	18
Benvorlich	Dec.	24
For Marseilles		
Indo Maru	Nov.	23
Sphinx	Dec.	9
Commandt Dorise	Dec.	18
Andre Lebon	Dec.	25
For Trieste		
Yonan Maru	Dec.	1
Nippon	Dec.	8
Shunko Maru	Dec.	13
For Copenhagen		
Peru	Dec.	13
For Macassar		
Panagis	Dec.	10
For Hull		
Glengyle	Dec.	23
For Bombay		
Dilwara	Dec.	14
For Calcutta		
Arratoon Apcar	Dec.	9
Japan	Dec.	19
For Singapore		
Methven	Nov.	23

WEEKLY SILVER REPORT

(Reuter's Service)

London, December 25.—Messrs. Montagu's Silver report says:

The silver market is fairly well supplied. There is still a good inquiry from Shanghai and Hongkong, notwithstanding the fact the demand for China continues to be fed with silver dollars from America.

Shipping Items

The C.M. s.s. Klangwah left Hankow for Shanghai on Saturday.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinchi left Foochow for Shanghai on Saturday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tachi Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Saturday.

The C.M. s.s. Feiching left Foochow for Shanghai on Sunday.

The C.N. s.s. Yingchow left Hankow for Shanghai on Sunday.

The I-C. s.s. Kutwo left Hankow for Shanghai on Sunday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Yohyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Sunday.

The I-C. s.s. Tuckwo left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Hsintung left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday

The C.N. s.s. Poyang left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangfoo will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Woosung will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The N.K.K. s.s. Siangyang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Huichow will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The I-C. s.s. Kwongsang is due in Shanghai from Canton, Hongkong and Swatow next Thursday.

The P. and O. s.s. Sangola from London, is expected to leave Hongkong for Shanghai tomorrow.

The P. & O. s.s. Nagoya from London is due to arrive at Hongkong on January 8, 1920.

The C.M. s.s. Hsintah left Amoy for Hongkong yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Kweilee left Hankow for Ichang on Sunday.

The C.M. s.s. Haean will leave Wenchow for Shanghai today.

The C.M. s.s. Kianghsin will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The I-C. s.s. Hwahlee (chartered) will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.N. s.s. Ngankin will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tachang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The I-C. s.s. Koonshing is due in Shanghai from Swatow next Friday.

The I-C. s.s. Esang is due in Shanghai from Swatow next Friday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Yawata Maru left Moji yesterday and is due in Shanghai tomorrow.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Kasuga Maru will leave Nagasaki tomorrow and is due in Shanghai next Friday.

The P. and O. s.s. Nagoya was expected to leave Colombo last Saturday.

The P. and O. s.s. Dunera from Bombay, is expected to leave Hongkong tomorrow and is due in Shanghai next Saturday.

The P. and O. s.s. Unta from London, left Bombay for Straits, Hongkong and Shanghai on December 20.

The sailing of the s.s. Empress of Russia for Japan, Victoria and Vancouver, B.C., has been delayed to today and the tender with outward passengers and mails will leave the Customs Jetty at nine o'clock this morning.

The P. and O. s.s. Kashgar will sail for London and ports at daylight tomorrow and the tender with outgoing passengers and mails is expected to leave the Customs Jetty at five o'clock this afternoon.

Passengers Departed

Per C.N. s.s. Hsin Peking for Ningpo: Miss Pinchella, Mr. H. P. Wadman, Rev. Father Vogel.

Per C.N. s.s. Tatung for Hankow: Mr. and Mrs. Graham and 3 children.

Per I.-C. s.s. Luenho for Hankow: Mr. Biand, Mr. and Mrs. Whitley; for Ichang: Capt. Pitcairn.

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Chikugo Maru for Japan: Mrs. M. Trittel and child, Messrs. Novel, Werner, Scholz, Kuwada, Oyama, Okuba, Mr. and Mrs. Kawasaki.

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Katori Maru for Manila and Hongkong: Mr. and Mrs. A. Piercy, Misses F. and I. Traves Elliot, Mrs. Traves, Messrs. A. B. Campbell, R. J. Johnson, R. Pomsomby, C. Davidson, R. M. Shively, F. A. Abbott, D. Jumper, F. A. Sutton, J. D. Forsyth, G. F. Winnie, C. C. Anghelesco, F. M. Rice, Capt. E. R. John, Mrs. J. Ulmer, Miss M. L. Ulmer, Mrs. M. Thompson, Mrs. C. Ascher, Mr. and Mrs. Brush, Mrs. C. de F. Brunsman, Mrs. E. Filler, Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Paige, Misses Bernuth, M. Lake, G. C. Crawford, E. K. Crawford, E. P. M. Bevan, Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Atkinson, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Huenkemier, Mrs. G. M. Woodford, Capt. and Mrs. Richard Swain, Lieut. L. R. Brown, Mrs. H. L. Lunt and son, Mr. and Mrs. S. Wood, Mrs. Delalande.

Per C.M. s.s. Nile for San Francisco: Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Fagerholm and 3 children, Mrs. M. D. Rogers, Misses F. A. Hunt, C. McLaughlin, C. Pike, L. J. Hill, Mrs. I. Cantorovich, Mrs. V. W. Plonk, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Baskett, Mrs. V. Neilson, Mr. and Mrs. J. U. and Miss B. E. Stotts, Mrs. L. F. Colby, Capt. A. W. Svenson, Messrs. Ta Tao-pan, T. Y. Zi Mohan, G. S. Courtney, R. Wilkens, Sam Sing.

Passengers Arrived

Per N.S. s.s. Hsin Ningshao from Ningpo: Mr. K. F. Meichers.

Per C.N. s.s. Hsin Peking from Ningpo: Messrs. H. P. Wadman, C. C. Graham, Miss MacComick.

Per C.N. s.s. Luenyi from Hankow: Mr. H. W. Robjohn.

Per C.N. s.s. Sinkiang from Hongkong: Mr. and Mrs. Taylor.

Per P. and O. s.s. Kashgar from Kobe: Mr. and Mrs. Biron and child; through passengers for Hongkong: Mrs. B. P. Mehta and 2 infants; for Singapore: Mr. W. T. Quaife, Mr. L. and Mrs. Thonhorst; for Bombay: Mr. K. T. and Mrs. Mehta and 2 children, Miss Teejeebhoy; for Marseilles: Messrs. L. S. Kahler, R. Yaskolski, Mr. E. and Mrs. Zebrowsky and child, Mrs. and Master Martin; for London: Mr. W. and Mrs. Haigh and infant, Mr. F. Kellerman, Mrs. E. Alexeieva; for Port Said: Mr. S. S. Paliti.

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Katori Maru from Seattle and ports: Messrs. M. Williams, L. Schrag, W. Craw, T. A. Carson, A. Carson, A. Doyle, J. P. Cassey, F. J. Maginn, F. O. Reyholds, A. Kellaway, R. M. Castle, W. I. Carson, J. W. S. Comber, K. O. McKenzie, W. R. Camerson, H. Parkinson, C. A. Hanish, R. M. Vanderburgh, K. Kawamura, I. Sugi, T. Kawafuku, Takeda, K. M. Matsuhaki, K. Takeyasu, Koyama, H. Soow, R. Risho, H. Booth, E. E. Fresson, T. J. Phillip, E. H. Murray, Mrs. A. Carson, Mr. and T. G. McMartin, Mrs. L. Hashim, Mrs. Mary Doyle, Mrs. C. A. and Misses T. and V. Cheshire, Lieut. D. B. Lansetermr, Mr. and Mrs. W. Hardy, Miss M. I. Hardy, Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Peacock, Mrs. A. McKenzie, Rev. G. Jones, Mrs. C. E. Jones, Master E. M. Jones, Mrs. D. Fresson, Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Talty, Mrs. T. R. Hanish, Mrs. Kawazoe, Miss Y. Kawazoe, Mrs. F. Phillip, Mrs. and Master S. Brenneman; through passengers for Manila: Mr. C. F. Brush, Mrs. D. N. Brush; for Hongkong: Messrs. T. P. M. Bevon, B. Pousonby.

Wrist Watches are convenient in use, but very often unreliable.

WHY?

Because ignorant or unscrupulous dealers are passing off upon unsuspecting customers Watches with cheap movements not deserving the name of time-keepers.

THERE IS NO RISK

in buying your watch from us. Our watches are made for practical use, every one tested and guaranteed for two years. Look at our large stock of Wrist Watches in making your purchases.

C. ISMER & CO.
Chronometer and Watchmakers,
44 Nanking Road

26615

GREAT BARGAINS

Nice New Year Presents
for
Ladies and Gentlemen

THE CATHAY LACE CO.
19 Nanking Road, Shanghai

On Making Sure

There is nothing like making sure where one's health is concerned. Good health is the best guarantee that Life shall be a success. Now it is well-known that digestive disorders are the cause of more cases of ill-health than any other class of ailment. The digestive system is so extensive, so complex and so hard-worked, that its liability to derangement is not astonishing. Happily, however, many digestive ailments can be easily remedied. Happily, too, many digestions need never go wrong. You can make reasonably sure that your digestion will not fail you, even under trying conditions, if you get into the excellent way of taking Beecham's Pills. This "Wonderful Medicine"—as it has been called—does really work wonders with the digestive system. Beecham's Pills impart tone to the stomach, regulate the action of the liver and kidneys and gently stimulate the bowels into healthy activity. Get into the habit of making sure. Have recourse to Beecham's Pills at the first sign of digestive trouble. Make sure of your health by taking

Beecham's Pills.

Prepared only by
THOMAS BEECHAM, St. Helens, Lanc.
In boxes, labelled 1/1½ & 2/9.

"FORMAZONE"

A Phosphorus Fruit and Iron Aerated Beverage.

A reliable aperient Tonic and splendid body-builder, having genuine medicinal properties.

Invaluable in cases of General Debility, Anaemia, Constipation and *during convalescence from Influenza.*

May be used freely by old or young at any time.

Especially prepared under qualified supervision by

Watson's Mineral Water Co.

Telephones: Factory, 134 North Szechuen Road, North 795. Town office and Depot, 11 Ningpo Road (opposite Carlton Cafe), Central 2726.

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINTS AND VARNISHES COVER THE EARTH

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT

SAVOY HOTEL

Re-modelled and Re-furnished

A Strictly First-Class Family Hotel, at Moderate Rates

Satisfactory Home with Excellent Service and Superior Cuisine

SPECIAL RATES FOR MONTHLY GUESTS

FURS FURS FURS

WE beg to inform our friends that, owing to the growth of our business, on October 2 nd, we shall open

A BRANCH STORE at C. 123 HONAN ROAD

We are specialists in the sale of all kinds of Furs and promptly execute all orders. We also purchase the best quality of Foreign Skins.

YUEN SUNG-TAI—FUR DEALERS

Established over 20 years

4 Honan Road: Phone C. 4048: Branch Office: C. 123 Honan Road.

HUDFORD GARAGE

owned and operated by

DODGE & SEYMOUR (China), LTD.

Motor Car Repairs, Painting

and

Commercial Body Building

under the supervision of a fully qualified engineer.

We have in stock a few

WINTER TOPS

for

FORD CARS

almost new, Tls. 200 each

89-91 Rue Montauban. Telephone C. 322

COFFEE

Contains: CAFFEINE 2.5 gr. TANNIN 2.4 gr.

VS.

INSTANT POSTUM

Contains: NEITHER CAFFEINE, TANNIN, OR ANY OTHER HARMFUL DRUG.

Any analytical chemist can prove by analysis, that coffee contains two harmful drugs—

Caffeine—an alkaloid that irritates the heart, liver and kidneys, and upsets the nerves.

Tannin—a drug which produces an astringent action upon the tissues of the stomach and bowels.

But the greatest test of all is made in thousands of homes where it is daily proven by personal experience that headaches, biliousness, indigestion, heart irritation and nervousness are very often caused by coffee drinking.

An ordinary cup of coffee contains about 2½ grains of caffeine, and 2-2/5 grains of tannin.

Some coffee concerns have tried in various ways—without much success—to rid coffee of its caffeine, because they know its harmful effects. Now they are agitated because people are objecting to the presense of tannin in coffee—the same element (but obtained from bark) that is used to tan leather.

The simple, easy way out of coffee troubles is to quit this harmful beverage and use the pure food-drink

INSTANT POSTUM

It is absolutely free from these drugs or any harmful substance. Made only from prime wheat (roasted) and a small percent of molasses. Instant Postum contains the rich, nutritious values of the grain—is a genuine food-drink.

Instant Postum—a soluble powder. A teaspoonful stirred in a cup of hot water, with cream and sugar, makes a delightful beverage instantly. 30c and 50c tins.

The cost per cup of both kinds is about the same.

—sold by grocers everywhere.

REPRESENTATIVES IN CHINA
MULLER, PHIPPS & HODGES
33, Kiangse Road, Shanghai.

YOU SEE THE BEST AT THE APOLLO THEATRE ON

THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY & SUNDAY

CONSTANCE TALMADGE

SELECT'S CHARMING COMEDIENNE

Quarantined—with burglars in the house! Still she laughs; and so will you—

A SCREEN JEWEL!

Prices as Usual

SELECT PICTURES

ON JANUARY 1st, 2nd 3rd and 4th

"UP THE ROAD WITH SALLIE"

Taken from the popular book of the same name by FRANCES STERRETT

A Superb Select Picture

WITH

LAUGHS GALORE — and THRILLS FOR PAPRIKA!

Booking at Robinson's

Change of Programme Every Day

4 SPECIAL MATINEES 4

On Thursday, Friday, Saturday and Sunday, January 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th at 3 p.m.

Business and Official Notices

(Second Section)

The China Press

大陸報

SHANGHAI, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1919

Classified Advertisements

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

2 cents a Word (Minimun Charge 40 cents)

Dramatic Performance

By 10 Chinese Students

"MERCHANT OF VENICE"

and

"THE BELGIAN ORPHANS' CHRISTMAS"

in

UNION CHURCH HALL

Tuesday, 5 p.m. and 8.15 p.m.
Wednesday, 5 p.m. (for Russian Refugee Fund)

Admission $3 and $1
Children half price.

27171

NOTICE

I hereby give notice that I have appointed Messrs. A. Arnaud-Coste & R. V. Dent, 14 Hankow Road, Shanghai, Sole Buyers and Agents for Shanghai and North China of our CHAMPAGNES known under the mark of MOET & CHANDON, Epernay.

H. MOET.

Shanghai, 24th December, 1919.

27155

District Grand Lodge Massachusetts Constitution

The Annual Meeting of the District Grand Lodge, Massachusetts Constitution, will take place on Tuesday, January 6th, 1920, at 9.00 p.m. All Brethren are invited to attend.

J. D. GAINES,
District Grand Secretary.

Shanghai, December 29th, 1919.

27156

LOST

Notice is hereby given that a native bank order No. 10451, issued by the Taing Sung Chien Chi Bank (), Soochow, for $100, due on the 5th day of the 5th moon last, has been declared to have been lost; and the public is hereby warned against dealing with the same.

27170

S.S. GRACE DOLLAR

The Steamer Grace Dollar has finished the discharge of her cargo at the Dollar Pai Lein Ching Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their bills-of-lading for counter-signature and take delivery of their goods. All claims against this steamer must be sent in within ten days after completion of the steamer's discharge or they will not be recognised. All risks at the wharf to be borne by the consignees of the goods. Examination of damaged cargo will take place at the wharf on December 30th, at 10:00 a.m.

The Robert Dollar Company

27140

Mme. DONTSUFF

15 RANGE ROAD

Orders taken. Prompt and punctual execution. Also hats for ladies on sale.

Lessons given in making of hats, course three months. 6-7.30 evenings.

26866

WATSON'S MINERAL WATER CO.

Beg to inform their customers, that their town office and Depot has been removed to No. 11 Ningpo Road, (opposite Carlton Cafe) where all orders for their high-grade Aerated waters will be promptly attended to.

Telephone, Central 2726.

27133

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 16

Ordonnance Consulaire

No. 21

Elections Municipales

29 DECEMBRE 1919

Nous, Dufaure de la PRADE, Vice-Consul de France, Gerant le Consulat General de France a Changhai,

Vu l'Article III du Reglement d'Organisation municipale du 14 Avril 1868, modifie par les Ordonnances Consulaires du 28 Decembre 1907, du 24 Decembre 1909 et du 15 Fevrier 1919,

Avons ordonne ce qui suit:

ARTICLE I

Les elections pour le remplacement de MM. L. LION, Membre Francais, et E. SASSOON, Membre Etranger, demissionnaires, et de MM. X. DARD, Membre Francais, J. W. Gallagher et L. CAMERA, Membres Etrangers, arrives au terme de leur mandat, sont fixees au Jeudi, 15 Janvier, mil neuf cent vingt.

Le scrutin sera ouvert de dix heures du matin a quatre heures de l'apres-midi.

ARTICLE II

La liste electorale, dressee conformement aux dispositions des Ordonnances Consulaires des 28 Decembre 1907, 24 Decembre 1909 et 15 Fevrier 1919, sera affichee aux lieux ordinaires, tant en la Chancellerie du Consulat General de France que dans les Bureaux du Conseil d'Administration Municipale, du premier Janvier au quinze Janvier mil neuf cent vingt.

ARTICLE III

Toutes reclamations ou contestations pouvant se produire au sujet des inscriptions d'electeurs seront jugees sommairement sans frais et sans recours par le Vice-Consul de France Soussigne, jusqu'au quatorze Janvier, mil neuf cent vingt, a Midi, heure a laquelle la dite liste electorale sera irrevocablement close et arretee.

ARTICLE IV

Les regles concernant le vote et l'eligibilite, telles qu'elles ont ete fixees par le reglement du 14 Avril 1868, modifiees par les Ordonnances Consulaires des 27 Decembre 1901, 28 Decembre 1907, 24 Decembre 1909 et 15 Fevrier 1919, devront etre appliquees.

ARTICLE V

Les fraudes et manoeuvres frauduleuses en matiere electorale seront jugees et poursuivies conformement aux dispositions de l'Art. 75 de la Loi du 28 Mai 1836.

Fait a Changhai,
Le vingt-neuf Decembre mil neuf cent dix-neuf
Le Vice-Consul de France,
Gerant le Consulat General de France,
Signe: Dufaure de la PRADE.

Pour copie certifiee conforme,
Changhai, le 29 Decembre 1919.
Le Vice-Consul, Chancelier,
Signe: Fernand ROY.

Ordonnance Consulaire

No. 22

Election de Commissaires Fonciers

LE 29 DECEMBRE 1919

Nous, Dufaure de la PRADE, Vice-Consul de France, Gerant le Consulat General de France a Changhai.

Vu l'Ordonnance Consulaire No. 19 en date du 16 Decembre 1919, rendant executoire le Reglement d'Expropriation de la Concession Francaise de Changhai,

Vu le § III de l'Art. 6 du dit Reglement, Avons ordonne et ordonnons ce qui suit:—

Des elections pour la nomination de 4 commissaires fonciers, 2 membres titulaires (1 Francais et 1 Etranger) et 2 membres suppleents (1 Francais et 1 Etranger) auront lieu en meme temps que les Elections Municipales le Jeudi, quinze Janvier, mil neuf cent vingt.

Fait a Changhai,
en l'Hotel Consulaire,
le 29 Decembre mil neuf cent dix-neuf
Le Vice-Consul de France
Gerant le Consulat General de France a Changhai,
Signe: Dufaure de la PRADE.

Pour copie certifiee conforme,
Changhai, le 29 Decembre 1919.
Le Vice-Consul, Chancelier,
Signe: Fernand ROY.

27173

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory
No. 20 Nanking Road
3rd floor

WHARF TARIFFS

The new Tariffs which come into force on January 1st, 1920 have been drawn up and are in course of distribution.

Any firms who have not received copies are requested to communicate with the Wharf Office concerned, when they will be at once supplied.

The new rates will apply to all goods not on Landing Accounts on December 31st, 1919.

Rioka Soko Kaisha, Ltd.
China Merchants' Wharves.
Holt's Wharf.
Kaiyosha's Pootung Wharf.
Nippon Yusen Kaisha's Wharves.
Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Wharves.
Robert Dollar Co.'s Wharf.
Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Co.'s Wharves.

26715

Shanghai Race Club

NOTICE

Qualified architects are invited by the Stewards to submit competitive designs for new Grand Stand and Club House: Public Stands and Pari-mutuels: Refreshment Rooms and conveniences for the Public, on a site in the Race Club enclosure.

Particulars and conditions of the competition may be obtained by written application to the undersigned.

By Order of the Stewards,
A. W. OLSEN,
Secretary, Shanghai Race Club.

27114

HONMA HOSPITAL
No. 8A Miller Road.
Tel. N. 2961

DR. K. HONMA
(former Assistant at the Imperial University at Fukuoka.)
Women's Diseases
Confinements, Surgery
X-Ray and diathermy
Examination with Uretroscope
Skin Diseases
Massage Treatment

FOR BRITISH AND AMERICAN
METALS, HARDWARE & SUNDRIES
PHONE OR WRITE TO
W. Z. ZEE & SONS
BROADWAY-SHANGHAI PHONE: NORTH 1468

Need a Typewriter?

Then—before you buy—be sure you have seen the

FOX VISIBLE

"THE TYPEWRITER THAT DOES BEAUTIFUL WORK"

For 20 years admittedly the lightest touch machine built

For 20 years proven to be the most durable machine built

Price in America: Gold $110.00
" " Shanghai: Mex. $110.00
And the Baby Fox Portable at Mex. $70.00

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.
22 Nanking Road, Shanghai

"OF COURSE WE ARE THE EXCLUSIVE DEALERS"

Motor-Cyclists—Know Your Speed

A STEWART SPEEDOMETER

will increase the joy of motor-cycling. You can know at a glance just how fast you are riding.

Distributors and Service Station for China of Stewart Products

The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

The Kailan Mining Administration

HOUSEHOLD COAL

On and after 17th November, the price will be $13 per ton delivered (Cash with Order).

Application to 1 Jinkee Road Tel. Central 1115.

26698

BLANKETS

For Sale

NEW consignment of grey wool, double blankets, size 82" x 66", weight 5 lbs. For particulars, apply Trans-Pacific Corporation, 103 Szechuen Road. Tel. C. 2671

27045

SHANGHAI-NANKING RAILWAY

OPENING OF NEW STATION, AND REVISION OF WOOSUNG LINE SERVICE.

On the 1st January next, a new Station, to be known as "Tientungan" will be opened on the Woosung Branch at the point where the Line crosses the North Szechuen Road Extension.

On and from the same date the Woosung Branch Line service will be revised as follows:—

DOWN TRAINS

Stations		34	36	38	40	42	44 Mixed train	46	48	50	52	54
Shanghai North	out	6.10	7.35	9.00	10.25	11.50	13.15	14.40	16.05	17.30	18.55	20.20
Tientungan	in	6.14	7.39	9.04	10.29	11.54	13.19	14.44	16.09	17.34	18.59	20.24
	out	6.15	7.40	9.05	10.30	11.55	13.20	14.45	16.10	17.35	19.00	20.25
Kiangwan	in	6.20	7.45	9.10	10.35	12.00	13.25	14.50	16.15	17.40	19.05	20.30
	out	6.22	7.47	9.12	10.37	12.02	13.27	14.52	16.17	17.42	19.07	20.32
Woosung Forts	in	6.45	8.10	9.35	11.00	12.25	13.50	15.15	16.40	18.05	19.30	20.55

UP TRAINS

Stations		33	35	37	39	41	43 Mixed train	45	47	49	51	53
Woosung Forts	out	6.50	8.15	9.40	11.05	12.30	13.55	15.20	16.45	18.10	19.35	21.00
Kiangwan	in	7.13	8.38	10.03	11.28	12.53	14.18	15.43	17.08	18.33	19.58	21.23
	out	7.15	8.40	10.05	11.30	12.55	14.20	15.45	17.10	18.35	20.00	21.25
Tientungan	in	7.20	8.45	10.10	11.35	13.00	14.25	15.50	17.15	18.40	20.05	21.30
	out	7.21	8.46	10.11	11.36	13.01	14.26	15.51	17.16	18.41	20.06	21.31
Shanghai North	in	7.25	8.50	10.15	11.40	13.05	14.30	15.55	17.20	18.45	20.10	21.35

BY ORDER,
THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

BANQUE INDUSTRIELLE DE CHINE.

INCREASE OF CAPITAL FROM 75 MILLIONS TO 150 MILLIONS OF FRANCS.

The Bank's shareholders, at an extraordinary meeting held at Paris on 28th of November, 1919, have authorised the Board of Directors to increase the Bank's capital from 75 millions to 150 millions of Francs by the issue of 150,000 new shares of Francs 500 face value.

A certain number of shares has been reserved for the Bank's clients in the Far East.

Face value of the fully paid up shares: Francs 500.00.

Issued at a premium of Francs 165.00, making Francs 665.00 for he fully paid up shares.

Or half paid-up shares at Francs 250.00 plus premium of Francs 165.00, making Francs 415.00 per share (half paid-up).

The new issue will carry the same rights and privileges as the old issue, and the new shares will rank for dividends equally with the old shares from 1st January, 1920.

THE BANQUE INDUSTRIELLE DE CHINE at Shanghai is prepared to receive subscriptions up to 31st December, 1919, and will quote special favorable rates of exchange.

26861

Municipal Notification

No. 2647.

7 PER CENT. LOAN, 1919.

Price of Issue until futher notice 95 per cent.

UNDER the authority of Resolution V passed at the Annual Meeting of Ratepayers on April 9, 1919, the Council hereby invites applications for debentures in the 7 per cent. Loan of 1919.

The debentures in this issue will bear interest from the date of purchase at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum payable on June 30 and December 31 in each year.

They will be issued at 95 per cent. until further notice and will be redeemed on December 31, 1921.

The scrip will be issued in denominations of Tls. 1,000, Tls. 500 and Tls. 100 to suit the convenience of applicants, but no allotment for a less amount than Tls. 500 nominal will be made except to depositors in the Municipal Investment Bank.

Application forms can be obtained from the Treasurer, Finance Department, 24B Kiangse Road, to whom all enquiries should be addressed.

By order,
E. S. B. ROWE,
Assistant Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, August 28, 1919.

26703

Dr. M. H. Katzen

of the Paris University,
Physician and Surgeon.

WOMEN'S, CHILDREN'S AND INTERNAL DISEASES.

Consulting hours:
11.00 a.m.—1.00 p.m.
4.00 p.m.—6.00 p.m.

4 PARK LANE
(near Quinsan Gardens)
Telephone North 3114.

26931

Money Cannot Buy More

It's made a real hit, and no wonder with such a beautiful Crepe de Chine. Hand-made, pure, in its original shade, it is offered to you in one piece, ten yards long and twenty six inches wide. Makes beautiful shirts. As a present for either sex what better article could you choose? There is sufficient Crepe in the piece to make the most beautiful dresses. For women's underwear it can't be beat. Think of the memories this Crepe brings to its owner. Think of the distance from whence it comes. Think of Marco Polo, of Kublai Kahn, of Kings, Queens and Millionaires. The richest people in the world cannot buy, any finer, more pliable silk than this Crepe de Chine. The price of twenty dollars per piece is within reach of all. Send along your cheque or Chinese postal money order, and we will at once mail you one piece of Szechwan Crepe de Chine, postage free. If you really want to be keen, send her a piece of Crepe de Chine.

WIDLER & CO.
Chungking, West China.

APARTMENTS

WINDSOR HOUSE, 14-15 Quinsan Gardens. One small front room to let, from 1st January. Telephone North 432.

Connaught House
8 Quinsan Gardens.
BOARD—RESIDENCE
Apply to
Mrs. G. POLLOCK.

TO LET, with board, comfortable newly furnished flat, comprising two large rooms, a smaller room, and modern fitted-out bathroom. Telephone, garage and stabling. Suitable for married couple or two bachelor friends. Apply to Box 166, THE CHINA PRESS.

ORIENTAL HOUSE
31 Boone Road
ONE large room and one large attic, front, facing garden, hot water, with bath attached. Suitable for married couples or bachelors. Moderate prices. Table under the personal supervision of the American proprietress. Tel. North 1102.

27034

TO LET, Wayside, one minute from trams, half house of two rooms and kitchen, with light, taxes and water, $30 monthly. Apply to Box 170, THE CHINA PRESS.

27169 D.31

TO LET, large room, bathroom attached, also small room. Apply 22A North Szechuen Road.

27163 D.31

NICELY furnished rooms to let with board, or board alone. Use of telephone, etc. Apply 78 Pubbling Well Road, or 'phone West 1473.

27125 J.7

TO LET, from first January, in Avenue Joffre, furnished apartment with kitchen. Rent moderate. Apply to Box 159, THE CHINA PRESS.

27138 D. 30

SMALL attic room to let, with board, in central district, close to trams. For terms, apply to Box 162, THE CHINA PRESS.

27141 D. 31

PRIVATE English family has large comfortable furnished room for rent, with board, $100. Near Public Park, two minutes from tram, 18 minutes from Palace Hotel. Apply to Box 163, THE CHINA PRESS.

27146 D. 30

KINGMAN & BROS.

How to Preserve the Teeth

In order to keep the teeth in a good condition scientific precaution must be taken. Through negligence, decay and numerous other affections such as tooth-ache, dental periostitis esteo-periostitis, necrosis of the jaw, etc., may arise. During the process of ingestion, there are settled on the teeth, some deposits of mineral and organic matters, called tartar, which possesses a morbid power of pressing the gum. As an inevitable result of the presence of this tartar, the teeth will become elongated and movable and will, by degrees, absorb away the enamel, leading ultimately to the decay and degeneration of the teeth. The tartar is so hard and resistant to the process of brushing that it cannot be scraped off except with dental instruments specially devised for that purpose.

Dr. KINGMAN offers to the public his service for preserving their teeth at an annual subscription Fee of $10.00 per head to be paid in advance.

The work to be done by Dr. KINGMAN to the subscribers consists in:—

(1) Cleaning of the teeth quarterly
(2) Filing with gold platinum alloy only, when the teeth present holes.
(3) Inspecting the teeth at any time at the desire of the subscribers.

No. 40, Szechuen Road, Shanghai.

Prof. I. K. Seto
TURKISH BATH
and Massage Establishment
Specialities:—Rheumatism; Nervousness; Fat people reduced; etc.
No. 85 Szechuen Road, (Corner Nanking Road), Tel. C. 2768

Dr. James Yuking's
Office for Venereal Diseases
is now removed to
73 NANKING ROAD.
Hours: 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. daily and by appointment.
Special consideration to men in uniform.

SITUATIONS VACANT

WANTED by foreign firm, a Chinese of good education, good character, and with some proper business experience, to travel to chief provincial cities of north and central China. An excellent opportunity for the right type of man. Only those who have a satisfactory record in previous employment, can give suitable guarantee, and can pass a doctor's examination for health and physique for travelling, need apply to Box 171, THE CHINA PRESS.

27172 D.31

COMPRADORE wanted for an established business. Excellent opportunity for wide-awake man. Apply to Box 165, THE CHINA PRESS.

27154 J.1

WANTED by an American concern, an efficient stenographer (lady preferred). Apply to Box 161, THE CHINA PRESS.

27144 D. 31

PROFESSIONAL

POLISH Professor, who has had ten years teaching experience in the Warsaw Musical Academy, desires to give piano lessons. Apply No. 1 Young Allen Terrace.

27161 J.1

PIANO LESSONS: G. Manikus, 1st prize Conservatorium Amsterdam, accepts engagements for dancing parties, etc. 22A North Szechuen Road.

27162 D.31

SITUATIONS WANTED

AMERICAN, well-recommended, general office experience, knowledge of coding, invoicing and filing, wants position. Salary Tls. 150. Apply to Box 168, THE CHINA PRESS.

27160 D.30

HOUSES WANTED

WANTED in Wayside or Yangtzepoo district, house or flat, unfurnished or furnished. Apply to Box 167, THE CHINA PRESS.

27158 J.1

WANTED after 1st March, for nine or more months, well-furnished six-roomed house, with garden and garage, in French Concession. Apply to Box 156, THE CHINA PRESS.

27126 J.9

WANTED, furnished or unfurnished small house or flat, good location, for first February. Apply to Box 117, THE CHINA PRESS.

27018 D. 30

HOUSES TO LET

TO LEASE, large comfortable house, ample servants' quarters, garage and stable, 20 Robinson Road (at Jessfield Road). Apply premises, or J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

27051

APARTMENTS WANTED

AMERICAN couple desire two rooms, furnished or unfurnished, full board, convenient to Kalee Hotel. Apply to Box 158, THE CHINA PRESS.

27135 D. 30

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

OFFICES to lease, single, or suites of two to three rooms, on ground and first-floors. Central district, close to Bund. Apply J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

26876

EXCHANGE AND MART

TO be taken over, against cash payment only (owners going home), boarding house of 12 rooms, well-furnished, with electrical fixtures, separate bathroom each bedroom, garden and tennis court, cheap rental, favorably situated at tram-section Western district. Only bona-fide buyers will be considered. Apply to Box 169, THE CHINA PRESS.

27167 J.1

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 11

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital £2,000,000
Reserve Fund 2,900,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders £2,100,000

Head Office:
28 Bishopsgate, London, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Duncan Carmichael.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
James Maxwell Grant Prophit, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminster and Parrs Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amritsar	Ipoh	Puket
Bangkok	Karachi	Rangoon
Batavia	Klang	Saigon
Bombay	Kobe	Seremban
Calcutta	Kuala Lumpur	Singapore
Canton	Madras	Shanghai
Cebu	Manila	Sourabaya
Colombo	Medan	Taiping
Delhi	New York	(F. M. S.)
Halphong	Peking	Tavoy
Hankow	Penang	(Lower Burma)
Hongkong	Yokohama	Tientsin
Iloilo		

Shanghai Branch 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought, Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

C. J. SCOTT.
Acting-Manager.

anque De L'Indo-Chine

Capital .... Frs. 48,000,000.00
Reserve .... Frs. 50,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:

Bankok	Hanoi	Saigon
Battambang	Hongkong	Shanghai
Canton	Mengtze	Singapore
Djibouti	Noumea	Tientsin
Doudichery	Peking	Tourane
Haiphong	Papoete	
Hankoou	Pnom-Penh	

Bankers:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des-Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et commercial; Societe Generalle.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN.
Manager.

The Exchange Bank of China

SHANGHAI BRANCH
41 Kiangse Road.

Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Knabex."

Capital .....Yen 10,000,000

Head Office ..... Peking.
Registered in the Ministry of Finance.

General Banking Business of Every Description transacted.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange Business a specialty. We issue Demand Drafts, T/T, Letters of Credit, Buying and Selling Specie, etc., etc.

Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills discounted.

Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Moji, Singapore, Bombay, London, New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin, Hankow, Kiukiang, Tsingtau, Dairen, Changchun, Mukden, Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

T. G. KONG.
Manager. Shanghai, 15th February, 1919.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital ... $15,000,000

Reserve Funds:—
Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2/- $15,000,000
Silver 21,000,000
$36,000,000

Reserve liability of Proprietors $15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG

Court of Directors:
J. A. Plummer, Esq., Chairman.
Hon. Mr. E. V. D. Parr, Deputy Chairman.
J. W. C. Bonnar, Esq.
A. H. Compton, Esq.
Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell.
C. S. Gubbay, Esq.
P. H. Holyoak, Esq.
Hon. Mr. J. Johnstone.
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.
Ross Thomson, Esq.

Chief Manager.
Hongkong—N. J. Stabb.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Ipoh	Penang
Bangkok	Johore	Rangoon
Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	S. Francisco
Calcutta	London	Shanghai
Canton	Lyons	Singapore
Colombo	Malacca	Sourabaya
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Harbin	New York	Vladivostock
Iloilo	Peking	Yokohama

London Bankers:
London County Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN.
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid) .	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	26,960,000
Capital Contributed by Chinese Government	Kup. Tls. 3,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head office: Petrograd.
Paris office: 9 Rue Boudreau.
London office: 64 Old Broad. Street, E. C. 2.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Milan: Credito Italiano.

FAR EASTERN BRANCHES:

Bombay	Hailar	Nicolayewsk
Chanchun	Hankow	O/Amur
(Kwan-chendze)	Harbin	Peking
	Hongkong	Shanghai
Chefoo	Manchouli	Tientsin
Dairen (Dalny)	Newchwang	Vladivostock
		Yokohama

Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, and Dollars. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JEZIERSKI,
Manager for Asia.

The Bank Of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital $60,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital . $12,279,800.00
Reserve Fund ... $1,298,522.60
Special Reserve Fund $1,898,033.68

Head Office: Peking.
Branches and Agencies:

Peking	Taiyuan	Shanghai
Tientsin	Kaifong	Hankow
Chanchun	Wuhu	Ichang
Antung	Anking	Changsha
Dairy	Hangchow	Nanchang
Moukden	Ningpo	Kiukiang
Newchwang	Nanking	Foochow
Harbin	Chinkiang	Amoy
Kirin	Hsuchow	Canton
Tsinan	Soochow	Hongkong
Chefoo	Wusieh	Swatow
Tsingtao	Yangchow	Chungking

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
3 Hankow Road.

Loans granted on approved Securities. Local Bills discounted. Interests allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels or Dollars according to arrangement.

Sung Han-chang,
Manager.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Societe Anonyme
Filiale de la Societe Generale Belgique
(THE BELGIAN BANK)

Paid-up Capital £2,000,000
Reserves £431,800

Head office: BRUSSELS
London: 2 Bishopsgate, E.C.2
Branches: Alexandria, Tantah, Cairo, Peking, Tientsin,
Agents:
New York: 31 Pine Street
Manchester: 31 Mosley Street

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouverneur de la Societe Generale Belgique

Bankers:
London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque Nationale de Credit.
Lyons: Banque Nationale de Credit.
Marseilles: Banque Nationale de Credit.
New York: Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in gold or local currency and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

SavingsBank Office:
12 The Bund and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be represented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidental Mandates of April 7th, 1914. and October 31, 1915.

Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
Over 60 Branches and Agencies at principal cities and commercial centers in China.

Agencies abroad: Singapore, Hongkong, Tokyo (Japan).

SHANGHAI BRANCH
35 Szechuen Road

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Y. M. CHIEN Acting Manager.

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1907.
Paid-Up Capital ...$1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund $91,347.41

Head Office: Shanghai
Peking and Kiangse Roads.
Tels: Managers' Office: Cen. 2650
General Office: Cen. 2613 & 2614

Branches:
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.

FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS
London, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe and Osaka.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Gold Dollars, Sterling and Yen according to arrangement.

Interest allowed on Deposits at Call both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Domestic and Foreign Drafts purchased and sold.

Credit granted on approved securities.

Savings accounts—4% per annum.

Every description of banking business transacted.

Modern Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent.

Shen Chu Hsu, Manager.
Shu Chin Min, Sub-Manager.
C. C. Yang, Sub-Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Owned by
THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK,

Capital & Surplus U.S. $8,500,000
Undivided Profits U.S. $1,054,000

Head Office:
National City Bank Building,
55 WALL STREET, NEW YORK
London Office: 36 Bishopsgate E.C.
Lyons Office: 27 Place Tolozan
San Francisco Office:
232 Montgomery Street

Branches:

China	Philippines
Shanghai	Manila
Peking	Cebu
Tientsin	
Tsingtau	Straits Settlements
Hankow	Singapore
Hongkong	
Canton	Dominican Republic
Manchuria	Santo Domingo
Harbin	
India	San Pedro de Macoris
Bombay	
Calcutta	Sanchez
Rangoon	Santiago
Japan	Puerto Plata
Yokohama	
Kobe	Panama
Java	Panama
Batavia	Colon
Soerabaya	

Branches of
THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK

Argentina	Venezuela
Buenos Aires	Caracas
Once (Buenos Aires)	Maracaibo
Rosario	Siberia
	Vladivostok
Brazil	Italy
Bahia	Genoa
Pernambuco	Porto Rico
Porto Alegre	San Juan
Rio de Janeiro	Colombia
Santos	Medellin
Sao Paulo	Russia
	Moscow
Chile	Petrograd
Santiago	Spain
Valparaiso	Madrid
Uruguay	Trinidad
Montevideo	Port of Spain

Branches in Havana and 21 of the principal cities of Cuba.

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits in local and foreign currencies taken at rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

H. C. GULLAND, *Manager.*
1a Kiukiang Road.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital ... Sh. Tls. 5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.

On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. G. MARSHALL.
Chief Manager.

中華銀行 Chung Foo Union Bank

(Established in 1917.)
Statutes approved by the Government in 1916.
Head Office: Tientsin

Subscribed Capital .. $2,000,000
Paid-Up Capital $1,020,000
Reserve Fund .....$ 20,000

Managing Director:
T. CLARENCE SUN
Deputy Managing Director:
NIEH CHI-WEI

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities and Foreign Countries:

Tientsin	Chinkiang	Ichang
Shanghai	Soochow	Changsha
Peking	Wusieh	Shasai
Hankow	Hangchow	Wuhu
Nankipr	Ningpo	London
Yangchow	Shaoshing	New York
Heuchow	Canton	S. Francisco
Pengpu	Hongkong	Boston
Changchun	Changtch	Tokio
Antung	Chengchow	Kobe
Kiukiang	Tsinkiangpu Yokohama	Osaka

And also other principal cities in foreign countries.

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
S. 441 Ningpo Road.

Tel. Central 1929 Managers' Office
Tel. Central 2618 General Office.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted Interest allowed on Current Account and Fixed Deposits both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. SUN, Manager,
T. D. Zar, Sub-Manager.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(Netherlands Trading Society.)
Established 1824.

Paid-up-Capital: Guilders 30,000,000 (about £6,666,666)
Reserve Funds: Guilders 14,590,545 (about £1,215,879)
Special Reserves: Guilders 17,000,000 (about £1,416,666)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:

Bandjermasin	Penang
Bandoeng	Pontianak
Cheribon	Rangoon
Djember	Semarang
Djokjakarta	Singapore
Hongkong	Soerabaya
Kota-Radja	Soerakarta
Langsa	Tebing-Tinggi
Makassar	Tegal
Medan	Telok-Betoh
Padang	Tjilatjap
Palombang	Weltevreden
Pekalongan	

London Bankers
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

Shanghai Interest Allowed on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG.

The Chekiang Industrial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1908.
Capital $1,000,000
Reserve Fund $50,000
Head Office, Branches & Agencies.
Hangchow, Shanghai, Haimon, Lanchi.

Agencies at the principal Cities throughout China.

Foreign Agencies:—London, New York, Tokio, Yokohama, Osaka, Kobe, Hakodata, Seoul and Fusan.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
U 39 Peking Road.
Tel. No. C. 3145, Manager's Office.
Tel. No. C. 2147, General Office.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Interest allowed on Current and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Sterling, Gold Dollars and Yen according to arrangements.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Safe Deposit Boxes for rent on application.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
4% Compound Interest allowed on Savings Current Deposits.

Interest allowed on Savings Fixed Deposits according to arrangements.

Cheque-books or Savings Pass-books at Depositor's disposal.

Li Ming, *Manager.*
Chen Sin Tseng, *Sub-manager.*
Zai Moh Zung, *Sub-manager.*

THE BANK OF CANTON, LIMITED.

Incorporated 1912

Capital (fully paid) .....H.$2,000,000.00
Reserve Fund...H.$ 400,000.00
Investment reserve fund ...H.$ 40,000.00

Head Office
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong

Shanghai Office
No. 2 Ningpo Road

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES

Canton	Bangkok	S. Francisco
Batavia	Bombay	Colombo
New York	Manila	Samarang
London	Singapore	Calcutta
Honolulu	Rangoon	Yokohama
Sourabaya	Canada, etc.	

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG,
Act. Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Subscribed Capital .. £1,500,000
Paid up Capital 750,000
Reserve Fund 700,000

Head Office. 15 Gracechurch Street, London, E. C.

London Bankers:
London Joint City and Midland Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	Handy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Port Louis
Delhi	Kota Bahru	(Mauritius)
Galle	(Kelantan)	Rangoon
Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
	Singapore	

Shanghai Branch.

EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Teal Current Accounts at 2 % per annum and Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. BEATH Manager.
26 The Bund.

Banking Service with AMERICA

...ersonal

...ters now engaged in, or ...ith America would do well ...ecial nature of our facili... ...l interest we take in every ...nsactions.

...irect banking service—with... ..., or unnecessary delays.

...ur personal service. Every ...through, both here and in ...presentatives with a personal ...hich is evident in the service

...n you about America?

...in the Far East:

Shanghai

Corner Kiukiang and Kiangse Roads
Other branches in
Canton — Changsha — Hankow — Hongkong — Manila — Peking — Tientsin

Asia Banking Corporation

New York

CAPITAL U.S. $4,000,000 SURPLUS U.S. $1,100,000

STOCKHOLDING BANKS]
Anglo and London, Paris National Bank, San Francisco
Bankers' Trust Company, New York City
Continental & Commercial National Bank, Chicago, Ill.
First National Bank of Portland, Oregon
Guaranty Trust Company of New York
Guardian Savings & Trust Company, Cleveland, Ohio
Mercantile Bank of the Americas, New York City
National Bank of Commerce, Seattle, Washington
National Shawmut Bank, Boston, Mass.

PARK-UNION

FOREIGN BANKING CORPORATION

HEAD OFFICE: 56 Wall Street, New York

Fully Paid Capital and Surplus $2,250,000

OWNED AND CONTROLLED BY

The National Park Bank, New York — Union Bank of Canada

DIRECTORS:

Richard Delafield	H. B. Shaw
Stuyvesant Fish	R. O. McCulloch
Gilbert G. Thorne	Stanley E. Elkin
Cornelius Vanderbilt	Stephen Haas
R. H. Williams	F. E. Kenaston
E. C. Hoyt	W. J. Dawson
A. P. Villa	F. L. Appleby
Sir Wm. Price	T. Fred Aspden

Charles A. Holder, President

BRANCHES:

SAN FRANCISCO — SEATTLE
PARIS — TOKYO — YOKOHAMA

SHANGHAI BRANCH:

No. 1 KIUKIANG ROAD
TELEPHONE CENTRAL 1174

THE SHANGHAI COMMERCIAL & SAVINGS BANK LTD.

9 Ningpo Road, Shanghai

Capital (paid-up) $1,000,000.00
Deposits $5,248,000.00
Reserves ..... $ 60,000.00

Branches and agencies throughout China.
Correspondents in London, New York, Paris, Berlin, Tokyo, Amsterdam, Chicago, Seattle, San Francisco, Manila, Singapore, Osaka, and Kobe.

Your business is solicited.

Cable Address: "Comsaybank"
K. P. CHEN, General Manager.

Provisions Prices In Local Market

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hongkew Market compiled on December 23, 1919.

Butcher's Meat		
Beef	per lb.	14-20
Mutton	,,	16-26
Pork	,,	25-30
Veal	,,	25-30
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	16-18
Cod	,,	18-20
Mandarin	,,	20-30
Mackerel	,,	20-25
Pomfret	,,	20-25
Salmon	,,	18-20
Samli	,,	none
Soles	,,	18-20
Whitebait	,,	20-24
Game, Poultry And Eggs		
Deer	each	$1.50-2.000
Duck	,,	40-60
Hare	each	30-35
Eggs	per doz.	18-20
Fowl	per lb.	18-20.
Geese	each	80-1.00
Partridge	,,	40-45
Pheasant	,,	50-60
Pigeons	,,	16-18
Quail	,,	14-16
Snipe	,,	14-16
Teal	,,	14-16
Turkey	per lb.	55-60
Woodcock	each	40-50
Wild Duck	,,	30-35
Wild Geese	,,	35-45
Wild Pigeons	,,	10-12
Fruit		
Apricots	per lb.	none
Apples	,,	16-20
Bananas	,,	5-6
Figs	per doz.	none
Grapes	per lb.	none
Lemons	each	5-6
Lichees	per lb.	none
Mangoes	each	none
Oranges	per lbs.	8-10
Peaches	per lb.	none
Pears	,,	10-12
Persimmons	,,	none
Peeboes	,,	none
Plums	,,	none
Pumeloes	each	15-20
Pineapples		none
Strawberries	per lb.	none
Walnuts	,,	14-15
Vegetables		
Artichokes	per lb.	2-3
Asparagus	per doz.	none
Bread Beans	per lb.	8-10
Beetroot	per bunch	2-3
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	none
Cabbage	each	3-5
Carrots	per bunch	2-3
Cauliflower	each	15-30
Celery	per bunch	8-10
Egg Plant	per lb.	6-8
French Beans	,,	18-20
Green Corn	each	none
Leeks	per bunch	2-3
Mushrooms	per lb.	none
Onions	,,	6-8
Parsnips	per bunch	3-4
Peas	per lb.	none
Potatoes	per picul	$2.50-$3.00
Spinach	per lb.	3-4
Tomatoes	,,	5-6
Turnips	per bunch	1-2
Grain And Flour		
Flour, American	per 50 lbs.	4.00
Flour, Australian	,,	$3.60
Flour, Shanghai	,,	$3.40
Rice	per 200 lbs.	$7.00
Milk		
Foreign dairies	per bottle	20
Chinese dairies	,,	17
Fuel		
House Coal	per ton	Tls. 18.50
Stove Coal	,,	Tls. 22.00
Firewood	per 50 bundles	$1.00
Laundry		
Per 100 articles		$3.00-$4.00

E. KILNER,
Chief Inspector.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital ..... Francs 45,000,000 one-third of the Capital, i. e. Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC

Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthelot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

Head Office
74, Rue St. Lazare, Paris.
Branches in Marseille, Vladivostock, Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Hongkong, Canton, Foochow, Saigon, Haiphong and Yunanfou

BANKERS:
In France: Societe Generalle pour Favoriser le Development du Commerce & de l'Industrie en France.
In London: London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank Ltd.
London City & Midland Bank Ltd.
In New-York: Redmond & Co.
In Italy: Banca Commerciale Italiana Credito Italiano

Taels, Dollars, Gold Accounts

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in Gold or Local Currency and fixed deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Savings accounts in Gold and Local Currency.

G. LION, Manager.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: Yokohama Japan.

		Yen
Capital	Subscribed	100,000,000
,,	Paid up	61,000,000
Reserve Fund		Y.28,000,000

London Bankers:
The London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
The London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd

Branches and Agencies

Batavia	Los Angeles	S. Francisco
Bombay	London	Seattle
Buenos Ayres	Lyons	Shanghai
	Manila	Shimonoseki
Calcutta	Mukden	Singapore
Chanchun	Nagasaki	Sourabaya
Dairy	Newchwang	Sydney
Hankow	New York	Tientsin
Harbin	Osaka	Tokio
Hongkong	Peking	Tsinanfu
Honolulu	Rangoon	Tsingtao
Kaiyuen	Rio de Janeiro	Vladivostock
Kobe		

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa, China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

Financial And Commercial News

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, December 29, 1919.

Money and Bullion

Sovereigns: Bank buying rate, @ 7/10=Tls. 2.5532
@ exch. 73.3=Mex. $3.4832
Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate, @ 150¼=Tls. 66.56
@ exch. 73.3=Mex. $90.80
Mex. Dollars: Market Rate: 72.95
Shanghai Gold Bars: ...Tls. 172
Copper Cash ... per tael 186.300
Native Interest ..... Tls. 28

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver ..... Dec. 24, 77⅛d.
Bank Rate of Discount 6%
Ex., Paris on London Fr. 40
Ex., New York on London T.T. G.$3.53

Exchange Closing Quotations

London	T.T.	7/10
London	Demand	7/10¼
India	T.T.	135
Paris	T.T.	1605
Paris	Demand	1603
New York	T.T.	150
New York	Demand	150¼
Hongkong	T.T.	60
Japan	T.T.	33¼
Batavia	T.T.	387½
Singapore	T.T.	30

Bank's Buying Rates

	Nominal	
London	Demand	8/–
London	4 m/s. Cdts.	8/2¼
London	4 m/s. Docy.	8/2½
London	6 m/s. Cdts.	8/3¼
London	6 m/s. Docy.	8/3½
Paris	4 m/s.	1725
New York	o/d. Docy.	154
New York	4 m/s.	160¾

ROUBLES EXCHANGE

Today's Bank Buying Rate For Roubles

Roubles 15,500 .....=Tls. 100
Roubles 100 .....=Mex. $0.87

CUSTOMS HOUSE EXCHANGE RATES FOR DECEMBER

Hk. Tls.	2.44	@ 7/4¾	£1
„	1	@ 1433	Fr. 15.9¢
„	0.60	@ 149¾	Gold $1
„	1	@ 33¾	Yen 3.30
„	1	@ 15	Rupees 6.15
„	1	@ 1.50	Mex. $1.50
„	1	@ —	Roubles —

Stock Exchange Transactions

Shanghai, December 29, 1919.

Official
Samagagas Tls. 0.50
New Eng. Tls. 28.50

Unofficial
Anglo-Javas Tls. 7.00
New Eng. 35.00 March
Ewo Cotton (ord.) Tls. 760.00 March XD.
Y'poo (ord.) Tls. 41.00 Mar.
Trams "B" Tls. 62.50

PARIS EXCHANGE

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, December 27.—French exchange:

London	40.53
New York	10.54
Belgium	102.00
Spain	225.00
Italy	80.25
Bucharest	30.00
Geneva	189.00

French War Loans:

3 percent	59.90
4 percent 1917	71.05
4 percent 1918	71.75
5 percent	88.25

Culty Dairy Pays 15 Percent

The eighth annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Culty Dairy Company, Limited, was held in the office of the secretaries, Messrs. J. P. Bisset and Company, yesterday. Report and accounts for the year ended October 31, 1919, were presented and accepted. Mr. Philip Peebles occupied the chair and was supported by Dr. E. L. Marsh and Mr. R. F. C. Master, directors, and Messrs. A. Brown, A. A. Brady, R. U. Hummel and others.

The working account showed a profit of Tls. 30,267.27 as compared with Tls. 33,905.76 last year and milk sales amounting to Tls. 80,773.44 as against Tls. 73,821.36, showing an increase of Tls. 6,952.08. Five resolutions were passed. They are:

1.—That the directors' report and statement of accounts for the year ended October 31, 1919, as presented to shareholders be adopted. Proposer P. Peebles, Seconder Dr. E. L. Marsh.

2.—That the balance of Tls. 19,834.52 available for allocation be apportioned as follows:

	Tls.
To pay a final dividend of 8 percent (making 15 percent for the year) =Tls. 0.80 per share on 9,117 shares	7,293.60
To place to cattle reserve	10,000.00
To carry forward	2,540.92
	Tls. 19,834.52

Proposer P. Peebles, Seconder R. F. C. Master.

3.—That Mr. Philip Peebles be re-elected a director of the company. Proposer Dr. E. L. Marsh. Seconder R. Brown.

4.—That Messrs. Lowe, Bingham and Mathews be appointed auditors of the company for the ensuing year at a fee of Tls. 200.00 per annum. Proposer A. A. Brady, Seconder R. U. Hummel.

5.—That the directors' remuneration be increased from the present figure of Tls. 300 each to Tls. 600 each, the increase to be valid for the year ended October 31, 1919. Proposer R. Brown, Seconder A. A. Bready.

The chairman spoke as follows:

The reports and accounts have been in your hands some days and I will, with your permission, take them as read.

There is little I can tell you about the year's work which has been one of steady progress with few if any outstanding features.

During the year under review we have reached our record milk sales and it is satisfactory evidence of the popularity of our products that we are still unable to meet all the demands for milk, cream and butter. The limit of our stable accommodation is now almost reached and before we can make any extensive additions to our herd we shall be obliged to add further acommodation. This matter is now under the serious consideration of your directors.

In my remarks last year I congratulated the shareholders on the very low death and discard rate for the year and expressed the opinion that it was exceptionally low and that higher rates must be looked for in normal years. Our deaths and discards this year amount to 30 in number and represent a book value of Tls. 8,437, not a heavy death rate for so large a herd. We have added by purchase 21 cows and by natural increases 21, giving a total herd on October 31 of 244.

Early in the year we engaged the services of Mr. Orgard as assistant manager, a very considerable delay occurred before we were able to secure the services of a suitable man, and in Mr. Orgard we feel we have a very satisfactory and energetic assistant. His arrival will make it possible to permit Mr. Soegaard to go on leave to Europe next Spring, where in addition to taking a well deserved holiday he will look into some of the latest developments in dairy work in Denmark, France and England.

All purchased food stuffs have increased considerably in cost and this to a large extent discounts our increased milk production for as you will notice from the accounts that where as our gross sales are increased, our general expenses are also increased and by a slightly larger amount, this is due largely to the increased cost of food. Not only has food been more costly but it has been difficult to obtain the necessary food of a really good quality; we have however recently found a source from which we can get an excellent quality of cotton cake.

The absence of hay and the difficulty of obtaining green forage are two of the questions which are at present receiving attention, and a satisfactory solution of these will help considerably towards improved milk production and the prosperity of the dairy.

Since the closing of the accounts the dairy has been visited with another outbreak of rinderpest which resulted in the loss of 60 head of cattle, about half of which were young heifers which had not reached the milking stage and the remainder were milk cows. The cause of the disease was very carefully studied by Dr. Pratt and the management of the dairy and although there were isolated cases amongst the older cows, which we thought were immune, the large majority of our own bred cows escaped.

The outbreak was more puzzling in its effect on our young stock and Dr. Pratt is making a careful study with a view to trying to discover wherein the inoculation of these heifers was at fault. As you are perhaps aware very little is known of the disease and we are at present unable to offer any explanation of the cause of the recent outbreak. Certain conditions which we think may be open to suspicion have been rectified and we are endeavoring to get further information on the subject generally. Thanks to the cattle reserve which we have built up during the past two years we are able to recommend the payment of a final dividend on the same scale as last year without discounting our work for the coming year.

Of the accounts there is little I need add. The principal differences in working account as compared with last year are the increased milk sales and the increase in general expenses, the latter being, as I said before, mainly due to increased cost of food, and to a lesser extent the increased cost of management due to the engagement of the assistant manager.

Profit and loss account explains itself, in it we deal with all losses by death and discards and the general depreciation on our dairy buildings and accessories.

On the liability side of our balance sheet we show our cattle reserve amounting to Tls. 9,914.51 after deducting the difference between the natural appreciation in the value of our herd and the loss by death and discards. To this we propose to add Tls. 10,000 from our profit and loss account balance this year which will have the effect of leaving a balance substantially the same as that appearing in the accounts after we have written off the loss due to the recent outbreak. There is I think only one item on the assets side of the balance sheet to which I need refer, viz.: The amount of Tls. 1,382 refunded to the purchaser of our Route Doumer property, this represents the value of a small part of our old property which was included by a misunderstanding in the sale negotiated last year and the refund was arranged between the purchaser and ourselves as a just and proper way of setting the matter right.

I think there is nothing more in which I need remark, but should any point not be clear to you I will endeavor to give any further information which may be required.

Alma Estates Meeting

The tenth annual general meeting of the Alma Estates, Ltd., was held yesterday at 71 Szechuen Road.

Dr. R. S. Ivy presided (in the absence of Mr. E. T. Byrne) and was supported by Mr. J. H. Osborne (director), and Mr. C. J. L. Stewart (secretary).

The notice calling the meeting, and the report of the auditors having been read, the chairman said:

"Gentlemen.—With your permission I will follow the usual procedure and take the report and accounts as read.

"Last year when I had the pleasure of addressing you, rubber prices had reached a low ebb and the outlook was very uncertain so your directors did not consider it advisable to recommend a dividend.

"Later on in March, prospects were much better, an interim dividend of five percent was declared and shortly I shall have the pleasure of recommending another and final five percent, which will make 69 percent since the Company started.

"I think you will agree with me that in face of adverse conditions, the year's working is very satisfactory and you will note the cost of production has been maintained at a low level which reflects the hard work and economy exercised by the manager and his assistants.

"The prospects for the coming year are distinctly brighter as far as rubber is concerned, but exchange is up against us badly and we can only hope it is somewhat near the top.

"The report which is very complete gives you a good idea of the excellent condition of the Estate. You will note the trees are fairly free from disease and that the health of the coolies is good, both these items bulk largely in the expenses of many estates, so we can congratulate ourselves; at the same time various forms of fungoid diseases are creeping over the Peninsula, ruining acres of trees and it remains to be seen if rubber is going through a transition state in the same way as have other cultivations.

—Turning to the accounts, our sterling investments have naturally depreciated with the advance in exchange, we therefore propose to write off and place to investment exchange account the sum of Tls. 6,634.85 as a reserve.

"The amount of sundry losses is due to the estate having to buy rice for the labor force. All foodstuffs are very scarce in the Straits Settlements and instead of raising wages to correspond with the increase of prices we have bought the rice in bulk and are selling it to the laborers below cost.

"On behalf of the board I take this opportunity of expressing our appreciation of the work of our secretaries and general managers, the Straits agents and staff of the estate.

"This, gentlemen, is all I have to say, but before putting the resolutions to the meeting I shall be pleased to answer any questions to the best of my ability."

No questions were asked, and the following resolutions were adopted:

That the directors' report and statement of accounts for the year ended September 30, 1919, as presented be adopted and passed.

That a final dividend of five percent equal to 45 tael cents per share on the capital of the Company be paid to shareholders on record on December 29, 1919.

That Dr. R. S. Ivy be re-elected a director of the Company.

That Messrs. G. H. and N. Thomson be re-elected auditors of the Company for the ensuing year at a fee of Tls. 150.

Singapore Rubber Auction

The Netherlands Gutta-Percha Company send us the following report of the Singapore rubber auction of the 10th instant:

The quantity offered for the whole auction is about 1,000 tons.

Prices paid for various grades during the morning were as follows:

Fine Pale Crepe 97-1000 Palish to pale 93-96
Fine Ribbed Smoked Sheets 97-100
Fair to Good Ribbed Smoked Sheets 87-96
Good to Fine Brown Crepe 87-92 79-85
Scrap Crepe 72-78
Bark Crepe 65-71
Tendency, steady.

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For U.S., Canada and Europe:
Per P.M. s.s. Ecuador Jan. 3

For Japan
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yawata Maru Jan. 2

For Europe etc.
Per P. & O. s.s. Kashgar Dec. 30

MAILS DUE

From U.S. and Canada
Per C.M. s.s. Nanking Jan. 3

From France, etc.
Per M.M. s.s. Scharnhost Jan. 15

From India, etc.
Per P. & O. s.s. Dunera Jan. 3

The Oriental Hospital

Surgical and Venereal Diseases: Injections of all kind of vaccines, serums and 1914 (606); Tests of blood, treatment by X Ray and Diathermy.
Dr. K. WATANABE, A.M., M.D. (Japanese)
He studied medicine in Japan, America and Europe, so can speak English well.
21 HAINING ROAD
(fifth house from North Szechuen Road.)
SHANGHAI
Tel. North 2279.
21666

The China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

A PEACE RISK.
Who is carrying your death risk?
Is it your family,
or
A Life Assurance Office?
Why not let the China Mutual carry it?
HEAD OFFICE:
10 Canton Road, Shanghai.

Dr. E. G. Lobzowsky DENTIST

Four Years' Practice in New York.
Painless Extractions, Plate Crown Bridgework, Gold and Porcelain Inlays.
No. 3 G Peking Road
Tel. Central 1125

TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THE HIGH EXCHANGE

Carry a Gold Dolla. Account
WITH
AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY
No. 8 Kiukiang Road.

HANG SHUN TAI, FUR DEALERS

407 HONAN ROAD, Tel. C. 4319

Dealers in all descriptions of furs and skins

Most foreigners like to have something pleasant at Xmas time. Furs are more valuable than other gifts, but they are useful and lasting. We have established branches in all districts of China and some other countries and are experts in the selection of suitable Xmas gifts. We have just received a large consignment of Sable, Ermine, Seal, Skunk, White Fox and Squirrel, etc. for this purpose.

Please call at our store at once (as there is a sale on at present) before the rush comes on.

26573

Motor Truck Service

for transportation of any cargo, anywhere, at any time, in any weather.
FROM ship to godown, godown to ship or rail, or anywhere you please. Also in Chinese Territory where there are roads.
COST is below that of handcart or wheelbarrow.
CLOSED and open trucks, as desired can be furnished.
SAFE transit is guaranteed.
CRANES are supplied for handling heavy weights, such as safes, strong room doors, machinery, iron and steel, etc.
PRICES quoted on application are inclusive of all costs, haulage, coolie labour and guaranteed safety.

DAY AND NIGHT SERVICE

Commercial Transportation Co.

692 Tiendong Road Tel. North 2379

26722

"Kavkas Mercury & Vostochnoe" Ltd.

WAREHOUSING, INSURANCE AND TRANSPORT OF GOODS WITH ADVANCES.
Established 1840.
HEAD OFFICE IN PETROGRAD

FOREMOST Russian Steamship Company. Owners of over 300 Cargo and Passenger steamers, plying on the Vola, Kama, Oka, Kura and Caspian Sea.

Inclusive through transport rates quoted and through Bills of Lading issued to all parts of the world.

SPECIAL FACILITIES GANTED FOR SHIPMENTS TO AND FROM RUSSIA. Marine and War Insurance risk covered on first class policies at lowest current rates.

Charges and Invoices collected through our Branches and Agencies. BRANCH OFFICES AND WAREHOUSES IN ALL RUSSIAN TOWNS OF IMPORTANCE. Also in Great Britain France, Italy and United States of America.

M. A. MORDUCOVITCH, Manager.
Telephone No. 1478. The Bund

PHILIPPINE NATIONAL BANK

SOLE OFFICIAL DEPOSITORY OF THE PHILIPPINE GOVERNMENT
RESOURCES PESOS 261,000,000
HEAD OFFICES MANILA

GROWING IN PRESTIGE & CAPITAL

BRANCHES 37 BROADWAY, NEW YORK AND THROUGHOUT THE PHILIPPINES
CHECKING ACCOUNTS
SAVINGS ACCOUNTS
FIXED DEPOSITS
EXCHANGE BOUGHT & SOLD
LETTERS OF CREDIT
TRAVELLERS CHECKS
CORRESPONDENTS AT PRINCIPAL CITIES IN THE ORIENT UNITED STATES AND EUROPE

1, The Bund, Shanghai; Tel. C. 2741 J. W. MILLER, Manager

ILMS DEVELOPED **FREE**
We charge you for printing only.
A LARGE STOCK OF
KODAKS & FILMS
YOUNG PHOTO CO.
No. P61-62 Nanking Road (near Shantung Road).

FIRE WHERE WHAT CAUSED IT? THE FUSION OF AN ELECTRIC WIRE?

This Popular Explanation of the Cause of a

FIRE

Is Seldom Justified by the Facts

Improperly Installed and Inefficiently Maintained Electric Installations can do the same as any other Lighting or Heating Medium and Cause **FIRE**

When Plugs, Switches, Wires or other Apparatus which ought to be Cold become Hot notify
THE MUNICIPAL ELECTRICITY DEPARTMENT
66 Szechuen Road Telephone: C. 283

JUST OFF THE BOAT

direct from the
Sun-Bathed Orchards of America

Lovely Fresh Eating Apples and also just the same COOKING Apples you had back Home—Oh! the Apple Pie this Christmas!

Either kind, **$6.00** per 40 lb. boxes or smaller quantity if desired.

Send in your order before they are all sold

THE SINCERE CO., LTD.
Italian Warehouse Dept.

USE **PATTON'S SUN-PROOF PAINTS**

"SAVE THE SURFACE AND YOU SAVE ALL"

Applied by our Contracting Department

FEARON, DANIEL & CO., INC., SOLE AGENTS
B Kiangse Road, Shanghai (and at Tientsin, Hankow, Peking, Harbin) Phone: Central 103

The China Press

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR EXCEPT ON MONDAYS & HOLIDAYS

THE CHINA PRESS Incorporated, Delaware, Publishers

WEATHER

The gale will continue from N.-W. and probably decreasing in the North; from N. to N.-E. and increasing in the South. Fine weather and severe cold.

BIRTH

WOOTTEN: On the 28th December, 1919, to Mr. and Mrs. G. O. Wootten, a daughter.

27159

IMPARTIAL & PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, DEC. 30, 1919

The New Banking Situation

By T. R. Jernigan

THERE ought not to be any cause for alarm because business men of the West are in Peking with the view of establishing business relations with China. It is known that China is an undeveloped country, and as the government has indicated the wish to have it developed with the assistance of western money, there is no reason why western capitalists should not go to the seat of the Government and negotiate directly with those in authority.

And there is no justification whatever or warrant for any one to suppose and write the insinuation that western bankers could or would begin banking in China as the Japanese have or conduct it on the Japanese system. It should not be difficult to understand, and there is no excuse for not understanding, that the western banking system has no analogy to the system of banking inaugurated and practised by the Japanese in China. And certainly the system conducted under the Saxon flag is materially and radically unlike the Japanese system which the bankers of Japan are illustrating in their dealings with China and the Chinese.

The British and American Governments would very promptly withhold their approval of any of their respective nationals who came to China to loan the government money without proper respect for popular susceptibility in relation to the sovereign integrity of the country. If there is accuracy in the reports which have matured into a general belief, the Japanese have not only been quite indifferent about sovereign China but on the other hand invariably negotiate for as much of that sovereignty as possible in return for their loans. And because the Japanese bankers have found Chinese officials who were willing to mortgage all or part of their country for a loan of money the inference is in no sense just that a Saxon banker, whether from Britain or America, would seek out native officials of a like character with which to deal and with the motive attributed to bankers from Japan.

No record can be adduced showing that a Saxon banker ever wished or intimated that for the money he might loan China he would want a mortgage on any part of her territory, or a concession which practically conveyed rights of so vested a nature as to impair Chinese sovereignty, and such has not been the method of dealing by that race or by any of its nationality. There has been no effort made to search out Chinese officials who might be specially friendly in order to secure more favorable terms. When the negotiations concerned the Chinese government the purpose was to find the officials who were authorised to act for the government and deal with them. There was no delay to ascertain whether an official was biased more in favor of one nationality than another, and which was the favorite nationality, but to transact the business in hand with the properly constituted authority.

It is not here overlooked that there is doubt in the public mind as to where the properly constituted authority in China may be found. The western nations would appear to have found it at Peking, and have so accredited their chief diplomatic representatives, and consequently the banker goes to Peking. He could not ignore the act of his own government, although he might think it erroneous, or else he could not expect the protection of that government after deliberately disregarding its decision. No prudent man or patriotic citizen would thus repudiate what his own government had done.

And now upon what grounds could it be thought necessary to administer a caution to British and American bankers that they should not adopt the policy or follow the example of Japan? The Saxon banker has never resorted to any means to promote his interest which did not measure up to the highest standard of business morality. The great bankers of Britain and America who, in their quiet banking offices, direct and foster the commerce of the world would spurn the small means alleged to be employed by Japanese to practise usury on Chinese and despoil their country. There are American bankers in China at this present writing—the bankers who, during the war, participated and largely shared in financing the allied cause, and know what is meant by supplying the financial needs of a nation. They are in China to associate with Chinese financiers and bring to their attention the banking methods which have helped to make America the principal capitalist of the world. The land of China is not coveted, nor is there the disposition to demand of China security that would tend to embarrassment in the exercise of her sovereign rights. It is not desired to monopolise the trade and resources of any province, or to have part of any province excepted for exclusive exploitation. The position of the American government is unequivocal in opposition to the exclusive enjoyment of privileges in China by any nation, and being the author of the Open Door policy it will not be receded from and the proof will be ample and ocular in the near future.

If the statistics published concerning the power and resources of nations be considered there is no necessity for the American government to enter into an alliance either to safeguard or advance the interests of its business men, and it is very evident from the trend of public opinion that the American people are averse to alliances. But no business in China can be successful without the mutual confidence of the parties co-operating. There is a long list of business enterprises undertaken in China and which have failed for the want of mutual confidence, which has been more or less destroyed in the outset by the payment of bonuses, or of certain sums advanced by the seller to the buyer at the time of the making of the agreement of sale. Transactions of this nature reasonably excite suspicion, and especially in China where it has long been the custom to pocket the bonus or advancement as a silent part of the transaction.

If China will fully awake to her real and substantial welfare she will not hesitate closely to co-operate with the Saxon. Had she done so after declaring war against Germany instead of taking one step forward and two backward her prayer for deliverance from the very nation whose counsel was followed would be more readily heard and believed. As in the jurisprudence of a conqueror a motive can always be found for war, so in the aggressions of her Japanese counsellor China is experiencing the bitterness of the advice she preferred to follow. If China will realise this fact, it will open to her a brighter future.

Correspondence

DOG LICENSES

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS

Dear Sir:—It will not be many more days before the Council prepares the taxation for 1920, and with this in view I crave the hospitality of your columns and if possible the assistance of your editorial comments with regard to the dog license.

The Council's decision increasing the license to the somewhat prohibitive figure of $5 per animal during the middle part of the year was, if I am not mistaken, due to a case of rabies which resulted in the death of a European resident.

I fail to see how the increased tax can be of any assistance towards the Council's efforts in stamping out the occurrence or rabies, while no drastic steps are taken to shoot down the hundreds of unmuzzled Chinese wonks which wander in the night and early morn into the Settlements from the outskirts.

As to the method used by the dog-catchers, it is too well known to call for comment, and suffice to say mongrels are more fortunate than good dogs in escaping the attention of the catchers, for the majority of domesticated animals find their way to the Gordon Road kennels and not vice versa as it should be.

The system of dog taxation is not made compulsory as is the case with the house and other tax, and I do not think the number of licenses issued during the year (say 1,600 or thereabouts) actually represent the number of animals owned and kept by residents inside the Settlement. As a matter of fact, the increased fee has led many dog owners in Chapei for instance who live in houses near or abutting Municipal roads to stop taking out licenses, merely because their houses stand on Chinese territory.

If the Council look upon the dog taxation as a protective measure rather than from a financial point of view, a reasonable fee will in my opinion induce many dog-owners, foreigners as well as Chinese, to come forward to take out licenses, but should the present high fee be maintained, the Council would be doing a gracious act by making the taxation on a "sliding scale" basis for those who for sporting purposes, own more than one dog, and would at least remove a hardship. Yours faithfully.

SPORTSMAN.

Shanghai, Dec. 29, 1919.

Dr. Hubbard, C.S.B., Lectures Here On Christian Science

Before a large audience in Masonic Hall last evening, the following lecture on Christian Science by Dr. Walton Hubbard, C. S. B., member of the Board of Lectureship of the Mother Church, was delivered:

Had some great material legacy been given to you and you had learned under what conditions you might appropriate it, I am sure that you would feel a great sense of happiness and expectancy. And you would be willing and eager to do all that is necessary in order that you might quickly receive that which you believed would prove so great a blessing.

There is a gift which divine Love has given you. It is greater by far than all the treasure in the storehouses of the world. It gives to you what money cannot buy, for not only does it feed and clothe you, but it brings you bodily health, and peace and joy such as you have never known. This wonderful gift is the understanding and power which comes to you when you recognise your true relationship to God, and which when applied to human conditions brings health and harmony.

Divine Law Available

The explanation of God's law and its availability to all mankind was taught and demonstrated by Jesus the Christ, but for many centuries it has been maintained that the major portion of the reward for Christian living is to come at some future time, as if one has unlimited and immediately available funds in the bank but has been made to believe by his friends that the rules of the bank are such that he cannot use the money for many years to come. Christian Science furnishes the rule by which the power that Jesus used in accomplishing his wondrous works is made immediately available, and because its beneficent power can make over and bless every phase of our material existence it is the most important subject that can come to our consideration. The wisdom of this world has failed not only to heal from discord and sin but to heal from disease. And it will continue to fail in its treatment of disease until it is recognised that sickness is sick thought expressed on the body, and that sick thought is cast out through spiritual understanding. The wonder is that the fact that disease is mental has been hidden from the world for so long, and that human thought can continue to cling to material remedies in spite of their very apparent record of failure. That the patient must have faith in the physician in order to get results is quite generally admitted. Notwithstanding this admissoin, the human mind is so material in its thinking that it ignores the mental aspect of disease and continues its futile search in the material. In his daily practice the physician comes in contact with symptoms and conditions that cannot be accounted for materially. The moment one assumes that these are mental manifestations and looks for confirmation of this assumption he finds it on every hand.

During the time that I was studying medicine and before I actually engaged in the practice, the statement was made to me on several occasions and by different persons that any effect which followed the use of medicine was not material but mental. The idea seemed quite impossible to me at the time, still when things occurred that were of such a nature that they could not be accounted for on any material basis I remembered what had been said and finally I began to see that some things at least were mental. This investigation went on and finally resulted in the conviction that all disease is mental and that any result which has ever been obtained has come about as a mental manifestation. Where before I saw nothing but material conditions I could now see the mental factor everywhere. In my own experience I have seen a person who suffered from a condition for which I prescribed at various times, fail to receive any relief from one sort of tablet while the administration of a tablet containing just half the quantity of the same drug but with a different color and taste was always followed by most marked results. It has been my experience also that those people who believed that it took strong medicine to cure them were much more apt to be quickly benefited if the medicine through its disgusting taste impressed them as being very strong.

On the other hand I remember one person who thought he was unusually susceptible to the supposed action of drugs. No matter how minute the quantity of drug which was given him his illness was immediately very greatly increased, yet he insisted that he must have medicine. Powders that had no more medicinal action than chalk would produce this aggravation as well as medicine, so it was evident that this too was mental.

Material Methods Fail

Anyone who goes back into the history of material medicine is impressed by the fact that for practically every diseased condition there has been a continual succession of drugs, one following the other; and it is always claimed for the last one, with the greatest enthusiasm and positiveness that it certainly does heal the disease, and in support of this contention there may be offered the records of many cases that have been cured. Human thought is not much given to retrospection along this line. If it were it would remember that all the drugs that have followed each other in the treatment of disease, and have been successively discarded, have had the same glowing record when they were first used. The reason for this is that it is not the drug but the belief in it which accomplishes the healing. Those who discover and bring forth a remedy are strong in their belief that it will cure, because the remedy is the outcome of a definite conviction as to how the disease should be treated; so they obtain marked results, while those who prescribe the same drug later on have no such deep conviction, and because of their previous experience may be even mildly skeptical. This state of thought brings about failure.

Because the new remedy with its short-lived record of success always takes the place of the old with its final record of failure, these successive changes are announced in the name of progress. The extent of the failure is seen in the fact that every material thing, vegetable, mineral, and animal, which imagination conceived to have a medicinal action has been tried. The ignorance of the medical methods of a hundred years ago is laughed at by the men who seriously believe that extracts from calves and pigs can make them better men.

Now the history of every material method including surgery is the same as that of drugs. The results which come are according to the belief which is entertained about them. One has only to glance through the medical journals to see that physicians themselves are condemning many of the operations and methods which the world at large has been taught to believe would heal them. Almost every one can recall operations and methods which were quite the rage a few years ago but are seldom heard of today, and it is perfectly safe to predict that the surgical procedures which seem successful today will be discarded for others tomorrow.

The casual observer may be made to believe that these operations were reasonably successful and were only abandoned because other and better operative methods had been discovered. Investigation will show, however, that the operation was most successful during its early history, and that something detrimental—some disturbing after effect—appeared with greater and greater frequency until the method was abandoned for another so new that it had not had time to acquire a record of failure.

Christian Science Logical

In what has been said there is no disposition to criticise the medical profession or to minimise whatever of good it may be accomplishing, but it is no kindness to them to refrain from stating the truth. The greatest blessing that can come to both the doctor and the world is to learn why it is that no material method is of permanent avail and that it is God who not only "forgiveth all thine iniquities" but "who healeth all thy diseases."

In my search for the best mental means with which to heal the mental conditions which produced disease, Christian Science came in for its share of investigation. It was the one method which I thought I did not want because it would not mix with any of my material thinking, but it was the only method I could accept because it was the only one which maintained the logic of its reasoning. When human thought is filled with fear and belief in disease, no human statement to the contrary will suffice, and the thought which heals must be so evidently the divine idea, that it comes to human consciousness as the very voice of God to destroy and dispel the error. Such a system is Christian Science and it only asks to be known by its fruits.

Its Discoverer And Founder

It is essential in undertaking the study of Christian Science that one should know something of the one to whom it was revealed, and some of the factors which led to its discovery. The revelation came to Mrs. Eddy because the particular qualities of thought which she possessed made it inevitable. She was always of a deeply religious nature. In her secular studies the trend of her thought is shown in the fact that her favorite studies were natural philosophy, logic, and moral science, together with Hebrew, Greek, and Latin. There was in all that she did a persistence that is very striking. A study of her life shows that every material thing which might have brought some sense of satisfaction and peace crumbled to ashes within her grasp, yet she never faltered nor lost faith that God would show her the way out if she persisted with sufficient diligence. She investigated every material system of healing and finally decided that all causation must be mental, yet it required twenty years of effort before she really understood that all causation was Mind, God, and a number of years more before it had unfolded with sufficient clarity to be given to the world. So Christian Science came as a result of patient, unfaltoring effort to know God's law, and to the one who possessed the qualities of thought which made its revelation humanly possible.

Because the study of Christian Science has enabled us to know the power and love of God and to recognise and appreciate much more fully what the Master did for us in his demonstration of this power and love, we are grateful to Mrs Eddy for having made it possible. There is no human gift that can compare to the gift of spiritual understanding, for it brings joy into every phase of living. Those who have not felt its beneficence cannot understand why Christian Scientists express so great appreciation of Mrs. Eddy because they cannot conceive of the greatness of the gift, while those who know something of the richness of it wonder that so often we forget to be grateful.

Spiritual Growth

It is the common experience of those who study Christian Science that there comes to them a much larger, clearer understanding of God than they had before. In her writings Mrs. Eddy quite properly and with Biblical precedent uses a number of terms for the Supreme Being each one of which expresses some particular quality of the divine Principle. It is interesting and helpful in studying that she has written to stop and consider just why a particular term for God is used in any given sentence. It will invariably be found that the word chosen not only explains her meaning better than any other, but that by its use one's understanding of Life, or Spirit, or of whatever synonym for God has been used, is increased, and one is conscious of spiritual growth.

In discussing the nature of God let us begin with the fact that God is Mind, because by recognising this we are enabled to see more clearly the inseparable relationship which exists between God and man, and to see that because of this relationship man manifests the qualities of God, of Mind, and nothing else.

It is generally admitted that there is a Supreme Being and that he is omnipotent and omniscient. To say that God is omniscient, all-knowing, is stating that God is infinite Mind, for Mind alone knows, understands. When Daniel said, "Blessed be the name of God for ever and ever: for wisdom and might are his," and when Paul said, "To God only wise, be glory," they both admitted infinite Mind which alone possesses infinite wisdom and makes it manifest.

Divine Mind And Divine Idea

In order that we may better understand the operation, the activity, of infinite Mind let us illustrate the divine Mind by using the ordinary conception of a human mind as an example. You say your friend has a fine mind. You say you know this because he has many fine ideas which he expresses. You have never seen his mind but you have known the expression of it in ideas. If he never moved a muscle, never spoke a word, you would rightly conclude that there was no mind there. So a mind to be called a mind must be filled with ideas, and an idea by virtue of being an idea must be expressed. It is impossible to conceive of a mind filled with ideas, yet unexpressed; for a mind with no expression is not a mind but a blank. How do you know that a rock has no mind and no ideas? Why simply because it has no expression, for where there are ideas there is expression. The infinite Mind therefore, is filled with an infinite number of ideas or thoughts, which must be expressed, and the activity, the expression, the manifestation of these ideas constitutes man and the universe. God's ideas express Him in countless spiritual forms which "range from the infinitesimal to infinity, and the highest ideas are the sons and daughters of God." As God's ideas we exist in Him and because we exist in Him the Scriptures so declare that "in him we live, and move, and have our being."

There is a further quality of an idea which it will be necessary for us to consider. An idea has no ability to do anything or to be anything except as the idea of the mind in which it exists. It cannot change itself and so become more, or less, or different, than mind intended it should be, because it has no volition of its own and must of necessity express exactly what mind intends it should express. For example: If you have a thought of love for your neighbor, this idea cannot get away from you and change itself into a thought of hate. The ideas in Mind must of necessity express exactly what Mind intends they should express. Now the real man is, as we have shown, the perfect idea of infinite Mind, and has only divine volition. He has therefore no ability to choose to do evil or to be sick, nor can be ever become separated from the Mind which contains him. Man, then, God's idea, God's image and likeness, has all the qualities of God, and not a single quality that is not of Him. He is therefore healthful and holy; perfect, spiritual, and immortal.

What are these qualities which man as the idea of infinite Mind must manifest? The various terms for God define His nature, and every synonym is used because it expresses some quality of Deity which was not so readily apparent in any other term. Life, Truth, Love, Soul, Spirit, Principle, Father, Mother, are but other terms for Mind, each expressing its own peculiar character yet readily interchangeable with any other term, so that it is just as correct to say that man is the idea of Life or of Love as to say that he is the idea of Mind.

Life, Truth, and Love are the three terms that together express Mind most completely, and man who is Mind's idea expresses Life in perfect, healthful, immortal existence, expresses Truth in his manifestation of spiritual being, which alone is real and true and expresses Love in the infinite manifestation of the goodness of God.

Unreality Of Matter

Because it is true that man is the idea of infinite Mind, he cannot be material, and this material body will have to be accounted for in some other way. Matter seems very real to the human mind, yet the deepest material thinkers maintain that matter has no existence in and of itself. They say that it is simply a manifestation of law. Our education has been such that we have accepted any material object such as iron, or wood, or stone, to be very real and substantial and having this reality and substantiality within itself. It can readily be seen that the seeming substantiality of a piece of iron is not within the iron, for if the material laws of cohesion and attraction which bind the atoms and molecules together, the law of gravitation which gives the iron weight and the various other laws which go to make up its material appearing were removed the iron would vanish into nothingness. So these material thinkers see and admit that matter is simply a manifestation of material thought, but they go on with a line of thought which maintains that these material laws proceed from the Infinite Being.

Now Christian Science agrees with them in admitting that matter is simply an expression of thought but denies absolutely that this thought is of God. On the contrary it maintains that the material man and the material universe are expressions of beliefs that are counterfeits of the true ideas. On page 60 of "Miscellaneous Writings," Mrs. Eddy has said that "every creation or idea of Spirit has its counterfeit in some matter belief." All the beliefs which are termed material laws, the beliefs known as sin, sickness, and death, the belief in a material man and a material universe are counterfeits of the spiritual creation. These various beliefs are not of God because they are contrary to His nature. The material man manifests sin, sickness, and materiality, which are the direct opposites of those qualities of health, holiness, and spirituality, which the real and spiritual man must inevitably manifest as the image and likeness of God. The material man is therefore but a counterfeit, an expression of material belief and not of that truth which is God.

It is not maintained that we have been able fully to demonstrate that matter is unreal, but thousands have been able to annul what are thought to be unchanging material laws through the recognition of the law of Spirit. Now to break and annul any of the laws of matter through the application of spiritual law, proves that they can all be overcome when we understand God's law more fully. For the present we apply our understanding of the law of Love to those material conditions of sickness and sin which trouble us most and which we most clearly see are no part of God's creation.

Out Of Matter Into Spirit

In beginning the study of Christian Science one need not trouble about the doctrine of the unreality of matter. The vital thing is to learn more about God. As our Spiritual understanding increases, one after another of our material beliefs is seen to be false, and healthful material conditions and harmonious mental conditions are brought about through our righteous thinking, and we are encouraged to press on till we shall have completely demonstrated the unreality of matter.

We get rid of the belief in the reality of matter only by degrees; but the destruction of any single diseased condition by mentally unseeing it is proof that disease is mental, and fasely mental. If it were not it could not be changed by correct thinking. Every physical healing resulting from Christian Science treatment is evidence not only that disease is mental but that matter itself is but an expression of material thought. Entirely apart from the conclusions deduced from Christian Science there is ample evidence that disease is mental. There are many authenticated instances of persons

(Continued on Page 13)

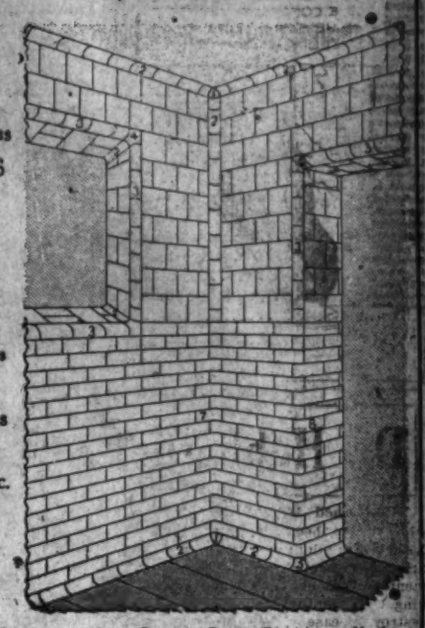
Tile Stocks in Shanghai

Messrs. Craven, Dunnill & Co.'s

Plain, Encaustic and Vitreous PAVEMENTS in numerous designs

PLAIN ENAMELS in Sixty Colours

Fender Kerbs Skirtings, Mouldings, etc. White Glazed and in Colours



Sole Agents: **William Jacks & Co.** No. 1 Hongkong Road Shanghai

Telephone: Central 2796. Telegraphic Address: "LIMPETS SHANGHAI"

"Eversharp" Pencils

Solid Gold and Gold Filled

BOYES BASSETT & CO.

THOS COOK & SON

Tourist, Steamship and Forwarding Agents, Bankers, etc.

Offical Passenger Agents to the Philippine Government

Railway and Steamship Tickets supplied at Tariff Rates. Letters of Credit and Circular Notes Issued and Cashed. Baggage collected, forwarded and insured at lowest rates.

Cook's "Far Eastern Traveller's Gazette," containing Sailings and Fares from the Far East to all parts of the World, will be forwarded free on application.

Tel. Address: "Coupon" THOS. COOK & SON

Telephone Nos. 2203 & 2204 Russo-Asiatic Bank Building, Shanghai

Also Hongkong, Peking, Yokohama, Manila

Chief Office: Ludgate Circus, London, E.C.

THE KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION

KAIPING Coke Coal

For all Industrial and Household Purposes

Offices: No. 1 Jinkee Road, Shanghai

GAS COOKERS

Ensure Perfect Cooking.

FREE ON LOAN small charge for fixing and removing.

SHANGHAI GAS COMPANY, LTD.

Showrooms: 29, Nanking Road

Bringing Up Father — By George McManus

HURRY, JERRY - SNEAK OUT THE KITCHEN DOOR HERE COMES ME WIFE - IF SHE SEES YOU SHE'LL MURDER US -
YOUR HOME LIFE IS BEAUTIFUL -
WELL - HOW DO YOU LIKE THIS NEW HOUSE - AREN'T YOU GLAD WE MOVED HERE -
IT'LL BE ALL RIGHT WHEN I GIT USED TO IT -
BY GOLLY - MAGGIE KIN CERTAINLY TALK - I THOUGHT SHE'D NEVER GIT THROUGH - I GUESS I'LL GO OUT ON THE KITCHEN PORCH AN' SMOKE.
HAVEN'T YOU GONE YET?
HOW COULD I - THIS IS A CLOSET YOU PUT ME IN -
9-27

Dr. Hubbard, C.S.B., Lectures Here On Christian Science

(Continued from Page 12)

who have been instantaneously freed from long established infirmities through some sudden mental shock such as fire or lightning. A mental shock could not destroy disease unless the disease were in human consciousness to be destroyed. Many peculiarities about disease which are readily explainable from a mental standpoint are accounted for materially through the most fantastic flights of speculation.

Material Beliefs Deceive

Since the advent of the germ theory of disease there has been a constant effort to include as many diseases as possible in this category. The very fact that the previous conviction of the cause of a disease could be so readily discarded for the belief that germs were the offenders shows how hesitant the world should be in accepting any conclusion along this line.

Some investigators became convinced that certain microscopic forms of vegetable life which they found present in disease were the cause of it. They conducted experiments which to them seemed to prove conclusively that this was true. The foundation of their theory was that each disease was produced by a different germ; that is that the pneumococcus produced pneumonia, the tubercle bacillus tuberculosis, and so on. A few of these germs were such common everyday sort of vegetables that they were present no matter what the disease and so they did not count very much, but there were a dozen or so that were sufficiently select to be accounted the cause of as many diseases. Unfortunately there are many diseases that seem contagious or infectious, but there are not enough varieties of germs to go around. No suitable germ has been found for many of the diseases which are presumed to be caused by them, and this failure is often accounted for by maintaining that these microscopic growths are so small that the most powerful microscope fails to reveal them—a most accommodating theory. To add to the confusion it is now asserted that the pneumococcus which was presumed to cause pneumonia is not the only germ which produces it but that there are several others. And these germs are found in as great numbers in the mouth of a healthy person as in that of a sick one, so that it would seem to the unprofessional observer that it might just as well be argued that the healthy person's health is due to germs as to maintain that the sick one's sickness is caused by it, since the same germs are present both in sickness and health.

Moreover, the germ theory could only be established by maintaining that there is just one particular germ for each disease, causing its peculiar train of symptoms, for in no other way could the individual characteristics of the disease be accounted for. But once having established the belief that germs produce disease and finding repeatedly that the right one was not present, it was necessary to maintain that some other germ was the offender, in spite of the fact that this offers the basis for disproving the whole germ theory, because it is an admission of the exact opposite of the foundation on which it rests.

Now many physicians are beginning to recognise the difficulty in which they find themselves; the confusion and contradiction of it all. They are beginning to state that it is probable that germs do not cause disease after all, because one after another of the most fundamental conclusions about them are being shaken.

The things that seemed amply proved a few years ago are now proving to be false. Thousands of cattle, comprising choice herds of milch cows, have been destroyed because bacteriologists "knew" that they had tuberculosis and were giving it to humanity, yet now they "know" that cows never caused a single case of human tuberculosis. And anyone who responded to tuberculin as a test for tuberculosis was branded as having it, although now it is found that 95 percent of well people respond to this test and the healthier they are the more vigorously do they respond.

The more recent history of disease—the apparent control of some contagious condition on the one hand and the uncontrollable epidemic on the other—is baffling to the materialist but an open book to anyone who has some degree of spiritual understanding.

Results of Wrong Thinking

All the varied beliefs in disease may be likened to a river of material thought. At one time it was a wide and shallow stream spread out over a great breadth of materiality, for there were many supposed causes and conditions regarding it. An ineffectual effort was made to stop its flow entirely by a dam composed of all the material curative measures in use. A constant effort was made to stop the leaks and repair the breaks which the beliefs in sickness made in the dam, with whatever was believed would best serve, whether it was medicine, or climate, or diet, or some other so-called curative measure. The total amount of sick beliefs that were going over the dam was not lessened at all, but they did not often break through very violently in any one place. As time went on the beliefs changed; the river became narrow and deep. Its source—the beliefs in disease—had not grown less, but the channel of thought through which it flowed was narrowed down so that it covered less ground, because the many and varied beliefs regarding the cause disease had in most instances given way to the belief in germs. The dam still obstructs the flow of the stream and the beliefs in disease break through as before. The belief in germs breaks through perhaps in the form of diphtheria, but there is a comparatively strong belief that there is material on hand which will stop this difficulty. Then perhaps the germs break through in typhoid, but here too there is material which at this time is believed in with sufficient confidence to stop the flow. But finally the belief in germs breaks through as influenza or pneumonia, where there is no material belief which is sufficiently strong to stop it and it flows until it is down to its normal level.

It is inevitable that just so long as the world builds up its belief in disease that disease will be manifested. It may delude itself into thinking it is making progress by apparently checking some one disease, but the total manifestation is not lessened in the least.

The only way to be rid of disease is to stop it at its source. The beliefs from which it proceeded must be replaced by spiritual understanding. Then shall we see in place of this stream of sickness and death the river of Life which John saw. "And he shewed me a pure river of water of life, clear as crystal, proceeding out of the throne of God and of the Lamb. In the midst of the street of it, and on either side of the river, was there the tree of life, which bare twelve manner of fruits, and yielded her fruit every month: and the leaves of the tree were for the healing of the nations." Not material medicine but the leaves of the tree of Life, which is watered by the river of Life, which proceeds from the throne of God, has God provided for our healing.

The Bible Revealed

Because Christian Science is the statement of the divine laws of Life, Truth, and Love, which Jesus taught and demonstrated so many centuries ago, the spiritual understanding gained through its study unfolds the Scriptures in a most marvelous way. Language has developed down through the ages so that we now have terms which were not in use in Bible times and which are particularly helpful in teaching spiritual facts. One of these is the word mind. When the Old Testament was written there seems to have been no such word in use and where this word is found in our King James Version the original is invariably some word like "breath," or "mouth," or "heart."

In the New Testament, written hundreds of years later, the words which are translated mind are from a great variety of words, none of which seem to have the exact meaning which we give to it.

John's Understanding Of Truth

The Apostle John had an unusually clear understanding of the Master's teaching. We find that he begins his Gospel with a statement of the fundamentals of Christian Science, and although the word mind is not used, his argument is that all that is real is a manifestation of thought. He says, "In the beginning was the Word, and the Word was with God, and the Word was God." This term "the Word" is from the Greek Logos, which means (1) an idea or concept, and (2) the expression of that idea. Now no idea could have existence apart from mind, so that John's statement coincides exactly with Mr. Eddy's statement that "All is Infinite Mind and its infinite manifestation" (Science and Health, p. 468).

Moreover John specifically denies that matter is of God when he says that without the Logos "was not any thing made that was made." This word "made" is used hundreds of times in the New Testament and never in the sense of "to make" or "to create" but means a present activity; that is, to come, or, to come to pass. The divine manifestation is then simply the expression of spiritual ideas and must of necessity be altogether spiritual. Isaiah corroborates this conclusion by saying, "All flesh is grass, and all the goodliness thereof is as the flower of the field: . . . . The grass withereth, the flower fadeth: but the word of our God shall stand for ever." Not flesh, but God's spiritual idea, the word, is real and endures. And the Master while maintaining that the kingdom of God is within you—that heaven is a state of consciousness—also maintained that flesh and blood could not enter. So then spiritual consciousness excludes matter.

It is quite frequently maintained that Christian Science denies the divinity of the Christ, although this is absolutely contrary to the fact. Consistent with its teaching that God is Mind and that man is God's perfect idea, it maintains that the Christ is "the divine manifestation of God, which comes to the flesh to destroy incarnate error" (Science and Health, p. 583). John defines the Christ in the statement, "the Word was made flesh." The "Word"—that is the divine idea—"was made flesh,"—not created flesh, for this word "made" is never used in that sense,—but come to the flesh. Christian Scientists heartily agree with this thought, they gratefully acknowledge that Jesus manifested the Christ, the divine idea, revealing in his words and works the true nature of God and man. We can all manifest in some degree the divine idea which Jesus manifested, for "of his fulness have all we received." To the degree that we really understand God do we demonstrate the Christ in our daily living, fulfilling Jesus' prophecy, "The works that I do, shall [ye] do also." Through patient, faithful effort we shall eventually come "unto the measure of the stature of the fulness of Christ."

The slightest amount of spiritual understanding put into practice brings forth abundant results, and faith as a grain of mustard seed is sufficient to remove mountains of error.

Two very noticeable things about students of Christian Science are their daily study of the Bible and the frequency with which they pray. Most of those who are seen reading the Bible on railroad trains or in other places are Christian Scientists, and they are reading not "to be seen of men" but because its pages have been illumined to them through the study of Christian Science, and they allow nothing to deprive them of their reading.

Prayer

Many times in a day a student of Christian Science finds opportunity and necessity for prayer. If, as has been maintained, Christian Science is consistent with the teaching of the Master, it will be found not only that the prayer of the Christian Scientist conforms logically with its teaching but is absolutely in accordance with the instructions of the Master. He gave to his disciples a prayer, and in addition very definite instruction about praying for those things which they desired. The Lord's Prayer understood heals the sick. When we realise that there is no other kingdom—that is, that God rules over all and that sin and disease have no power—then the prayer, "For thine is the kingdom, and the power, and the glory," will heal the sick, not because we simply say these words but because we say them and understand that they are true.

In the Gospel according to Mark the Master says, "What things soever ye desire, when ye pray, believe that ye receive them, and ye shall have them." The Revised Version puts it, "What things soever ye desire, when ye pray believe that ye have received them, and ye shall have them." The attitude of the revisers has been to make changes only when the previous translation was manifestly wrong, so we should be able to accept this latter translation as correct, especially when we consider the fact that it is a method of prayer which was probably not familiar to those who made the translation, and no doubt many people who are numbered among the followers of Christ would scarcely understand how they could consistently offer such a prayer. To the Christian Scientist it is the definite confirmation of his method of prayer. We have previously brought out the fact that God is Mind and that man is the perfect idea of Mind, manifesting all the qualities of Life and Truth and of Love. When, therefore, there comes to human consciousness a thought of sickness and we desire to be conscious of health, we declare in the words of the Master that we "have received" health because it is the spiritual fact that God's child is always well, and we find that the Master's promise, "and ye shall have it," is fulfilled to the degree we have understood.

The reasoning of Christian Science brings divine Love close to human experience. The recognition that God is Mind and that man is His perfect idea is the basis for Christian Science healing. When we measure our thoughts by this divine standard and undertake as far as possible to entertain only that thought which we know to be of God, the thought which has made us sick or unhappy is eliminated.

The Effectiveness Of Truth

The belief that one kind of disease or abnormal condition of the body is harder to heal than another is not the fact, and this erroneous thought should be denied. No wrong physical condition can be manifested for an instant except as it is the expression of wrong thinking, and right thinking eliminates one wrong thought as readily as another. Every claim of illness or sin or of discord which comes to Christian Science for healing is not a task to be done but one more welcome opportunity to prove again that Christian Science heals. "Progress is the law of God," Mrs. Eddy has said, and it is impossible to study God's law without making progress. Like the child with his daily lessons, we may not be conscious that we know more today than we did yesterday, yet with added understanding we should approach the problem with confidence today, which yesterday seemed not to yield.

As a result of much experience in Christian Science I do not hesitate to say that a physical diagnosis of disease is not only unnecessary but may be harmful. It is sometimes proposed on the ground that it will enable the Christian Scientist to know just what conditions to deny. What is needed is the recognition and declaration of man's perfection as the divine idea, and whatever is contrary thereto should be denied. We do not need to know more about disease but more about God. A famous physician has said that in his diagnoses he has been wrong half the time. What is the use of denying beliefs from which the patient has never suffered? The thought that an uncovered medical belief can frustrate divine Truth is giving to materiality a power it does not have. We need to know that Truth declared heals not only that which is seen but that which is unseen. One to whom a healing comes slowly and by degrees is heard to say, "I wonder what is holding me?" If you have been made to believe that there is something holding you, that is all that is necessary to retard your progress. On the Western plains a saddle horse is trained to believe that when the reins are thrown on the ground that it is tied to that spot. It is prevented from moving only because it believes that there is something holding it. We need to see that there is nothing holding us but divine Love, and nothing to prevent the healing.

Our Divine Inheritance

The real man is Mind's idea and inherits divine intelligence and perfect form and function. It is believed that man inherits both good and bad physical qualities from his parents. Every physical condition is thought manifested, so then the inheritance is not in the physical manifestation but in the thought which produces it. It must be apparent that the truth can as readily replace a belief which came from one's parents as one coming from any other source. Heredity is not a law, but a belief, and the application of the law of divine inheritance, perfect God and perfect man, not only destroys distressing hereditary conditions, but improves and transforms every other inherited quality and characteristic.

Climate has no power to harm or to help. Rheumatic sufferers leave some locality, believing it to be detrimental, while others suffering from the same difficulty come to this same spot for its beneficial effects. The effect which sometimes follows a change of climate is brought about by the changed thought. All that is needed to get rid of the belief that climate can injure one is to become conscious of the atmosphere of Spirit.

One after another of the material beliefs which have bound us are annulled through the application of spiritual law, and we are learning that food, or water, or cold, or heat, or dampness, or dust, or contact with our brother man, never had any power to harm us, for the divine idea comes in contact with nothing but that which is harmonious and healthful and manifests only the goodness of God. The divine Principle corrects inharmonious and unsuccessful business conditions, and sorrow and disappointment are removed by the law of Love.

Each inharmonious condition which is overcome through spiritual understanding increases one's consciousness of joy and harmony. Envy, jealousy, malice, and every form of sin, are destructive of peace and happiness. We shall not have appropriated the divine blessing fully until we have overcome sin as well as sickness. Every effort towards spirituality and away from that which is material brings a rich reward. "He that overcometh shall inherit all things; and I will be his God, and he shall be my son."

Phone: Central 1824 Cable Add: "YOUROVEAT"

YOUROVETA — OUR COMMERCE EMBRACES THE GLOBE — TRADE MARK REGISTERED

YOUROVETA

HOME & FOREIGN TRADE Co., Inc.

31 Szechuen Road, Shanghai

MERCHANTS

IMPORTERS, EXPORTERS, CONTRACTORS, ENGINEERS

HEAD OFFICE: 165 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

Branches:

CHICAGO, LONDON, PARIS, BRUSSELS, MILAN, BARCELONA, GENEVA, SAN FRANCISCO, COPENHAGEN, STOCKHOLM, CHRISTIANIA, RECHT (PERSIA), ARCHANGEL, EKATERINBOURG, ATHENS, NEW ORLEANS, OMSK, VLADIVOSTOK, HARBIN, KOBE, BATAVIA, BUENIS AIRES

FOR ANY INSURANCE SEE RAVEN TRUST CO., LTD

15 NANKING ROAD, SHANGHAI

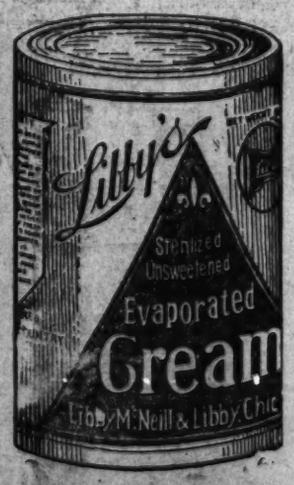
Arts & Crafts, Ltd.

(Sole Agents for Liberty & Co., Ltd.)

FURNISHERS
DECORATORS
CARPET FACTORS.

43 Bubbling Well Road. 'Phone West 455

You wouldn't think of drinking unboiled water; Are you as careful about the milk you drink?



Many cases of sickness in Shanghai—sickness which sometimes has a fatal termination—are traced to a tainted source of milk supply.

LIBBY'S
Evaporated Cream

comes from healthy cows, raised under expert supervision. It is just pure rich milk, evaporated and condensed

AGENTS FOR CHINA

CONNELL BROS. COMPANY

MARTIN'S APIOL & STEEL PILLS for Ladies

A French Remedy for all Irregularities. Thousands of Ladies keep a box of Martin's Pills in the house as their's the first sign of any Irregularity of the System a timely dose may be administered. Those who use them recommend them, hence their enormous sale. Of all Chemists and Stores, or post free 5/- from MARTIN, Chemist, SOUTHAMPTON, ENG.

Dr. John Goddard
Optician

Refracting and Manufacturing

Toric Lenses

Invisible Bifocals

Sun Glasses in Various Shades

W. T. Findley M. D.

36, Nanking Road.

WILKINSON'S

PAINTS & VARNISHES FOR ALL ENGINEERING REQUIREMENTS

FOR OVER 30 YEARS WE HAVE HAD RESIDENT REPRESENTATIVES IN THE FAR EAST AND HAVE MADE A COMPLETE STUDY OF PAINT AND VARNISH PROBLEMS IN TROPICAL COUNTRIES. THIS EXPERIENCE IS AT YOUR SERVICE BY COMMUNICATING WITH OUR LOCAL BRANCH

SHANGHAI, HONG KONG, BOMBAY.
2a Kiukiang Road. Alexandra Buildings. Oriental Buildings

STOCKS HELD AT ALL BRANCHES
AGENTS AND DISTRIBUTORS IN EVERY PORT
FACTORIES

WILKINSON, HEYWOOD & CLARK, LTD.
GREAT BRITAINS LARGEST PAINT & VARNISH MAKERS. FOUNDED 1770.
Caledonian Works, Poplar, London E.

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS—The Co.'s Steamer **Sulyang Maru**, Capt. H. Yamasita, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Tuesday, December 30**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage, apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA**, No. 16 Canton Road.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Lucnyi**, Captain Frazier, will leave from the French Bund on **Tuesday, December 30**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s Steamer **Suiwo**, Tons 2,671, Captain Smith, will sail for the abovementioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Tuesday, December 30**, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Telephone Central 241, Extension for Freight and Passage. Outside office Hours. Central 250.

HANKOW.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Chungking**, Captain Legge, will leave on **Wednesday, December 31**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s Steamer **Waishing**, Tons 1864, Captain Christie, will sail for the abovementioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Wednesday, Dec. 31, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Telephone Central 241, Extension for Freight and Passage. Outside office Hours. Central 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Fenyang Maru**, Captain S. Takano, will be despatched from N. Y. K. Mail Wharf on **Wednesday, Dec. 31**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KAIEN KAISHA**, No. 16 Canton Road.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s Steamer **Kutwo**, Tons 2,664, Captain Gibb, will sail for the abovementioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Thursday, January 1**, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Telephone Central 241, Extension for Freight and Passage. Outside office Hours. Central 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s Steamer **Tuckwo**, Tons 3,770, Captain Campbell, will sail for the abovementioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Friday, January 2**, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Telephone Central 241 Extension for Freight and Passage. Outside office Hours. Central 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Poyang**, Captain Carnaghan, will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, January 2**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Tachi Maru**, Capt. H. Takeo, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Saturday, January 3**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA**, No. 16 Canton Road.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Woosung**, Captain Newcomb, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, January 3**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Foreign Ports

HAMBURG & LONDON Via Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo, Portsaid, Antwerp and Rotterdam.—The Steamer **Himalaya Maru**, Captain S. Yamaga, will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy on **JANUARY 5, 1920.** For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

HAMBURG & LONDON Via Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo, Portsaid, Antwerp and Rotterdam.—The Steamer **Borneo Maru**, Captain K. Tahido, will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy on **January 5.** For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central 4234 & 4235.

TACOMA & SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer **Arabia Maru**, Captain T. Saito, will be despatched on January 5. Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. For Freight, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

TACOMA & SEATTLE CALLING at **VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU & YOKOHAMA.**—The O.S.K. Str. **Manila Maru**, Capt. T. Kobayashi, will be despatched on **January 17.** Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom's jetty at ——— For Freight or Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA** No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

TACOMA AND SEATTLE CALLING AT VICTORIA B. C. VIA NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU, & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Str. **Mexico Maru**, Captain K. Komiya, will be despatched on **January 28.** Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

LONDON, Via, Hongkong Singapore, Colombo, Portsaid, Marseilles Antwerp and Rotterdam.—The Str. **Adas Maru**, Capt. ——— will be despatched from Shanghai on or about end of **JAN.** For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

LONDON, Via Singapore, Colombo, Portsaid, Antwerp, Rotterdam and Hamburg.—The Str. **Andes Maru**, Captain T. Kamiashi, will be despatched from Shanghai on or about the middle of **FEB.** For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel Central No. 4234 & 4235.

HAMBURG & LONDON, via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE COLOMBO, PORT SAID, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP & ROTTERDAM.—The Steamer **Amur Maru**, Captain H. Hamada, will be despatched from the Shanghai Wharf about **MARCH, 1920.** For Freight, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSON KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

Vessels Loading For Northern Ports And Southern Ports Will Be Found On Page 15

LLOYD TRIESTINO

Fast Passenger Service, Regular Sailings for
Trieste and Adriatic Ports
taking cargo on through Bill of Lading to
Trieste and Venice

Next sailings:—
S.S. "AFRICA" about 15th January
S.S. "PERSIA" about 15th February

A few first-class berths are available, on the "AFRICA," for passengers to Trieste.

DODWELL & CO., LTD.
AGENTS
Union Building Telephone, Central 1693

BARBER STEAMSHIP LINES, INC.

NEW YORK & BOSTON
VIA PANAMA

S. S. "CAPE MAY".....Late January
Operated for Account of U. S. Shipping Board

For rates and further particulars apply to
THE ADMIRAL LINE
53 Szechuen Road. Telephone C. 1471
26779

CANADIAN PACIFIC

OCEAN SERVICES LIMITED

TRANS-PACIFIC LINES

S. S. METHVEN

Will leave Shanghai on or about 5th January
FOR
VANCOUVER
via
Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Victoria, B. C.

For bills of lading, freight rates, etc., apply to
P. A. COX, Agent,
Cor. Peking and Yuenmingyuen Roads, Shanghai.
Tel. Central 181.
26716

P. & O., British India, Apcar, E. & A. S. S. Lines

(Companies incorporated in England)

FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON
via HONGKONG, STRAITS, CEYLON, EGYPT
S.S. "KASHGAR" 31st December, daylight
S.S. "SOMALI" 24th January, 1920.
FOR BOMBAY via STRAITS AND COLOMBO
S.S. "DUNERA" about 7th January 1920.
FOR CALCUTTA via JAPAN
S.S. "GREGORY APCAR" 9th January, 1920.
FOR SYDNEY from HONGKONG
S.S. "ST. ALBANS" about 28th January 1920

P. & O. and B.I.S.N. Co.'s tickets interchangeable.
Steamers and sailing dates are liable to be altered or cancelled without notice.
For particulars regarding Freight or Passage, apply to
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.
AGENTS
24 The Bund, Shanghai
Telephones: Central 169 & 2069

CPOS

QUICKEST TIME ACROSS THE PACIFIC
To
CANADA, UNITED STATES AND EUROPE
SAILINGS

To Vancouver		To Manila & Hongkong	
Monteagle	Jan. 7	Em. of Japan†	Jan. 7
Emp. Japan	Jan. 17	Emp. of Asia*	Jan. 12
Emp. Asia	Jan. 24	†To Hongkong direct	
		*Via Manila	

DOMINION EXPRESS TRAVELLERS CHEQUES SOLD

ATLANTIC SERVICE
Frequent sailings to Liverpool and Glasgow. Fast luxurious Empress of France. Special suites and rooms with bath.

For Fares, Tickets and other information apply to

Freight Office	Passenger Office
Cor. Peking and Yuen Ming Yuen Roads.	Palace Hotel 19 The Bund
Telephone Central 181	Telephone Central 182

CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES

C. N. C.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

YANGTSZE RIVER & CHINA COAST PORTS.
FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

For CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG and HANKOW.—S.S. Woosung, Luenyi, Ngankin, Poyang, Tatung, Wuchang and Chungking.—Sailing from the French Bund at midnight (except Chungking which sails from Pootung at midnight.) These steamers connect at Hankow with the Company's regular sailings on the Middle Yangtsze and Hunan Lines.
The steamers Wuchang and Chungking are specially fitted to handle heavy lifts, etc., but have no accommodation for Foreign passengers.
Regular sailings every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday and every third Monday and Thursday.

For WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN (and Peking via TIENTSIN).—S.S. Tungchow, Fengtien, Shuntien and Shengking.—Sailing from the French Bund.
Regular sailings every Tuesday and Saturday and every alternate Thursday.

For AMOY, SWATOW, HONGKONG and CANTON.—S.S. Suiyang, Sunning, Sinkiang, Yingchow, Singan and Kaifong.—Sailing from the French Bund. Weekly service every Thursday to Amoy and every Sunday to Swatow. Connections at Hongkong with service to Philippines and Australian ports will be advised upon application.
Regular sailings every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday mornings.

For NINGPO.—S.S. Hsin Peking.—Sailing from the French Bund.
Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4.30 p.m.

The above steamers have Electric Light throughout and are fitted with Electric Fans and Steam Heaters in State Rooms and Dining Saloons, and are otherwise completely equipped for the comfort and convenience of passengers.
For further particulars regarding Sailings, Passage Rates, etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE" obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car and Express Trains Co. (Astor House), or from Messrs. Thomas Cook and Son, Russo-Asiatic Bank Buildings, 15 The Bund.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE
Freight: Telephone Central 77, Agents, 21-22 French Bund.
Passage: Telephone Central 401.

O. S. K.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
(Osaka Mercantile Steamship Co.)
Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government
(Subject to Alteration)
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

FOR LONDON (Via Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo, Portsaid, Marseilles, Antwerp and Rotterdam).

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave.
BORNEO MARU	18,000	K. Tahido,	Jan. 3	Jan. 5
ATLAS MARU	15,000		end of Jan.	

FOR HAMBURG and LONDON (Via Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo, Portsaid, Antwerp and Rotterdam.

HIMALAYA	15,000	S. Yamaga,	Jan. 4	Jan. 5
ANDES MARU	15,000	T. Kamiashi,	middle of Feb.	
AMUR MARU	18,000	I. Hamada,	March	

FOR NORTH AMERICA (Tacoma, Seattle and Vancouver) via Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama.
In connection with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Ry.

MANILA MARU	18,000	T. Kobayashi,	Jan. 16	Jan. 17

FOR HONGKONG

CANADA MARU	12,000	S. Nemoto,	Feb. 10	Feb. 11

FOR NORTH CHINA PORTS (Dairen direct).

KOHOKU MARU	5,000	M. Tsubaki,	Dec. 31	Jan. 2

FOR SOUTH CHINA PORTS and FORMOSA (Foochow, Keelung and Takao).

KEELUNG MARU	3,000	Y. Fukami,	Jan. 1	Jan. 3

*Fully booked for passage.
The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to South America, New Orleans, South Africa, Austria, India, Java, China, Korea, Vladivostok and also between the principal ports in Japan. Through freight booked from Shanghai.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
O.S.K. Yangtszepoo Wharf, Wayside
Tel. Nos. East 208 and 209 Union Building, 4 The Bund
Tel. Address: SHOSEN, Shanghai, Tel. Nos. C. 4233, 4234 and 4235

THE ADMIRAL LINE

PACIFIC STEAMSHIP CO.

TRANS-PACIFIC FREIGHT SERVICE

FOR SEATTLE

S.S. "ELDRIDGE"	Sails About	DEC. 31
S.S. "EDMORE"	Sails About	JAN. 19
S.S. "CITY OF SPOKANE"	Sails About	JAN. 21

FOR PORTLAND

S.S. "WABAN"	Sails About	JAN. 15
S.S. "WAWALONA"	Sails About	JAN. 20

FOR NEW ORLEANS

S.S. "ASKAWAKE" .....Early March

Through Bills of Lading issued to all United States and Canadian Overland Points.
FOR FREIGHT AND PARTICULARS APPLY TO
THE ADMIRAL LINE
53 SZECHUEN ROAD.
JOHN J. GORMAN, GENERAL AGENT FRED C. CHARMAN AGENT.
Telegraphic Address—ADMIRALINE.
Telephone, Central 1471

JAMES MAGILL & Co.

Cargo delivered at any Address in Shanghai.
Furniture and Curios Packed for Shipment by Expert Packers
SHIPPING AND FORWARDING AGENTS.
Telephone 1848 83, Szechuen Road

PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO

AMERICAN STEAMERS
TRANS-PACIFIC SERVICE
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI (subject to Change)

For San Francisco via Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu		For Hongkong via Manila	
S.S. Ecuador	Jan. 3	S.S. Colombia	Jan. 16
S.S. Colombia	Jan. 31	S.S. Venezuela	Feb. 7
S.S. Venezuela	Feb. 28	S.S. Ecuador	Mar. 6

Steamers equipped with most modern improvements for the safety and comfort of passengers. One and two bed staterooms only. No Upper Berths. Tickets interchangeable with Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd. and Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

CARGO STEAMERS
"West Conob" "West Vaca" "West Sequana"
"Archer" "West Inskip" "West Caddoa"
"West Selene" "West Neris"

EAST INDIA SERVICE
SAILINGS FROM MANILA (subject to Change)

For Saigon, Singapore, Calcutta and Colombo	For San Francisco via Honolulu
S.S. Colusa ..... Mar. 10	S.S. Colusa.. about Jan. 10

PANAMA SERVICE
Regular Sailings from San Francisco
MEXICO—CENTRAL AMERICA—PANAMA
BALTIMORE SERVICE
Sailings from San Francisco via
Central America, Panama Canal, Puerto Colombia and Havana
PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY
1-B Nanking Road, Palace Hotel Building.
Telephone Central 5056 Cable Address "Solano"

T. K. K.

SHANGHAI BRANCH OFFICE
TOYO KISEN KAISHA.
(ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP CO.)

Imperial Japanese and U.S.M. Line to San Francisco from Shanghai, via Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.
SEMI-TROPICAL ROUTE.
PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI
FOR SAN FRANCISCO

SHINYO MARU	January	18 1920
KOREA MARU	February	26 "
TENYO MARU	March	14 "

All steamers of this Company are thoroughly modern and up-to-date. Equipped with Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals, Laundry, Ladies' Lounge, and all other modern improvements for safety and comfort. String Orchestra, Moving Picture Performance, Deck Dances. Service and Cuisine unexcelled.
Lay-Over privileges allowed to all ports of call. Interchangeable with steamers of the PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, and CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES, LD.
Railway transportation between Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama may be had on application to the purser.

T. N. ALEXANDER, Manager.
North China Insurance Co.'s Buildings
Telephone No. 3229. Entrance 71 Szechuen Road.

STRUTHERS AND DIXON

INCORPORATED
Operating Far Eastern Service for account of United States Shipping Board.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO:		FOR SAN FRANCISCO:	
S.S. West Cajoot	Jan. 6	S.S. West Cajoot	Jan. 30
S.S. Hathaway	Jan. 8	S.S. Hathaway	Feb. 8
FROM SEATTLE:		FOR SEATTLE:	
S.S. West Ivis	Jan. 11	S.S. Brave Coeur	Jan. 1
S.S. Irmo	Jan. 31	S.S. West Ivis	Feb. 7

FLEET
"West Cactus," "West Cajoot," "West Helix," "West Henshaw," "West Ison," "West Segovia," "West Islip," "Western Glen," "Bakersfield," "Devolente," "Elmore," "Stanley," "Vinita," "Brave Coeur," "Hathaway," "Elkhorn," "West Ivis," "Irmo," "Deucl," "Colorado Springs."

Through bills of lading issued to all overland points in United States and Canada.

Shanghai Office, No. 7 Jinkee Road, Telephone Central 2557
L. EVERETT, Vice Pres. J. S. EMENS, Agent.

CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD

Passengers and Freight
S.S. "NANKING"
(15,000 TONS)
S.S. "NILE" (14,000 TONS) S.S. "CHINA" (10,200 TONS)
(SUBJECT TO CHANGE)
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI FOR
SAN FRANCISCO
VIA NAGASAKI, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU

S.S. "NANKING".....JAN. 16th
S.S. "CHINA".....FEB. 3rd
*S.S. "NANKING" does not call at NAGASAKI

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT
S.S. "NANKING".....JAN. 3rd
S.S. "CHINA".....JAN. 21st
S.S. "NILE".....FEB. 21st

For further information regarding passenger fares, sailings, freight rates, etc., apply to
J. P. WILLIAMS, AGENT.
CORNER SZECHUEN & KIUKIANG ROADS
PHONE CENTRAL 4773 Cable Address: "CHIMAIL"

SHIPPING

N.Y.K.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(Japan Mail Steamship Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI
(Subject to Alteration)

EUROPEAN LINE MAIL SERVICE.

For Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez, Port Said, Marseilles and England:

	Tons	Capt.	
KITANO MARU	16,000	F. E. Cope,	Jan. 5
INABA MARU	13,500	T. Kusano,	Jan. 19

EUROPEAN LINE CARGO SERVICE.

For Portsaid, Marseilles, Liverpool via ports.

PENANG MARU	11,500	G. Shinomiya,	Jan. 9
AWA MARU	12,500	S. Hirata,	Jan. 19

For Portsaid, London, Antwerp and Hamburg via ports:

TOYAMA MARU	15,000	K. Yasuhara,	Jan. 13

AMERICAN LINE

For Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B. C., and Seattle, Washington, Shanghai, Kobe and Osaka Line (Via Moji).

	Tons	Capt.	
KATORI MARU	19,000	E. Tozawa,	Jan. 21
SUWA MARU	21,000	R. Shimizu,	Feb.

NEW YORK LINE Via PANAMA.

TOKUSHIMA MARU..	15,000	Y. Okuno,	Jan. 2

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

	Tons	Capt.	
KASUGA MARU	7,000	K. Inatsu,	Jan. 6
SAGAMI MARU	4,000	S. Sano,	Jan. 15

SHANGHAI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE (Via Moji).

	Tons	Capt.	
TAKESHIMA MARU ..	4,500	K. Kobayashi,	Dec. 31
YAWATA MARU	7,000	H. Nojiri,	Jan. 3
OMI MARU	7,000	M. Yamamaki,	Jan. 7
YAMASHIRO MARU .	7,000	T. Terada,	Jan. 13
KUMANO MARU	7,000	M. Yamasaki,	Jan. 10

FOR JAPAN

	Tons	Capt.	
KAMO MARU	16,000	M. Nakamiara,	Jan. 4

FOR HONGKONG

	Tons	Capt.	
KASHIMA MARU	19,000	M. Machida,	Feb. 7

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

	Tons	Capt.	
SUWA MARU	21,000	R. Shimizu,	

AUSTRALIAN LINE (Sailing From Hongkong).

Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila).

	Tons	Capt.	
NIKKO MARU	10,000	G. Yamazaki,	Jan. 21
AKI MARU	12,500	S. Shibata,	Feb. 18
TANGO MARU	14,000	M. Nishimura,	Mar. 24

CALCUTTA LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

BOMBAY LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostok, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information apply to

I. MATSUDAIRA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha,
Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai.

CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS
TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE
TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)

November 1, 1919, and until further notice

Mail 101.	Mail 3.		Miles	Peking-Mukden Line			Mail 4.	
20.35	8.35		0	dep.	Peking	arr.	19.50	
23.45	11.12		. .	arr.	Tientsin-Central	dep.	17.00	
23.50	11.17		84	dep.	Tientsin-Central	arr.	16.58	
24.00	11.25		. .	arr.	Tientsin-East	dep.	16.45	
19.35	. .		524	arr.	Mukden	dep.	. .	

Local 5.	Mail 3.	Exp. 1.		Tientsin-Pukow Line			Exp. 2.	Mail 4.	Local 6.
13.50	10.10	11.30	0	dep.	Tientsin-East	arr.	16.40	15.05	7.21
20.00	10.20	11.40	2.71	arr.	Tientsin-Central	dep.	16.30	14.55	7.11
20.15	10.40	11.55	. .	dep.	Tientsin-Central	arr.	16.15	14.39	6.45
0.07	14.18	15.10	78	dep.	Tsangchow	dep.	13.21	11.21	3.16
3.35	17.15	17.56	148	dep.	Techow	dep.	10.45	8.39	23.55
6.50	20.05	20.21	220	arr.	Tsinanfu	dep.	8.06	5.50	20.25
7.	‡								8.
8.00	20.55	20.31	—	dep.	Tsinanfu	arr.	7.56	5.30	18.40
11.14	23.20	22.31	266	dep.	Tsinanfu	dep.	6.01	3.15	15.54
14.17	1.22	0.34	318	arr.	Yenchowfu	dep.	3.49	0.35	12.23
14.42	1.52	0.49	—	dep.	Yenchowfu	arr.	3.39	0.02	11.53
18.33	4.54	3.16	377	dep.	Linchang	dep.	1.20	21.24	8.26
21.27	6.39	4.50	420	arr.	Hsuchowfu	dep.	23.36	19.20	5.20
9.					‡				10.
7.25	7.00	4.57	—	dep.	Hsuchowfu	arr.	23.29	19.00	19.56
13.10	11.03	8.33	523	arr.	Pengpu	dep.	19.53	14.55	13.36
13.25	11.18	8.40	—	dep.	Pengpu	arr.	19.46	14.37	13.16
18.26	15.15	11.52	600	dep.	Chuchow	dep.	16.48	10.50	8.27
20.45	16.48	13.00	631	arr.	Pukow	dep.	15.30	9.20	6.40

N. Exp.	Exp.			Shanghai-Nanking Line			Exp.	N. Exp.
23.00	14.20	0	dep.	Nanking-Ferry	arr.		14.15	6.50
7.00	21.00	193	arr.	Shanghai-North	dep.		7.55	23.00

Yenchowfu-Tsiningchow Branch Line					Linchang-Tsochuang Branch Line						
3.55	14.50	d. Yenchowfu a.	11.15	23.40	4.50	9.20	21.25	d. Linchang a.	7.55	17.55	0.40
4.50	15.45	a. Tsiningchow d.	10.20	22.45	6.00	10.30	22.35	a. Tsochuang d.	6.45	16.45	23.30

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST"

The T. P. L. Express Trains are provided with 1st and 2nd class Sleeping, Dining accommodations and 3rd class cars only for 3rd class Through Passengers and servants accompanying 1st and 2nd class passengers.

Passengers travelling on the T. P. L. Express Trains must hold Express Extra Tickets in addition to passenger tickets. Application for Sleeping Accommodation should be made at the earliest possible moment to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hsuchowfu or Pukow.

By Order
THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Tientsin, November, 1919.

Large Display Advertisements
intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press should be sent in before 5 p.m. on Friday

Vessels Loading

For Northern Ports

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & DAIREN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Shuntien, Captain Noethecombe, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, December 30, at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

CHEFOO.—The Str. Toonan, Captain C. Taylor, will leave on Tuesday morning. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

CHEFOO & DAIREN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Shansis, Captain J. A. McCulloch, will leave on Wednesday December 31, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

DAIREN & TSINGTAU.—The Str. Kohoku Maru, Captain M. Tsubaki, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on January 2, at —— For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

TSINGTAO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Yingchow, Capt. E. B. Simons, will leave from the French Bund on Sunday, January 4, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passengers Tel. No. 401.

For Southern Ports

NINGPO.—The Str. Taishun, Captain J. Halkett, will leave on Tuesday, afternoon at 4 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Shantung, Captain Monkman, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Tuesday, December 30, at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Hsin Peking, Captain Roberts, will leave from the French Bund on Wednesday, December 31, at 4:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

FOOCHOW.—The Str. Hsinchi, Captain E. Hansen, will leave on Wednesday morning. For Frtight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

AMOY, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The Str. Hsinkong, Capt. A. B. Baines, will leave on Wednesday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

AMOY, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Sinkiang, Capt. W. J. Barkus, will leave from the French Bund direct for the about ports on Thursday, January 1, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents Freight Tel. No. 77 Passage Tel. No. 401.

TAKAO (FORMOSA) via FOOCHOW & KEELUNG.—The Str. Keelung Maru, Capt. Y. Fukami, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on January 3, at —— For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

SWATOW AND HONGKONG, CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Chenan, Captain H. E. Laver, will leave from the French Bund on Sunday, January 4, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG.—The Steamer Canada Maru, Captain S. Nemoto, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on February 11. For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4. The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1919

Date and Destination	Per	Chi.	Br.	USA	Rus.	Jap.	Reg
TODAY							
V'stok and Siberia via Pukow & Harbin (Daily expect Sunday)	Train			..	17.00	..	17.00
Ningpo	Klangteen	..	15.00	..	..	..	..
Tientsin	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostok	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostok and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
H'kong, Straits, S. Ports, & Europe via Suez	Kashgar	10.00	..	..	..	..	9.30
Japan Ports	T'shima Maru	19.00	17.00	..	..	..	18.30
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Shuntien	14.00	13.30	..	..	..	13.30
Foochow	Hsinchi	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Amoy, H'kong & C'ton	Hsinkong	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Hongkong and Canton	Shantung	14.00	..	..	..	..	13.30
Hongkong	do	..	14.00	..	..	..	..
Japan Ports	Tjimanoek	17.00	..	..	..	..	16.20
Hankow	Suiwo	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Nagasaki, Kobe, Y'hama, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe via Canada	E. of Russia	..	8.00	..	..	..	..
H'kong, S. Ports, Straits, Ceylon, India & Europe Via Suez	Kashgar	..	10.00	..	..	..	9.30
TOMORROW							
Vladivostok and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..				17.00
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Amoy, H'kong & C'ton	Sinkiang	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Amoy and Hongkong	do	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Thursday, January 1.							
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Friday, January 2.							
Nagasaki and Vladivostok	Penza	13.00	..	..	..	..	12.30
Saturday, January 3.							
S'tow, H'kong & C'ton	Chenan	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Swatow and Hongkong	do	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe	Ecuador	15.00	..	..	..	..	14.30

B Letters and boxes with declared value 7.30; parcel post 5 p.m. and money orders 4 p.m.

E Registered articles 5 p.m. on previous day.

The Chinese Post Office will close two mails daily for Tsingtao, Tientsin, Peking, etc.

a.—at 21 for S. N. R. 23 o'clock train
b.—at 7 for S. N. R. 7:55 o'clock train

Mails closed by 7:55 train should reach Tientsin only 46 minutes later than those closed for the previous night's train.

VESSELS IN HARBOR AND AT WOOSUNG

Date		From	Ship's Name	Flag Agents
			Ralph Moller	Br. M. & Co.
Aug.	26	—	Chinpu	
Oct.	7	—	Anamba	
Oct.	30	— Cruise	Chuentiao	Chi. Customs
Nov.	3	— Cruise	Store Nordiske	Dan. G.N.T. Co.
Nov.	8	—	Astra	Br.
Nov.	12	— Hongkong	St. Dominic	Br. S. Tomes
Nov.	13	— Cruise	Pingching	Chi. Customs
Nov.	24	— Japan	Ilwuhyih	Chi. D. & Co.
Nov.	24	— Japan	Nissho Maru	Jap. S. Shokai
Nov.	26	—	Ogawa Maru	Jap.
Dec.	2	— Japan	Taiho Maru	Jap.
Dec.	2	—	Meichuen	Am. Socony
Dec.	3	—	Tientsin	Br. B. & S.
Dec.	4	— River ports	Lingyun	Chi. S.P.S.N. Co.
Dec.	6	— Chinwangtao	Indigirka	
Dec.	6	— Singapore	Arabien	
Dec.	6	— River ports	Klangfoo	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec.	7	— Seattle	Waban	Am. A. Line
Dec.	11	— Tientsin, port	Shawhsing	Chi. N.S.S.N. Co.
Dec.	14	— Hankow	Anlan	Br. A.P. Co.
Dec.	16	— Hankow	Meitan	Am. Socony.
Dec.	18	— River ports	Meihu	Am. Socony
Dec.	19	—	Hunkiang	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co
Dec.	20	— Japan	Asaka Maru 2	Jap. M. S. K.
Dec.	20	—	Chinchong	Chi. S.P.S.N. Co.
Dec.	21	— Vladivostok	Tras-os Montes	Br. P. & O.S.N.Co.
Dec.	22	— Cruise	Likin	Chi. Customs
Dec.	23	— Japan	Aisuno Maru	Jap.
Dec.	23	— Cruise	Liuhsing	Chi. Customs
Dec.	24	— Japan	Grace Dollar	Br. Dollar Co.
Dec.	24	— Hongkong	Egremont Castle	Br. D. & Co.
Dec.	24	— Ningpo	Meinan	Am. Socony.
Dec.	24	—	Shintoku M.	Jap. S. Shokai
Dec.	24	—	Weishun	Chi. S.P.S.N. Co.
Dec.	24	— Nanking	Shinyue	Chi. S.P.S.N. Co.
Dec.	24	— Hongkong	West Inskip	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.
Dec.	24	— Chinwangtao	Kwangping	Br. K.M.A.
Dec.	24	— Tientsin	Hsinchang	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec.	24	— Tientsin	Fengtien	Br. B. & S.
Dec.	24	— Japan	Yenoura Maru	Jap. M. T. Co.
Dec.	25	—	Kanling	Chi.
Dec.	25	—	Newchow	
Dec.	25	—	Hwahkun	Chi. Y. S. Co.
Dec.	25	—	Kamiyoshi Maru	Jap. M.B.K.
Dec.	25	—	Dainikaio Maru	Jap. S. & Co.
Dec.	25	— Chefoo	Toonan	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co
Dec.	25	—	Sakurajima Maru	Jap.
Dec.	26	— Hongkong	Hopsang	Br. J.M. & Co.
Dec.	26	—	Kienhsin	Chi. W. & Co.
Dec.	26	— Tientsin, ports	Shuntien	Br. B. & S.
Dec.	26	—	Yueyingwa	Chi. S.P.S.N. Co.
Dec.	27	— River ports	Pearl Shell	Dut. A.P. Co.
Dec.	27	— River ports	Luenho	Br. J. M. & Co.
Dec.	27	— River ports	Tatung	Br. B. & S.
Dec.	27	— River ports	Tehhsing	Chi. H.O.S.S. Co.
Dec.	27	—	Tsingtau	Jap. N. Y. K.
Dec.	27	— Japan	Kashgar	Br. M. M. Co.
Dec.	27	— Chefoo	Hsinkong	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec.	27	—	Tungshing	Chi. S.P.S.N. Co.
Dec.	27	— Hongkong	Talshun	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec.	27	— Hongkong	E. of Russia	Br. C.P.O.S.
Dec.	28	— Hongkong	Tjimanoek	Dut. H C. T. Co
Dec.	28	— Jaapn	Kaijo Maru	Jap.
Dec.	28	— Seattle, ports	Katori Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
Dec.	28	— River ports	Luenyi	Br. B. & S.
Dec.	28	— River ports	Kiangyu	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co
Dec.	28	— River ports	Suiwo	Br. J. M. & Co.
Dec.	28	— River ports	Suiyang Maru	Jap. N.K.K.
Dec.	28	— Nanking	Shantung	Br. B. & S.
Dec.	28	—	Hwahkuei	Chi. H .S.S. Co.
Dec.	29	— Dairen	Sakaki Maru	Jap. S. M. R.
Dec.	29	— River ports	Fengyang Maru	Jap. N.K.K.
Dec.	29	— Hongkong	Sunkiang	Br. B. & S.
Dec.	29	— Hankow	Hanping	Chi. H. Y. P.
Dec.	29	— Japan	Takeshima M.	Jap. N.Y.K.

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices

Stock	Closing Quotations
Banks	
H. K. and S. B.	$430
Chartered	£80
Russo-Asiatic	Rs. 250
Marine Insurances	
Canton	Tls. 400 S.
North China	$100 B.
Union of Canton	Tls. 195
Yangtsze	$270
Far Eastern Ins. Co., Ltd.	Tls. 22
Fire Insurances.	
China Fire	$138
Hongkong Fire	$880 S.
Shipping	
Indo-China Def.	$237½ B.
Indo-China Pref.	$20
"Shell"	4/6/– B.
Shanghai Tug ord.	Tls. 41
Shanghai Tug pref	Tls. 37
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 12 B.
Oriental Cons.	—/–
Raub	$2 S.
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	$175
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 118 B.
New Eng. Works	9/16 — 10 B.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf	Tls. 135
Hongkong Wharf	Tls. 90 B.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land	Tls. 67½
China Land	Tls. 50
Shanghai Land	Tls. 63 B.
Weihaiwei Land	Tls. 3
S'hai Hotels Ltd.	Tls. 18
China Realty (ord.)	Tls. 68
China Realty (pref)	Tls. 50
Cotton Mills	
E-wo (ord.)	Tls. 535
E-wo Pref	Tls. 85
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 350
Oriental	Tls. 200
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 305
Kungyik	Tls. 52 B.
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 32 B.
Yangtszepoo Pref.	Tls. 85
Industrials	
Butler Tiles	Tls. 25
China Sugar	$211 B.
Green Island	$6.30 B.
Langkats	Tls. 15 B.
Major Bros	Tls. 5
S'hai Sumatra	Tls. 125
Stores	
Hall & Holtz	Tls. 12¼
Llewellyn	$30
Lane, Crawford	$88
Moutrie	$32
Watson	$5¾ S.
Weeks	Tls. 11¼
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 7
Amherst	Tls. 0.50
Anglo-Java	Tls. 7.40
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 2½
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 21½ B.
Batu Anam 1918	Tls. 0.55
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 1½ B.
Bute	Tls. 0.40
Chemor United	Tls. 0.55 B.
Chempedak	Tls. 6
Cheng	Tls. 1½
Consolidated	Tls. 1¾ B.
Dominion	Tls. 6
Gula Kalumpong	Tls. 5½
Java Consolidated	Tls. 11½
Kamunting	Tls. 3
Kapala	Tls. 0.60
Kapayang	Tls. 10
Karan	Tls. 8.10
Kota Bahroe	Tls. 3¼ B.
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 9½
Padang	Tls. 8½
Pengkalan Durian	Tls. 4
Permata	Tls. 2¼
Repah	Tls. 0.82½
Samagaga	Tls. 0.55
Seekee	Tls. 1
Semambu	Tls. 0.75
Senawang	Tls. 8
Shanghai Klebang	Tls. 0.50 B.
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 6
S'hai Malay pref.	Tls. 8
Shanghai Pahang	Tls. 1¼
Sungala	Tls. 1
Sungei Durl	Tls. 4½ B.
Sua Manggis	Tls. 3¼
S'hai Kalantan	Tls. 0.50
S'hai Seremban	Tls. 0.60
Taiping	Tls. 1
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.60
Tebong	Tls. 13
Slobil	Tls. 2½
Ziangbe	Tls. 3¾
Miscellaneous	
C. I & E. Lumber	Tls. 850 S.
Culty Dairy	Tls. 12
S'hai Elec. & Asb	$2
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 62½
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 15
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 40
Shanghai Mercury	Tls. 25
S'hai Telephone	Tls. 69
S'hai Waterworks	Tls. 163¾

S. Sellers. Sa, Sales. B. Buyers.

Telephone No. Central 298

Benjamin and Potts, 8 Jinkee Rd.

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Dec.	—	Seattle	Eldridge	Am.	A. Line
Dec.	—	New York	Egremont Castle	Br.	D. & Co.
Dec.	30	Vancouver	E. of Russia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Dec.	30	San Francisco	Cadaretta	Am.	Dollar Co.
Dec.	30	New York	Celtic Prince	Br	S. Tomes
Dec.	30	Seattle	Eldridge	Am.	A. Line
Dec.	31	New York	Knight Templar	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	1	Seattle	Brave Couer	Am.	S. & Dix.
Jan.	3	San Francisco	Ecuador	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Jan.	5	Vancouver	Methven	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Jan.	6	N. Y. via Panama	Ida	Am.	A. Line
Jan.	7	Vancouver	Monteagle	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Jan.	17	Vancouver	E. of Japan	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Jan.	18	New York	EgremontCastle	Br.	D. & Co.
Jan.	18	New York	Atreus	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	19	San Francisco	West Hepburn	Am.	Dollar Co.
Jan.	19	Seattle	Edmore	Am.	A. Line
Jan.	20	Portland	Wawalona	Am.	A. Line
Jan.	22	Tacoma	Arabia Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Jan.	22	New York	Grace Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Jan.	24	Vancouver	E. of Asia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Jan.	25	Seattle	Katori Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan.	29	Seattle	C. of Spokane	Am.	A. Line
Jan.	30	San Francisco	West Cajoot	Am.	S. & Dix.
Jan.	31	San Francisco	Colombia	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Jan.	31	New York	Ariosto	Br.	B. & S.
Feb.	3	San Francisco	China	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Feb.	5	Vancouver	Bessie Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Feb.	7	Seattle	West Ivis	Am.	S. & Dix
Feb.	8	San Francisco	Hathaway	Am.	S. & Dix

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Jan.	3	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Yawata Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Jan.	4	—	Kobe, Yokohama	Somali	Br. M.M. & Co.
Jan.	5	—	Kobe	Kamo Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Jan.	6	—	Nagaki, Kobe, Y'hama	Kasuga Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Jan.	6	—	Nagaki, Kobe, Y'hama	Kasuga Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Jan.	7	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Omi Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
Jan.	9	—	Kobe, Yokohama	Gregory Apcar	Br. M. M. & Co.
Jan.	10	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Kumano Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Jan.	13	—	Nagaki, Kobe, Y'hama	Yamashiro Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.

FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

Dec.	30	—	Marseilles, London	Kashgar	Br. M.M. & Co.
Dec.	31	—	Liverpool,	Tydeus	Br. H. & S.
Jan.	3	—	Genoa & Antwerp	Glenamoy	Br. U. L. E. A.
Jan.	3	—	London	Himalaya Maru	Jap. O. S. K.
Jan.	5	—	London	Kitano Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Jan.	5	—	London	Borneo Maru	Jap. O. S. K.
Jan.	7	—	Bombay	Dunera	Br. M. M. & Co.
Jan.	9	—	Liverpool	Penang M.	Jap. N.Y.K.
Jan.	9	—	Calcutta	Gregory Apcar	Br. M. M. & Co.
Jan.	13	—	London	Toyama M.	Jap. N.Y.K.
Jan.	14	—	London	St. Francis	Br. J. M. & Co.
Jan.	15	—	A'dam, L'don, A'werp	Teiresias	Br. B. & S.
Jan.	15	—	Trieste	Africa	Ital. D. & Co.
Jan.	15	—	Trieste	Persia	Ital. D. & Co.
Jan.	16	—	Liverpool	Telamon	Br. B. & S.
Jan.	18	—	Liverpool	Awa Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
Jan.	19	—	Liverpool	Awa Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Dec.	30	4.00	Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec.	30	3.00	Hongkong, Canton	Shantung	Br. B. & S.
Dec.	30	D.L.	S'tow, H'kong, C'ton	Hopsang	Br. J. M. & Co.
Dec.	31	4.30	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br. B. & S.
Dec.	31	4.30	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi. N.S.S.N. Co.
Dec.	31	—	Foochow	Hsinchi	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec.	31	—	Hongkong, Canton	Hsinkong	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan.	1	8.00*	S'tow, H'kong, C'ton	Choysang	Br. J.M. & Co.
Jan.	1	D.L.	Amoy, H'kong, C'ton	Sinkiang	Br. B. & S.
Jan.	2	4.30	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br. B. & S.
Jan.	3	—	Hongkong	Nanking	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan.	3	—	F., K'lung, Takao	Keelung M.	Jap. O. S. K.
Jan.	4	D.L.	S'tow, H'kong, C'ton	Chenan	Br. B. & S.
Jan.	7	—	Hongkong	E. of Japan	Br. C.P.O.S.
Jan.	10	—	Manila & Hongkong	Colombia	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Dec.	30	noon	Tsingtao, Tientsin	Kingsing	Br. J. M. & Co.
Dec.	30	—	Chefoo	Toonan	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec.	30	3.00	W'wei, C'foo, D'ren	Shuntien	Br. B. & S.
Dec.	31	D.L.	Chinwangtao	Shansi	Br. B. & S.
Jan.	2	—	Vladvisoctok	Penza	Rus. R.V.F.
Jan.	2	—	Tsingtau, Dairen	Kobe Maru	Jap. S.M.R.
Jan.	2	—	Dairen, Tsingtau	Kohoku Maru	Jap. O.S.K.
Jan.	4	D.L.	Tsingtao	Yingchow	Br. B. & S.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Dec.	30	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Suiwo	Br. J.M. & Co.
Dec.	30	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Suiyang Maru	Jap. N. K. K.
Dec.	30	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Luenyi	Br. B. & S.
Dec.	31	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Chungking	Br. B. & S.
Dec.	31	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Fengyang Maru	Jap. N. K. K.
Dec.	31	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Waishing	Br. J.M. & Co.
Dec.	31	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kiangyung	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan.	1	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kutwo	Br. J. M. & Co.
Jan.	1	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kiangwah	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan.	2	D.L.	Pukow	Esang	Br. J. M. & Co.

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

SHANGHAI NORTH TO ZAHKOU—"DOWN" (MAIN LINE) ZAHKOU TO SHANGHAI NORTH—"UP"

STATIONS	Local	Fast E	Slow	Coolie & Goods	Local	Express E	Local	Local
Shanghai North dep.	....	7.35	9.00	10.00	....	14.50	15.50	....
Jessfield dep.	....	7.51	9.16	10.23	....	15.06	16.06	....
Soccawu dep.	....	7.58	9.23	10.38	....	15.13	16.13	....
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	8.15	9.40	10.58	....	15.30	16.29	....
Shanghai South dep.	....	*7.45*	*9.10*	*10.20*	*13.35*	*15.00*	*

J. MOORE & Co. LIMITED

AUCTIONEERS : VALUERS : LAND BROKERS
48 KIANGSE ROAD, SHANGHAI

AUCTION INDEX

TUESDAY, December 30th.—Superior Household Furniture at 510 Great Western Road.

TUESDAY, December 30th.—Closing sale at Cheap Jacks at 10 a.m.

WEDNESDAY, December 31st.—In Salesroom, Superior Household and office furniture, etc., at 10 a.m.

MONDAY, January 5th.—Excellent Household Furniture at No. 1 Honan Road.

SATURDAY, 17th and MONDAY, 19th January.—Important Postage stamp auction.

CHEN CHAN TAI & CO.

All kinds of new skins and furs have now arrived from their noted places of production—sable, grape-sable, ermine, otter, beaver, musquash, tiger, leopard, wolf, mink, raccoon, skunk, cat (black all over), and naturally black, white, red, and yellow fox-skins, etc., all of superlative quality and good for gentlemen's and ladies' garments, collars, muffs, etc. Gray, black and white goat-skin rugs in largest sizes. Our skins are *superior* and *moderate in price.*

No. C133 Honan Road, Shanghai.
Telephone No. 2933 26994

NOTICE TO EXPORTERS

We beg to inform Exporters of China Egg Products that we are manufacturing and selling all kinds of LIQUID, DRIED AND SPRAYED WHOLE EGG, YOLK AND ALBUMEN.

Our goods are manufactured by the most up-to-date process; our machines are the newest imported from America, and our outputs are supervised by the best EXPERTS.

Any inquiry will have our immediate attention.

Address: 8b Kiangse Road, and Q489 Tientsin Road. Shanghai.

Telephone: Central Nos. 2385 and 4008.

H. C. WANG

General Manager: Tung Hsin Zian g Egg Factories, Hung Yue Chong Egg Factory, Hsin Chong.

LET US FIT YOU with a pair of these comfortable, beautiful and dainty glasses.

中國特許經營公司
Chinese Optical Company
P.352 Nanking Road

Far Eastern News Notes

Seoul Shoemakers Strike Ends; Compromise On Pay

From the Seoul Press of December 18:

The strike by workmen employed by shoemakers in Seoul was amicably settled on Sunday last. The strikers insisted on 2.50 yen a day for their work, but through intercession by the police and other influential persons, consented to accept the employers' offer of 2.40 yen a day. On Sunday evening, six representatives of the employers and eight representatives of the workmen met at the Pongchun Kwan Restaurant, and thoroughly settled the conditions. This was formally reported to the strikers on the following day, and they resumed work yesterday.

Korean Uses Poison To Avenge Husband's Murder

The Seoul Press of December 16 says:

Some time a Korean farmer named Kim Song-chun, of Sakolli, Euisong District, North Kyongsong Province, was murdered by Yo Keiu-sum and his brother living in a neighboring village on account of some gambling transaction. His wife determined on revenge and in consultation with her relatives attempted the wholesale slaughter of Yo's family. She stole into the house of Yo in disguise on the evening of the 23rd ult. and after throwing a quantity of poison into the rice kettle, made good her escape. Not knowing that had been done the family all ate of the rice-gruel in the kettle, with the result that four out of the six members of it died. Mrs. Pei and two others were arrested and confessed to the crime.

Canton Writer Describes Chinese Hair Fashions

A writer in the Canton Times gives the following:

As men are interested in a certain line of things, so are women interested in fashion of dresses and hair. While walking along the street one can see that Chinese women wear their hair in many different ways. A majority of the Chinese women put oil and "sticky" stuff on their hair so that it will look glossy and pretty. European women consider it is very unhealthy to use such stuff for the hair, but these Chinese women do not know what health means.

Chinese call the dressing of hair "kai." The well-to-do women wear their hair in "snail," round and melon kai and the young mesdames wear their hair in chrysanthemum, banana and butterfly kai. One asks why do the servants all wear their hair in the same style? Because there is only one style of hair for the servant to wear that is the round kai.

The hair of the concubines is in long braids with vivid colors of strings tied around the top about one and half inches in length. Their style of hair is the most conspicuous and attractive to look upon. School-girls wear their hair in long braids, too, but without strings tied to it.

Reds Torture, Kill Officer Before Wife

The Peking Leader of December 20 says: The local press publishes a letter from an officer's wife who failed to leave Omsk in time and was captured by the Bolsheviks. Her wounded husband was tortured and killed in her presence. This ghastly description reveals the awful scenes which accompany Bolshevik invasion. The writer of the letter was also tortured and insulted, but after a few days she was released and was able to find shelter among friends in the suburbs.

Singapore Harbor Sharks Tear Bathers To Pieces

The danger of bathing in the Singapore Harbor is brought forcibly to mind by two distressing fatalities which occurred in the inner roads on Sunday, says the Straits Times. The case of the Malay who was torn in pieces by a shark near the Sri Muar, has already been recorded. In addition to this another fatality occurred the same day. It appears a Russian, while bathing, was also attacked and bitten by a shark. He managed to get away, but when being removed to hospital for treatment died on his way to that institution as a result of the awful mauling he received from the shark.

Canton Students Would Relieve City's Beggars

Says the Canton Times of December 16:

The students of the Higher Normal School are interesting themselves on the fate of the Canton beggars and, since yesterday, have been distributing food and congee to the city's poor. The students have also installed permanent sheds in Ching Shui Ho Street, Inside City, and another one in front of the Provincial Assembly Building, where congee will be distributed to the poor.

Geisha Girls Must Make Up Kobe City Budget

From the Japan Chronicle of November 19:

Owing to the remarkable expansion of Kobe's Municipal expenditure in the next fiscal year's budget the Shiyakusho authorities are faced with the difficult problem of raising a greater revenue than before. The levy of a heavier house-tax has been abandoned for fear of the house agencies taking advantage of it to raise their present rents, already a heavy burden on the poorer and middle classes. The proposal to impose pleasure taxes is impracticable at present as it is a subject that needs much preliminary investigation. In these circumstances the Municipality has decided that the geisha-tax and the restaurant-maid tax should be raised, while an entertainment tax (on the higher priced seats) is being considered.

Kobe Shipbuilder Gives Million Yen To City

Mr. Kawasaki, of Kobe, has decided to retire from business altogether, severing connection with the International Steamship Company and other firms as well as the Kawasaki Shipbuilding Yard. To mark his retirement, says the Japan Chronicle, he has resolved to contribute the sum of Yen 1,000,000 to the city of Kobe. He sent Mr. Sekiguchi, a Director of the Kawasaki Bank, to the Municipal Office on the 15th instant, and intimated his intention to the authorities with a desire that Yen 750,000 out of the total sum should be employed for the promotion of social undertakings, and the remainder for the betterment of the treatment accorded school teachers. As regards the methods of using the money, Mr. Kawasaki left them entirely in the hands of the Mayor.

Launch Services

TODAY

The tender Alexandra conveying passengers and mails on board the C.P.O.S. s.s. Empress of Russia will leave the Customs Jetty at 9:00

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the P. and O. s.s. Kashgar is expected to leave the Customs jetty at 5 p.m.

Friday, January 2, 1920

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the R.V.F. s.s. Penza will leave the Customs jetty at 2 p.m.

Siccawei Weather Report

28.—The depression moves away towards Japan and the sea of Japan. It is followed by whole gale on Shantung, the Yellow sea and the N of the Eastern sea as well as at Vladivostok. Rapid rise of pressure and wave of intense cold in N China. Little snow early at Shanghai.

29.—Bright and fine morning, but severe cold (minimum 21° Fahr. Pressure very high. The NW squalls are still very hard.

LYCEUM THEATRE

A. D. C.
182nd Production
A Grand Vaudeville Entertaiment
TONIGHT — 30th December — TONIHGT
Friday and Saturday, 2nd and 3rd January, 1920
at 9.15 p.m. Sharp.
ALL STAR CAST
LOVELY LADIES LOVELY DRESSES
LOVELY MUSIC

A portion of the proceeds will be devoted to the Funds of the United Services Association.

Booking for the above three performances will open at Messrs. MOUTRIE & CO., LTD., Nanking Road on Friday, 19th December, 1919 for Members only, and on Saturday, 20th December, 1919, for the Public.

By Order,
WM. ARMSTRONG,
Business Manager.
26913

Good Things to Eat and Drink

Short Orders a Specialty

THE TROCADERO
4 Astor Road Phone: North 1664

AMUSEMENTS

OLYMPIC THEATRE

NEW PROGRAMME
for
December 30th and 31st.

New Paramount Pictograph

ANITA KING
in
"THE HEIR to the HOORAH"
Five Parts

"THE YOUNGER SISTER"
Comedy.

"BOMBS AND BLENDERS"
Comedy.

On January 1st,
MARY PICKFORD
in
"MISTRESS NELL"

Apollo Theatre

December 30th and 31st

More thrills this week !

"THE VAMPIRES"

with

CHAS DE LA RUE in the leading role as the Journal's crime investigator. Episodes 7th and 8th, entitled:

"THE MAN OF POISON"

in Six reels of Tense Sensations

"A SHANGHAIED JONAH"

A laughable and very interesting comedy.

Booking at Bobinson's.

The Inimitable Comedian
VICTOR MOORE
is to be seen
at the
Victoria Theatre

On December 30th and 31st

IN A PICTURIZATION OF THE WORLD-FAMOUS IRISH-AMERICAN COMEDY

"CHIMMIE FADDEN"

Showing Also

A New Gaumont Graphic and Two Splendid Comedies

Showing On January 1st

GERALDINE FARRAR
in
"Joan the Woman"

ISIS THEATRE

PROGRAMME
for
Tuesday and Wednesday, 30th and 31st December

The Three Final Episodes
"The Hidden Hand"
13th, 14th and 15th Episodes.
Six Parts.
and
Three Chaplin Comedies

From Thursday Next, 1st January
W. D. Griffith's most Colossal Picture, since the "Birth of a Nation"
"INTOLERANCE"
13 Parts.

Matinee and Evening On Thursday, Friday, Saturday and Sunday.
1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th January.

TOWA CINEMA

No. 4 Woochang Road

PROGRAMME
for
December 28th

OUR POPULAR SERIAL
"The Girl from Frisco"
Episodes 23rd and 24th

Japanese Drama

A New L-Co. Comedy

NEW HELEN THEATRE

PROGRAMME
for
Tuesday and Wednesday, 30th and 31st December

The Greatest Vitagraph Serial
"THE SECRET KINGDOM"
9th and 10th Episodes
and
Chaplin and Other Comedies

From Thursday Next, 1st January
"HEART OF THE WORLD"
13 Parts.

CARLTON CAFÉ

New Year's Eve
SPECIAL DINNER
and
GRAND FANCY DRESS BALL
(Fancy Dress and Masks Optional)

Diners have the privilege of tables in the ball room

THREE PRIZES
will be given for
THE MOST ORIGINAL COSTUME—THE MOST PLEASING COSTUME
THE MOST ELABORATE COSTUME
Prizes to be awarded by the majority of votes, everyone receiving a voting ticket

CARLTON CAFÉ

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL

NEW YEAR'S EVE, December 31st, 1919
Special Dinner de Luxe
from 7:30 to 10:00 p.m.
and
Grand Carnival Ball and Supper
commencing at 10 p.m.

Special importation from America of Fancy Hats, Horns, Whistles, Noise makers, Serpentine, Rattles, etc., will be distributed complimentary for this Occasion.

Fancy Dress permitted.

BOOK YOUR TABLE NOW
ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL

Special Programme at the VICTORIA THEATRE

ON THURSDAY, JANUARY 1st.

SHOWING
GERALDINE FARRAR in "JOAN THE WOMAN"